THE WEATHER.
Generally fair Sunday and Monday; light to moderate west winds.

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DESPERATE WAR IS WAGED IN BALKANS

Mighty Conflict Now in Progress North of Town of Saloniki

PEACE SEEMS IMPOSSIBLE

Greek Troops Capture Town of Lahana from Bulgarians—Servians Treat Bulgarian Prisoners in Disgraceful Manner.

Vienna, July 5.—Desperate fighting has been in progress between Bulgarians and Servians since yesterday near Veles (Koprill), according to the Sofia correspondent of the Neu Freie Presse. He says the Bulgarian troops repulsed the Servian southern wing with heavy losses, and expect to occupy Veles shortly.

The same correspondent telegraphs that a great battle extending over an area of 50 miles is in progress north of Saloniki, where 80,000 Greeks are opposed to 100,000 Bulgarians. The result is expected to be a deciding factor in the Greek and Bulgarian campaign.

The strategy of the Bulgarian commanders forced the Greeks to abandon several fortified positions near Saloniki, Langasa Lake and Beshik Lake. The Greeks now are threatened by an outflanking attack by a column of 30,000 Bulgarians advancing from the south of Tahynos Lake.

Lahana Captured

Saloniki, July 5.—Greek troops today captured from the Bulgarians the small town of Lahana, on the railroad from Saloniki to Serres. It is considered the most important position in the vicinity, and the key to Serres 20 miles northeast.

The losses on both sides are considerable.

Turkey's Attitude

Constantinople, July 5.—The Ottoman government has not yet decided what action it will take in view of the Balkan situation, but the opinion prevails here that Turkey will not allow the opportunity to escape of obtaining some material or moral benefit from the clash.

A Disgraceful Incident

London, July 5.—A disgraceful incident marked the arrival at Belgrade today of 1,384 Bulgarian prisoners of war, according to a special dispatch from the Servian capital. The prisoners were marched through the streets in the presence of immense crowds of Servians who closed in, cheering wildly at th rear of wagons loaded with wounded lying three deep, many of them apparently dying. Even this did not stop the mob's outburst. The correspondent adds that peace between the two nations is impossible after this.

Constantinople, July 5.—A semi-official statement declares that the government desires to maintain neutrality. It adds significantly that the conflict between the Balkan allies has aroused excitement in the Turkish army, "which it will be difficult for the government to check if Turkey does not obey just and equitable recognition of her rights."

The opinion is general in influential Turkish quarters that Turkey should take prompt advantage of the present splendid opportunity to recover some of her lost territory.

Vienna, July 5.—Private reports from Belgrade indicate that even Servian official quarters are beginning to efar that the campaign against the Bulgarians is almost hopeless. For Bulgaria the attitude of Rumania constitutes the greatest menace. The Rumanian army has been provisionally mobilized, but the government makes its future attitude dependent upon the negotiations with Bulgaria.

WELSHMEN CELEBRATE

Successful Session of Five Days Closed Last Night

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 5.—Ringing voices of almost a thousand singers brought the International Welsh Eisteddfod to a close tonight, after five days of what the officers declared to be the most successful meeting of Welsh people ever held in the United States. The next meeting will be held in San Francisco in 1915.

An interesting feature of today's programme was the final ceremony in connection with the constitution of the Gorsedd. Robed in the handsome vestments of his office, Rev. Dr. Evan Rees, archdruid of Wales, tied to the arm of each bard who had passed the required examination, the ribbon of his degree.

FIGHT MALARIA.

Society Organized for Study and Prevention of the Disease.

Norfolk, Va., July 5.—With the formation of the Virginia Society of the Study and Prevention of Malaria, the first step in a Nation-wide fight against malaria was begun. The society received notice today that a charter for which it applied would be issued Monday.

Dr. William E. Driver, of this city, president of the society, left today for Washington for a conference with Dr. Craig relative to beginning a campaign to stamp out malaria. The Virginia society will ask the next Legislature to furnish free quinine for the treatment of those suffering from malaria.

DANIELS LEAVES RALEIGH.

Returns to Washington After Business Trip to North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., July 5.—Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels left here for Washington tonight after a visit of two days on matters connected with his newspaper, the News and Observer. On July 10th, with Mrs. Daniels, he starts for the West on a tour of inspection of the naval stations on the Pacific coast.

TARIFF FORCES BALKED AGAIN

Attempt to Align Senate Democrats in Solid Support of the Underwood-Simmons Bill—The Unit Rule Debated

Washington, July 5.—Administration tariff forces are facing another important fight in their attempt to align Senate Democrats in solid support of the Underwood-Simmons bill. The Democratic caucus spent two hours today debating the question of a unit rule, to bind all party members to support the bill and to vote down all hostile amendments in the Senate.

Strong opposition from Senators opposed to free sugar and wool prevented action on the binding pledge today. With only 31 Senators present out of a total Democratic membership of 51, the leaders hesitated to force an issue today, and the caucus adjourned until 4 P. M. Monday.

Telegrams were hurried out tonight to all absent Democrats calling them to Washington for Monday's meeting. The fight against the binding pledge developed more strength today than the leaders expected. Chairman Simmons, however, is confident that the caucus Monday will adopt the unit rule by a safe majority, pledging all Democrats, except those who have made other pledges, to their constituents or who withdrew from the caucus to support the bill in its entirety.

Practically all other features of the bill have been completed.

The caucus decided finally today that the bill shall go into effect immediately, with the exception of those schedules where other effective dates are fixed.

BURN CHURCHES IN WALES

Fourth Case of Sacrelige in a Week—Suffragettes Suspected

London, July 5.—A Methodist chapel in the Welsh sea coast town of Pwllheli, the construction of which recently cost $40,000, was destroyed by fire today, and an attempt was made also to burn down the Baptist Tabernacle in the same town. This is the fourth case of sacrelige in Northern Wales in a week. As usual when an incendiary fire occurs nowadays the militant suffragettes are suspected by the authorities. However, no evidence was found to incriminate them.

Another supposed attempt by militant suffragettes to commit an outrage occurred at Bolton, Lancashire, this morning. The caretaker of the new town hall, which cost $150,000, discovered a parcel containing explosives in the letter box. A fuse, which was attached, had been lighted, but had gone out.

Miss Annie Kenney and Miss Rachael Barrett, the first of whom was undergoing 18 months' imprisonment, and the second nine months' imprisonment for committing malicious damage to property, were released from jail again today, suffering from effects of a "hunger and thirst strike." Miss Kenney is reported to be very ill.

GOVERNOR RESENTS REPORTS

Virginia Executive Strongly Opposes Proposed Celebration

Richmond, Va., July 5.—In a statement today Governor Mann strongly resented the published reports that he had advocated a grand reunion of the armies of the North and the South in Richmond in 1915, on the 50th anniversary of the evacuation of the Confederate capital.

"There is absolutely no foindation for the statement that I advocated such a reunion," said Governor Mann. "The friendly gathering of American citizens who were soldiers in both armies on the field of Gettysburg was a very different thing from the proposed celebration of the passing and fall of the Confederacy. I participated with pleasure and pride in the celebration this week at Gettysburg, but any reunion to commemorate the fall and burning of Richmond would be woefully inappropriate."

The suggestion on the part of Richmond merchants some months ago that a big celebration be held here in 1915 was abanadoned after it had been bitterly opposed by Confederate organizations and citizens.

INVADE PACIFIC COAST

Directors of Chamber of Commerce of U. S. on Tour

Chicago, July 5.—Preparatory to an invasion of the Pacific coast, directors of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States came here today from all points of the East, South and Middle West. The first stop of the tour will be made tomorrow at Omaha.

A closer acquaintance with Western business interests is sought by the organization. Practically every important center in the far West will be visited.

SUPPORT WITHDRAWN

from Arkansas National Guard by Federal Government

Little Rock, Ark., June 5.—Governor J. M. Futrell today announced that Secretary of War Garrison had withdrawn the financial support of the Federal government from the Arkansas National Guard.

The secretary's letter, the Governor said, declared this action was not taken because the last Legislature had failed to appropriate $25,000 for maintenance but because in a few years about $115,000 worth of Federal equipment has been lost through the negligence of the State officials.

CATHOLIC CHURCH BURNED

Oldest in Montreal—Contained Valuable Paintings

Montreal, July 5.—The historic Roman Catholic church of St. Charles, was burned to the ground this afternoon. The church was one of the oldest in the city and contained several valuable paintings. The loss is about $500,000.

Our best advertisements are never printed—they are those neat, satisfying eye glasses your friends year. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free.
(advertisement.)

PRESIDENT VISITS HIS SUMMER HOME

At Cornish Seeking Diversion and Rest from the Official Duties

HIS ARRIVAL INCONSPICUOUS

Wilson Sees Harlakenden House for the First Time—Will Take Complete Rest and "Loaf" for a Time.

Cornish, N. H., July 5.—President Wilson, always fond of simplicity and seclusion, when seeking rest and diversion from official duties, found in his Summer home, which he saw for the first time today, the extreme of isolation and quiet. Arriving at noon at Harlakenden House, which has been leased for two years as a Summer camp, the President saw nobody, in fact, but members of his family. No one got inside the big gate, a quarter of a mile from the house to catch a glimpse of the President. The evening was spent at home in the shadows of oil lamp and candles, for there are no electric lights in Cornish.

The President's arrival was inconspicuous and attracted little attention. Windsor, Vt., the nearest town of any size, to Cornish, contributed a handful of its 2,000 people to greet the President. Except for a single cheer there was no demonstration.

Along the way some of the natives waived a flag and occasionally an apron fluttered, but the ascent of three and a half miles to Harlakenden House was uneventful.

The secret service operatives, grouped in a car behind, trailed along with difficulty as the President's machine ploughed through the loose sand and left in its wake an atmosphere thick with clouds of dust. The weather was hot and sultry most of the day, but cooled somewhat toward evening.

The President was taken on a sightseeing tour of his home by Mrs. Wilson immediately on his arrival. He stepped out to the portico that fronts on the Connecticut river. Looking down, he saw a mossy banked stream, shallow and filled with logs and debris. The President took a nap in the afternoon and a short motor ride before dinner.

Miss Jessie Wilson returned tonight with her fiancee, Francis Bowes Sayre. They had been visiting in Pennsylvania, and had spent the day at Williamston, Mass. The family circle was not complete as Miss Margaret Wilson, the eldest daughter is visiting near Madison, Wis., at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jose Davies.

The President brought with him only his physician, Dr. Cary T. Grayson, leaving behind all secretaries and stenographers. He said he expected to do no work, but would "loaf." He denied himself to the correspondents, saying that if anything of importance developed at Washington requiring comment from him he would be there at once and become fully advised of the situation.

On Monday he probably will play golf. His schedule calls for his departure on Tuesday, but there is a possibility that his stay may be lengthened if legislative affairs in Washington are not pressing.

GOLD MINERS STRIKE

Anarchy Reigned During Brief Existence of Disturbances

Johannesburg, July 5.—The strike which involved practically all the gold mines on the Rand ended tonight. During its brief existence anarchy reigned in the city, there was much bloodshed, and the casualties are estimated at more than 100. The authorities were finally compelled to declare martial law, and during several hours today the troops raked the streets with rifle fire. The negotiations, which brought about the settlement were opened this afternoon and brought to a successful conclusion, after several hours' discussion the strike leaders agreeing to the terms proposed.

Before a settlement was reached, there occurred the fiercest and most sanguinary conflicts btween the police and the troops and the mobs that had yet taken place. Some of the principal streets were the scene of sharp engagements. Ambulances were kept busy, for the soldiers aimed to kill. Within a comparatively short time and in a comparatively small area, about 60 rioters were killed or wounded. The fighting in other quarters swelled the casualty list, it is believed to considerably over a hundred.

BRYAN TO SPEAK

Will Go to Asheville at Opening of Million Dollar Hotel

Asheville, N. C., July 5.—Accepting an invitation to deliver the principal address at the opening of the new million dollar hotel, the "Grove Park Inn," erected here by the Grove estate, William Jennings Bryan, Secretary of State, wired tonight he would arrive in Asheville Saturday, July 12th, the date of the opening. Senator Luke Lea, of Tennessee, will follow Secretary Bryan with a speech on the date named.

The Secretary of State will be introduced by Governor Locke Craig. On Sunday, July 13th, Secretary Bryan will speak at Hendersonville.

TROOPS SENT TO MONCLOVA

Dispatched by Special Train from Piedras Negras

Eagle Pass, Texas, July 5.—A special train carrying all the soldiers and arms that could be spared from Piedras Negras, the Carranza headquarters opposite here, was this afternoon hurriedly sent toward Monclova, Mexico. The Constitutionalists preserve absolute silence about the movement. Both Federals and Constitutionalists have been reported concentrating in that direction for several days.

NATIONAL FLAGS DESECRATED

American Flag Trampled in British Parade at Winnipeg—Mexican Flag Hauled Down at Tucson

Washington, July 5.—Two incidents involving desecrations of National flags which marked celebrations yesterday are expected to form the subject of complaints to the State Department, though so far nothing has been heard from them.

The affair at Winnipeg, Man., involving the trampling of an American flag at a British parade, probably cannot be made the basis of an official protest because the international law does not guarantee protection of flags of a foreign country except where they are displayed over official buildings.

In the Tucson, Ariz., incident, however, where the flag over the Mexican consulate was torn down, the State Department probably will feel obliged to request the local authorities to make a proper apology and amends to the Mexican consul if that can be done without involving any official recognition of the Huerta government which appears to be the great apprehension of the State Department at this juncture.

Tucson, Ariz., July 5.—The hauling down yesterday of the Mexican flag flying over the consulate of Alejandro Ainslie was made today the subject of report to the Mexican embassy at Washington. Consul Ainslie also made a formal protest to Mayor Huffman. Prominent Mexican residents here are formulating a protest to be sent to the State Department at Washington.

On the morning of the Fourth the Mexican flag was removed and the American banner hoisted in its place. It was said today that small boys made the exchange encouraged by men. The consul asked the civil authorities that the miscreants be punished.

Winnipeg, Man., July 5.—An American flag was trampled in the mud and torn, and an American who waved it was slightly injured and also rolled in the mud at Moose Jaw, Sask., late last night, according to word received here today.

The American, whose name was not ascertained, scarcely had unfurled the flag on a lamp post in the main street, when he was set upon by a crowd which tore the flag from him, hurled it into the street and then threw him into the mud. He was rescued by the police.

Earlier in the evening, 50 Americans, attempting to parade the streets with waving flags, were turned back to the hotel where they were celebrating, by the police, who feared rioting.

Remove Paraguay Ensign

San Francisco, July 5.—The National ensign of Paraguay was cut from its staff on the roof of the residence of Estorjie Calderon, consul general for Paraguay, during his absence yesterday.

Consul Calderon had been surprised earlier in the day by a visit from two men who demanded that the flag be lowered.

"Foreign flags don't go on the Fourth of July," they said.

Later a house maid heard a noise on the roof and saw a man hurrying away with the flag.

DANCE AT MOREHEAD CITY.

Fourth of July Ball Brilliant Affair. A Near Accident.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Morehead City, N. C., July 5.—The Fourth of July ball was one of the most brilliant and successful germans ever pulled off at this grand old hostelry. The smooth surface of the beautiful and spacious dance hall was crowded with the fairest flowers of the old North State's society. One hundred and eighty-five couples, the ladies gowned in robes of magnificent splendor, made up the personnel of the german, and to the strains of superb music the happy dancers tripped through dance after dance until long past midnight. The dance tonight will be a close second to that of last night, and will be equally enjoyed. The hotel is crowded, there being 425 guests.

The fishing season is at its height and many good catches are reported. Taken all in all, this season bids fair to be one of the most successful of recent years and a great part of the credit is due to the capable management of Messrs. Bland and Cheery.

What came near being a very serious, if not fatal accident, took place this evening when Dr. W. E. Headen, while grabbing for his hat momentarily lost control of his machine and ran into a telephone pole, smashing the fender and bending an axle. The car was running about 25 miles an hour and Mr. Joe Hales was another occupant. Fortunately, neither were hurt, which was a miracle.

GOVERNOR CLARK IMPROVED

Iowa Executive Ill, After Return from Gettysburg.

Des Moines, Ia., July 5.—Governor George W. Clark was taken to a local hospital today suffering from an infection of the kidney. The Governor became ill shortly after reaching his office this morning. His doctors later announced the Governor's condition was satisfactory.

Governor Clark returned from Gettysburg Thursday night.

OUTLINES

President Wilson is at Cornish, N. H., his Summer home, where he is seeking rest and diversion from official duties.

Desperate warfare is being waged in the Balkans, and peace within the near future is now considered impossible, according to press dispatches.

Secretary Bryan has accepted an invitation to visit Asheville, N. C., on the occasion of the opening of the million dollar hotel, The Grove Park Inn.

Forty-one persons were killed in a variety of accidents which occurred on Fourth of July, according to dispatches from different points throughout the country.

In attempting to align Senate Democrats in solid support of the Underwood-Simmons bill, the administration tariff forces are facing another important fight.

WOULD INSTITUTE SEPARATE INQUIRY

House Will Probably Investigate Lobby on Its Own Account

SESSION OF SPIRITED DEBATE

Sentiment Seems Unanimous for Broadening Scope of Investigation—Provision for Employment of Counsel.

Washington, July 5.—The House wrestled several hours today with a proposal for a lobby investigation on its own account, and finally deferred a vote until Wednesday.

Although debate had been "limited to one hour," it raged throughout the entire sitting, and ignoring warnings of Republican leader Mann to "get down to business," adjournment was forced on lack of a quorum.

Apparently sentiment was almost unanimous for an investigation. A resolution from the Rules committee comprised not only an investigation by a committee of seven of Martin M. Mulhall's charges that Congressmen had been influenced by the lobby of the National Association of Manufacturers, but a probe of the whole "lobby" situation. Before the House adjourned all amendments accepted had been to broaden the scope. The House investigation will probably be distinct from that of the Senate.

The most noteworthy feature was the elimination of a provision for the employment of counsel by the House committee. Representative Levy, of New York, opposed to the investigation, suggested the possibility that Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the "money trust" committee might be contemplated. Representative Henry, of Texas, defended Untermyer and lauded his work, adding that he had no idea who was contemplated as counsel for the lobby inquiry. Finally the provision for counsel was dropped. Henry, next Wednesday, will renew the fight for employment of counsel.

An unsuccessful effort was made to limit the time for report of the committee to September 1st, next, and an amendment was still pending to specifically require all hearings to be open.

Representative Kelly, of Pennsylvania, progressive, reported the resolution, saying the question to be whether "this government instead of being by and for the people has been changed into one by and for dishonest big business."

Representative Levy, of New York, made a vigorous speech opposing the investigation.

"We have had enough investigation," he said. "They have caused unrest and depression in the business world and have caused the depreciation of a billion dollars in securities. The money trust investigation caused the death of one of the greatest merchants and greatest benefactors in this country." He contended no investigation was necessary to vindicate the integrity of the House.

Republican Leader Mann declared he had never met a lobbyist in 16 years in the House. He urged the investigation, however.

"I am convinced from my experence in the House," he said, "that there are no corrupt men on the floor, but there is a plentiful supply of cowards. I believe men on this floor are not influenced by the work of lobbyists, but that they are influenced by the fear of what effect their actions may have in their own districts."

There was a running fire of speeches almost all of them in favor of the investigation.

Senators Reed and Walsh, after an examination of the mass of Mulhall letters, telegrams and expense accounts, secured from Martin Mulhall under the subpoena recently issued by the Senate lobby committee, have determined to introduce all of the papers as testimony before the committee next week.

Every opportunity would be given the House to examine the letters.

IS NOT HEREDITARY.

Tuberculosis is Infectious Only and is Not Inherited.

Paris, July 5.—The general belief that tuberculosis is hereditary is declared to be erroneous by Dr. Calmette, director of the Lille Pasteur Institute. The doctor has submitted statistics to the Paris faculty of sciences, compiled from the examination of 4,000 subjects, which he believes prove conclusively that the real cause of tuberculosis is infection, and continued reinfection, coming after birth.

Of all the children less than one year of age which Dr. Calmette examined, only 9 per cent were found to be contaminated with tuberculosis. After that age the percentage increased rapidly. Between one and two years of age 22 per cent of the subjects proved contaminated; between two and five, 53 per cent; between five and 15, 90 per cent; and 91 per cent to 97 per cent over 15 years of age.

The reason tuberculosis is more prevalent in cities, says Dr. Calmette, is because the danger of repeated reinfection is greater. He estimates that 91 per cent of the inhabitants of Paris carry tuberculosis bacillit in their blood, and although they cannot really be called consumptive, yet these people are all capable of spreading infection.

CLEARING HOUSE STATEMENT.

Review of Condition of Banks and Trust Companies.

New York, July 5.—The statement of the actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week (five days) shows that they hold $19,956,200 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is a decrease of $15,316,050 from last week.

DORTCH, BAILEY AND WINSTON

Three Big Democrats Slated for District Attorney, Collector and Marshal in Eastern Carolina District.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., July 5.—The three big Federal jobs for Eastern North Carolina, district attorney, United States marshal, and collector of internal revenue, it is rumored here tonight, will be distributed among ex-Judge Frank D. Winston, of Windsor; Col. W. T. Dortch, of Goldsboro, and Josiah W. Bailey, Esq., of Raleigh.

Just how they will be divided is not certain, but it is a safe guess to say that the above named gentlemen will be taken care of. The present slate seems to indicate that Bailey will be given the collectorship; Dortch will be made United States marshal, and Winston appointed district attorney.

There is reason to believe that Joe Tayloe, of Washington, who has been figured as a winner for one of the above named jobs, is out of the running, but it is proposed to take care of Tayloe and he may be offered the clerkship to the Senate Finance Committee, a place which pays $3,000 per year.

Harry Stubbs, of Williamston, stands a good chance to land the assistant district attorneyship for the East.

It is pretty well settled now that the assistant district attorney in the Western district will be Clyde R. Hoey, of Shelby, well known attorney and former editor of the Cleveland Star. The appointment is expected to be made early next week, probably Monday. It is reported that Judge Coble, of Statesville, the incumbent, has resigned.

BANKERS THIS WEEK.

State Association Convenes in Asheville Tuesday.

Asheville, N. C., July 5.—The North Carolina Bankers' Association will convene in this city in 17th annual session next Tuesday, the 8th, for a three-day meeting. An elaborate programme has been arranged by Secretary W. A. Hunt, of Henderson.

The first session will be called to order Tuesday evening by President Leake S. Covington, of Rockingham. Mayor J. E. Rankin will deliver the address of welcome on behalf of the city, while President L. L. Jenkins will speak on behalf of the bankers of the city. Mr. Joseph B. Ramsey, of Rocky Mount, will respond. A reception and dance will conclude the evening in the ball room of Battery Park Hotel.

Wednesday morning Mr. J. B. Blade, of Newbern, will make a report on the meeting of the American Bankers' Association recently held in Detroit, and standing committees will make reports. A feature of the convention will be an address by Dr. Bradford Knapp, of the Department of Agriculture, Washington, on the subject, "A Better Agriculture, Helped by a Better Business." Another notable address for the morning session will be delivered by James J. Britt, Esq., former Third Assistant Postmaster General, who will speak on the subject, "The One Cent Letter Postage—Is It Feasible and Desirable?" Wednesday afternoon the bankers will be taken for a tour over the Vanderbilt estate of Biltmore.

Thursday morning's session will be given over to the consideration of new business, the reports of the committees, the hearing of motions and resolutions, the election and installation of officers. Following the transaction of this business, the agricultural conference will be held. This conference is called to consider plans for farm financing and development and the Bankers' Associations of various Southern States have appointed delegates to represent them at this meeting. Senator Fletcher, of Florida; B. F. Harris, of Illinois; Charles Hall Davis, of Virginia, and Joseph G. Brown, of Raleigh, will address the conference and it is expected that all of the bankers in attendance upon the convention will participate in this gathering.

Thursday evening, the financiers will be the guests of honor at a banquet which will be tendered by local bankers, this spread marking the close of the convention.

FOURTH OF JULY FATALITIES.

Forty-one Persons Killed on Day of Celebration.

New York, July 5.—While the movement for safety and sanity in the celebration of the Fourth of July worked wonders in the reduction of the number of victims of gunpowder, dispatches from a score of different points throughout the country, as noted here, account for 41 persons killed in a variety of other accidents incident to the outpouring of the holiday crowds.

Twenty-eight persons were drowned, five persons were killed in automobile accidents, five in a single train accident, and two killed in aeronautic sports. This count, being made from the comparatively few reports of minor tragedies filtering through the crush of holiday news outnumbers more than twice the gunpowder accidents of the day.

The list of drowning accidents, known definitely to be as many as 28, is probably far from the correct total. Such tragedies are so frequent that unless two or more are victims at a time, the accidents are not reported. In this city and vicinity alone there were ten drownings yesterday, and the New England district reported five. There were six in the Ohio river at Louisville, three at LaCrosse, Wis., three at Pittsburg, and one at Buffalo.

Incidental to the day there were also five persons killed by lightning, one variety of holiday tragedies that the safe and sane movement is unable to reach.

AMATEUR GOLF.

Championship of France Won by an Englishman.

La Boulc, France, July 5.—Lord Charles Hope, of England, won the amateur golf championship of France today by beating E. A. Lassen, a former British amateur champion, at the 37th hole.

CLOSING SCENES AT GRAND REUNION

Anniversary Celebration at Gettysburg Battlefield Practically Ended

CAMP NOW ALMOST DESERTED

Veterans Leaving on Every Train—Army Officers Have Farewell Banquet—Erection of Peace Monument Urged.

Gettysburg, Pa., July 5.—A great reunion of the Blue and the Gray commemorating the 50th anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg, practically came to an end today, although the camp where more than 50,000 old soldiers were cared for during the week will not close officially until tomorrow.

All day long veterans walked over the dusty roads and streets to the railroad stations in the camp and in the town of Gettysburg and stood or sat under the rays of a scorching sun while the trains to take them away were being prepared.

There were no flying banners, blaring bands or marching columns. The veterans came to the stations and waited patiently for the announcer with his big megaphone to tell them their trains were made up. Usually about 12 coaches constituted a train, and the railroad people faced the biggest problem of the week in getting loaded trains away.

It was the sultriest and most uncomfortable day of the week. One old soldier in gray from North Carolina dropped dead in the crowd at the town station of one of the railroads. He was H. H. Hodges, of Union Hill, N. C. Hodges' death brought the total casualties in camp to nine.

Tonight the camp was practically deserted. The electric lights in the 62 streets in the camp were burning brightly, but the streets themselves were deserted, save for the hurrying back and forth of soldiers and workmen who have already begun the task of dismantling the camp. Two months will elapse before the ground on which the camp was pitched will have been restored to its original condition, fences rebuilt and roads made over.

Tonight the army officers, after a week of the hardest sort of work, made merry at a dinner in the big mess tent which they have used jointly with the newspaper correspondents. Gen. Liggett presided and all officers present were felicited over the wonderful success of what has been described as an army camp that will stand as a model for all the countries of the world for years to come.

When the week's programme for the celebration was tentatively laid out some time ago, it was arranged that the final feature of the reunion should be the laying of a corner stone of a great peace memorial on the battlefield, but the plan for the monument fell through. Today Col. Andrew Cowan, of Louisville, Ky., who was a captain of the First New York battery in the battle of Gettysburg, revived the plan, and as a result of a meeting of which he presided, a committee went to Washington with a view to securing the introduction in Congress of a bill providing for the erection of a peace monument, and the appropriation of $1,000,000.

In addressing the gathering, Col. Cowan said:

"It is hard to control my emotions when I recall this battlefield 50 years ago. Pickett's brave men were in full retreat and we were holding the ground in the Angle. Beyond the Emittsburg Road was thickly strewn with their dead and wounded and our own.

"Over near Cemetery Ridge stands today an equestrian statue of Gen. George Meade, the commander of the Army of the Patomac, facing Seminary Ridge. Does he look for the Peerless leader of the Southern army?

"Gen. Robert E. Lee's life-like statue, mounted on his famous war horse 'Traveler' will soon be placed on the pedestal already reared by Virginia on Seminary Ridge to receive it. The forms of the two great commanders on the battlefield of Gettysburg will then stand facing each other while time endures. Behind us a little way, at the clump of trees is a monument which marks the high tide of the war on this field. This grand celebration of the 50th anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg marks a high tide of peace between the North and South, which shall never recede while Americans love liberty and the Union.

"The cornerstone of a monument will be laid on Put-in-Bay Island in commemoration of the centennial of Perry's victory over the British fleet on Lake Erie.

"Such monuments posses an educational value which cannot be measured by what they cost. They teach the young Americans to believe that we can have no fears for the future of our country.

"Should not a peace monument be raised on this battlefield of Gettysburg; a monument in commemoration of this union between the soldiers who fought for different principles and fought bravely from 1861 to 1865 by and through which has been forever established that this Nation under God shall not perish?

"We should highly resolve to do all that in us lies to influence the Congress and the States to erect a peace monument which shall be higher and grander than another here or hereafter erected on the battlefield of Gettysburg."

Moving Pictures at Lumina.

Tomorrow night. Pictures will be exhibited on the beach in front of Lumina. Subject, "Electrical Education of Mr. and Mrs. Thrifty." Exhibition begins at 8:45 P. M.
(advertisement.)

HOW GREAT MEN PLAY THE GAME -:- By Scar

HIS STYLE OF BATTING IS ONE ALL HIS OWN - HE JUST SPREADS HIMSELF AND TAKES A LONG WIDE SWING AT ANYTHING THAT COMES OVER
ONE OF HIS GREAT "GOAT GETTING" STUNTS IS SLIDING TO THE BASES WITH HIS FEET HIGH IN THE AIR
SCAR ©BY 1913
HONUS WAGNER SHORTSTOP PITTSBURGH NAT.
ON A DEEP PLAY TO MAKE SURE OF HIS MAN HE FIELDS THE BALL WITH HIS BARE HAND
HE HAS NO PARTICULAR WAY OF HOLDING HIS BAT, HE JUST GRABS IT ANY OLD PLACE
AND DID YOU EVER NOTICE ? — THE BIG GERMAN GOING DOWN THE BASE LINES FROM THIS ANGLE

GIANTS PUT ACROSS ANOTHER

Won Third Straight from Dodgers Yesterday—Rain Saves Phillies —Cubs Defeated Reds—No Game at Pittsburgh

The Giants continue their upward climb, notwithstanding the fact that McGraw has been suspended, winning the third straight game from the Brooklyn Dodgers yesterday, making 11 straights that the McGraw men have won. The two Fishers, of the Brooklyn team, or rather Fischer and Fisher, were both injured and retired from the game. Mathewson allowed 12 singles, but kept them conveniently scattered with the exception of the seventh inning when the locals put two runs across.

Rain kept the Boston Braves from administering a defeat to the Phillies in the third game of the series. After the game had gone four and a half innings, Bosting having had five innings, the rain temporarily halted it and finally postponed it entirely, the score being four to nothing in favor of the Braves.

The Cubs bunched hits behind errors and passes and won from Cincinnati 12 to 6. Heinie Zimmerman, the "Bronx Beauty," of the Cubs, had his foot wrenched in sliding.

Giants Still There

Brooklyn, July 5.—Brooklyn out hit New York two to one today but lost their third game in a row to the Giants. Mathewson kept the 12 singles well scattered except in the seventh. The score was 3 to 2. Snodgrass protested a decision and was put out of the game. Fischcher had his thumb smashed by a foul tip and Shortstop Fisher injured his leg sliding into first base on an infield hit.

New York . . .000 003 000—3 6 0
Brooklyn . . .000 000 200—2 12 0

Mathewson and Meyers; Ragan, Stack and W. Fisher, Heckinger. Time 1:35. Umpires, Rigler and Byron.

Rain Blasts Braves' Hopes

Philadelphia, July 5.—A heavy thunder storm doubtless preventing the Boston team from winning today's game from Philadelphia. With the score 4 to 0 in favor of the visitors rain fell in torrents as Boseon finished the first half of the fifth inning and the game was called. The rain continued and the game was later declared off. Boston made all her runs in the first inning on five hits, a base on balls and a stolen base. The batteries were Chalmers and Killifer for Philadelphia, and Hess and Rariden for Boston.

Cubs Again Winners

Chicago, July 5.—Chicago bunched hits behind bases on balls and errors today and defeated Cincinnati here 12 to 6. Harter was so wild that he was relieved by Johnson, who was easy for the locals. Humphries was in fine form and after Chicago had taken a big lead, he eased up. Zimmerman, of Chicago, wrenched his foot slightly.

Cincinnati . . .000 200 310— 6 9 3
Chicago . . . .002 701 02x—12 14 2

Harter, Johnson and Clarke-, Blackburne; Humphries and Bresnahan. Time 2:25. Umpires, Brennan and Eason.

TEACHEY'S COPS THE GAME

Put It Over Burgaw in Rapid Exhibition Nine to Eight

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Teachey's, N. C., July 5.—Teachey's defeated Burgaw in the Fourth of July game 9 to 8. It was the most interesting exhibition of the National sport of the season, withal was fast. Hatcher, for the locals, was on the mound again in the last half of the session and held the visitors almost helpless, while Dawson, for Burgaw, pitched fine ball. In only one inning was he hit hard. Batteries: Dawson and Horn, for Burgaw; Hatcher and Turner, for Teachey's. Umpire, Hussey. Attendance, 500.

EVERGLADE CAFE

Open Day and Night.
"Look for the Name"—At Street Car Junction.

REGULAR MEALS:

Dinner . . . . . 35 cents
Supper or breakfast . . . . . 25 cents

All sea foods carried. All other things in season. Largest and most up-to-date cafe in city.

SHEPARD BROTHERS, Proprietors.
Phone 150 13 Princess St.

∴ STANDING OF THE TEAMS ∴

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	53	18	.746
Cleveland	46	29	.613
Washington	41	33	.554
Chicago	42	34	.553
Boston	35	35	.500
St. Louis	30	50	.375
Detroit	30	48	.385
New York	20	50	.286

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	46	23	.667
Philadelphia	40	25	.615
Chicago	39	33	.542
Brooklyn	35	32	.522
Pittsburgh	31	38	.449
St. Louis	30	39	.435
Boston	28	40	.412
Cincinnati	27	45	.375

RESULTS YESTERDAY

At Cleveland 5; Chicago 5; (7 innings, rain.)
At Boston 6; Philadelphia 7.
At New York-Washington, rain.
At St. Louis 5; Detroit 7.

At Philadelphia 0; Boston 4; (4 1-2 innings, No game.)
At Brooklyn 2; New York 3.
At Pittsburg 2; St. Louis 0 (1-2 inning, no game.)
At Chicago 11; Cincinnati 6.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

Detroit at St. Louis.
Chicago at Cleveland.

St. Louis at Chicago.
Pittsburg at Cincinnati.

IN THE MINORS

South Atlantic League

At Savannah 5; Charleston 1.
At Jacksonville 3; Macon 2.
At Albany 0; Columbus 2.

Southern League

At Birmingham 3; Mobile 8.
At Atlanta 7; New Orleans 6.
At Chattanooga 2; Memphis 4.
2nd: Chattanooga 11; Memphis 5.
At Nashville 2; Montgomery 7.

Virginia League

At Richmond 1; Petersburg 0.
At Norfolk 7; Portsmouth 1.
At Roanoke 5; Newport News 0.

Appalachian League

At Knoxville 7; Middlesboro 2.
At Johnson City 7; Bristol 6.

American Association

At Minneapolis 7; St. Paul 2.
At Louisville 2; Toledo 6.
At Columbus 8; Indianapolis 11.
At Kansas City 6; Milwaukee 5.

International League

At Baltimore 2; Providence 0. (Called end 8th to allow teams to catch train.)
At Jersey City 3; Newark 10.
At Buffalo 3; Toronto 0.
At Rochester 2; Montreal 5. (14 innings.)

M'DONALD DEMON BATTER

Leads National League 80 Points—Cobb Coming Up

Chicago, July 5.—C. McDonald, the Boston Nationals' star hitter, has hammered his batting average to the high point of .432, according to unofficial figures published today. McDonald's lead is now practically 80 points over his nearest rival. Only six of his 38 hits so far have been for extra bases—three triples and three doubles. Crandall, of New York, is next in the National with .353; Cravath, of Philadelphia, has .346, and Hyatt, of Pittsburgh, .341.

Cobb is slowly gaining on Jackson for the leadership in the American League. Jackson has an average of .404 and is about to make the first century in either league, for his hits up to date, the figures for the week showing he has made 97 hits. Cobb's average is .397.

Tris Speaker, who like Jackson and Cobb, is a Southerner, ranks third in the American with .371. E. Collins, of Philadelphia, is fourth with .357.

OLYMPIC CHAMPION

Breaks World's Short-distance Swimming Record

San Francisco, July 5.—Duke Kanahamoku, the Olympic champion, proved today that he is the greatest short-distance swimmer the world has ever seen. Entered from the Huinalu Club of the Hawaiian Islands, in the Pacific coast championships of the A. A. U., he broke all records in the 100 and 75-yard dashes.

For the 100 yards his time was 54 3-4 seconds. Daniels, of New York, held the previous record of 54 4-5.

MARATHON RACE.

Elza Hancock Wins in Contest From Albany to Sylvester.

Albany, Ga., July 5.—Elsa Hancock, of Worth county, Georgia, today won the second annual Albany to Sylvester Marathon run, a distance of 19.1 miles. His time was 2:25:22. The winner today finished second in last year's run. But four of the ten men who started the race finished the distance.

CAROLINA LEAGUE

Results Yesterday

At Greensboro 5; Winston 3.
At Asheville 6; Charlotte 1.
2nd: Asheville 3; Charlotte 1.
At Durham 1; Raleigh 3.

Standing of the Teams

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Winston	34	26	.567
Asheville	32	28	.533
Durham	33	29	.532
Raleigh	33	29	.532
Charlotte	27	33	.450
Greensboro	24	38	.387

WITH THE MOVIES

The popular Bijou was certainly the great mecca for both old and young yesterday, playing to capacity business and calling for big tributes from the large audiences. A feast of the best things, in both film and music lines, has been prepared for tomorrow and will be served-up in brilliant fashion. The films will come direct from the factory, thereby assuring the very latest, and they were picked by experts, thereby getting the very best. It is only necessary to mention that the big film list tomorrow includes such film triumphs as "The Heart of An Actress," which is a wonderful story of the stage, something ever fascinating, and Lubin's "Pedro's Treachery," which is a dramatic film with a grip and plenty of thrills. And the price is only 5 cents.

The Grand Tomorrow.

All is in readiness at the handsome Grand Theatre for the start of the new week tomorrow, when one of the best bills of the season will be offered. There will also be the Grand's solid comfort, which the people of Wilmington have learned to appreciate and never fail to take advantage of. Tomorrow's bill was especially selected and it will represent what is latest and best in both the dramatic and the comedy lines, as follows: A Selig, "The Food Choppers' War", a comedy drama showing how one shrewd couple were able to marry. Edison's great picture, "A Race to New York," being the 11th story of what happened to Mary, produced in collaboration with the "Ladies' World." Vitagraph's master comedy, "Bingles Mends the Clock," a laugh with every turn of the hand.

WALLACE TOOK THE GAME

Defeated Teachey's 14 to 4—Seven Runs in the Ninth

(Special Star Telegram.)

Wallace, N. C., July 5.—A very interesting game was played on the Teachey's diamond this afternoon between Teachey's and Wallace, resulting in a victory for the latter 14 to 4. The game was very interesting until the ninth inning when Wallace bunched hits and scored seven runs. The features of the game for Teachey's was the fielding of Geddy and Jones, and th all-round batting of the Wallace team.

Wallace 14 17 3
Teachey's 4 7 5

Two pairs of glasses are a bother when one is all that is needed. Toric Kryptoks solve the question. Let us show them to you. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. (advertisement.)

ATHLETICS NEVER HOLD UP

Won Again from World Champion Red Sox Yesterday—Naps and White Sox Tied—Detroit Tigers Won Their Game

The American League leaders continued the process of killing all interest in the race by winning again yesterday from the Boston Red Sox, score 7 to 6. The locals led by one run until the seventh, in which inning the Athletics scored five runs on a momentary wavering of Leonard's control. The batting of Hooper was again a feature of the game.

The Cleveland Naps rallied in the seventh inning and tied the score in yesterday's game with Chicago, immediately after which the rain came down in torrents and stopped the game. All of Chicago's runs were scored in one inning, the fourth.

The Detroit Tigers won from the St. Louis Browns in the third game of the series, the score being 7 to 5.

Athletics, Of Course!

Boston, July 5.—Five runs which Philadelphia scored in the seventh inning today when Leonard's control wavered, gave the league leaders the game 7 to 6. Hooper's hitting was again a feature. The seventh inning was also a bad one for Bush, the visitors' first pitcher, and he was relieved by Bender.

Philadelphia . .002 000 500—7 9 3
Boston . . . . .100 011 300—6 10 3

Bush, Bender and Schang; Leonard, Hall and Carrigan. Thomas. Time 2:18. Umpires, McGreevy and Connolly.

Rain Came When Naps Tied

Cleveland, July 5.—Just before today's game was stopped by rain in the seventh inning Cleveland tied the score and the game ended 5 to 5. Cullop, southpaw recruit, was driven from the box in the fourth inning, being replaced by Kahler. Off these two pitchers, Chicago scored five runs in the fourth. Scott was hit freely.

Cleveland . . . . .110 200 1—5 13 0
Chicago . . . . . .000 500 0—5 5 2

Cullop, Kahler, Mitchell and O'Neil; Scott and Kuhn. Time 1:30. Umpires, Evans and Sheridan.

Tigers Were Winners

St. Louis, July 5.—Hall pitched a steady game while his teammates hit Weilman hard and opportunely, Detroit winning the opening game of the series with St. Louis by 7 to 5. The batting of High and Stanage and Lavane's fielding featured.

Detroit . . . . . .010 303 000—7 12 1
St. Louis . . . . . .300 100 001—5 8 1

Hall and Stanage; Weilman, Allison and Agnew. Time 2:00. Umpires, O'Loughlin and Hildebrand.

CITY LEAGUE BASEBALL

Company B and Rattlers Winners in Fast Games Yesterday

Company B won over the Giants yesterday in the first game of the City League series by the score of 2 to 1. As the score indicates the game was close and exciting, both pitchers doing star work while many pretty fielding plays were made by both teams. Batteries: Holt and Moore for the Giants, Taylor and Burnett for Company B.

The second game, unlike the first, was featured by some heavy stick work on both sides, the Rattlers finally winning out in the ninth over the Athletics 7 to 6, Bell issuing a pass with the bases loaded, forcing in the run needed to win. Batteries: Irving, Boswell and Wilson for the Rattlers, and Bell, Smith and Bell for the Athletics. The largest crowd since the league opened was present and were well pleased with the exhibitions put up by the four teams.

The standing of the clubs is as follows:

Club	W.	L.	P. C.
Company B	7	3	.700
Rattlers	5	5	.500
Giants	4	5	.444
Athletics	3	6	.333

TAKING LONG HIKE

Man Reaches Decatur on Walk from New York to Indianapolis

Decatur, Ind., July 5.—Edward Payson Weston, who arrived here today on his walk from New York to Indianapolis, will spend Sunday in this city. One of his feet is giving him trouble and he had to stop at Wren, Ohio, ten miles east of here, for a four hours' rest today.

At the Beach Today.

Concerts at the hotels. Concerts at Lumina 11 A. M., 4 P. M., and 8:30 P. M. Surf bathing. (advertisement.)

I guarantee the suit to be right or you have no right to take it. My reduced made-to-measure sale now going on at $13.50. (advertisement.)

ATLANTIAN WINS.

In South Atlantic Tennis Tournament at Augusta.

Augusta, Ga., July 5.—The final round in singles, to decide the winner of the South Atlantic tournament on the Country Club Court was won this morning by E. V. Carter, Jr., of Atlanta, defeating Carl Ramspeck, also of Atlanta, in three sets out of four. Since the champion, Nat Thornton, did not defend his title, the championship goes to Carter by default.

In the champion doubles play was called on account of darkness with the score standing two sets all, and Garrett and Gary of Augusta, four games to two on the third and deciding match, their opponents being Waring and Waring of Columbia, S. C. This match will be finished Sunday afternoon at 6 o'clock.

The mixed doubles championship was won by Miss Adger, of Greenville, S. C., and James Irwin, of Spartanburg, S. C.

NUMEROUS CHALLENGES.

Many Aspirants for Title Held by Willie Ritchie.

San Francisco, July 5.—Lightweight Champion Willie Ritchie, who knocked out Joe Rivers here yesterday is receiving numerous challenges from other aspirants to the title. Tommy Murphy and Freddie Welsh, the British champion, challenged today. Welsh won a decision from Ritchie 18 months ago at Los Angeles at the end of 20 rounds of nip and tuck fighting. Ritchie had substituted for Wolgast at a moment's notice when the then champion was stricken with appendicitis. Ritchie was a green youngster and the showing he made gave him subsequent matches leading to the championship.

Ritchie received today his guarantee of $18,000 for his fight with Rivers.

Shur-On eye glasses easy to take off. Hard to shake off. Sold by Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. (advertisement.)

15 Cents Round Trip.

Don't forget the delightful trip down river on steamer Wilmington, 7:30 this evening. (advertisement.)

Lumina Concerts

Jno. F. Kneisel, Director.

Program for Sunday July 6th, 1913

AFTERNOON, 4:00 O'CLOCK

1. Medley—"Mammy Jinnie's Jubilee" . . . . . Muir & Gilbert
2. Overture—"Sunshine and Showers" . . . . . P. Hans Flath
3. Mexican Serenade—"Dark Eyes" . . . . . Neil Moret
4. Selection—"Mlle. Modiste" . . . . . Victor Herbert
5. Potpourri—"Gems of StevenFoster" . . . . . Arr. by Tobani

INTERMISSION

6. March—"Greater Lumina," . . . . . John F. Kneisel
7. Waltz—"The Count of Luxemburg" . . . . . Franz Lehar
8. Characteristic—"The Ghostof the Violin" . . . . . Ted Snyder
9. Reverie—"The Rose's Honeymoon" . . . . . John W. Bratton
10. Finale—"Good Bye, Boys" . . . . . Harry Von Tilzer

NIGHT, 8:30 O'CLOCK

1. Planquette's Opera—"Bells of Normandy" . . . . . Selection
2. J. Faure—"The Palms" . . . . . A Paraphrase
3. Heinrich Reinhardt—"The Spring Maid" . . . . . Melodies
4. J. Leybach—Op. 52, "Fifth Nocturne."
5. Franz Liszt—"Second Hungarian Raphsody."
6. J. Titl—"Serenade."
7. J. Strauss—"Beautiful Blue Danube" . . . . . Waltz
8. Cecil Macklin—"Tres Moutarde" . . . . . Tango

BALLOON RACE

Unofficial Figures Show Goodyear Bag Successful Contestant

Kansas City, July 5.—Unofficial figures on the landing places of the four balloons in the National elimination race made by Aero Club officials tonight, gave first place in the race to the Goodyear bag of Akron, Ohio, which landed at West Branch, Mich., an estimated distance of 652 miles from Kansas City.

While John Walls, pilot of the Kansas City II, telegraphed that he had flown 730 miles in the Kansas City II, which descended at Goodrich, Mich., Aero Club officials figure his distance at 630 miles giving him second place in the race. Third place is accorded Captain Honeywell, St. Louis Post balloon, which landed near Rockwood, Mich., and last place the Million Population Club, of St. Louis, which came down at Manchester, Mich., a distance estimated at 590 miles.

The result of the race will not be definitely known until the figures have been re-canvassed by the Aero Club. This cannot be done tonight because of the absence of aeronautical maps.

All of the balloons encountered storms in the vicinity of the Great Lakes and their trips were curtailed because of the elements.

The foregoing figures were given out by the Aero Club.

The tailor who puts style, fit and cloth in an $18.00 to $25.00 value suit at the reduced price of $13,50. I. Shrier. (advertisement.)

MACK SIGNS "COMER."

Geo. Brinckley, High School Player, Signs With Athletics.

Boston, July 5.—It is announced that George Brinckley, younger brother of the Harvard football star, has signed a contract with Connie Mack, of the Philadelphia Americans. Brinckley has played second base for the Everett High School for four years. He leads his league in batting this season, having an average of over .500, and making a record of 12 home runs in 21 games.

LAWN TENNIS

Griffin and Trachan Win Pacific Championship

Los Angeles, July 5.—Clarence Griffin and John S. Trachan, of San Francisco, won the Pacific coast lawn tennis championship in doubles here today, and with it the right to compete in the elimination contests at Lake Forest Ill., for the selection of a challenging team for the National championship.

IF YOU ARE a lover of style and want values, you should leave your measure with I. Shrier, for one of those made-to-order suits at $13.50. Former prices $18.00 to $25.00. (advertisement.)

At the Beach Today.

Concerts at the hotels. Concerts at Lumina 11 A. M., 4 P. M., and 8:30 P. M. Surf bathing. (advertisement.)

Drink
Coca-Cola
It is no ordinary "drink-it-just-to-be-drinking-something" beverage. Coca-Cola has distinctive, individual qualities that you will recognize. Just to look at a glass of it tells the story — bright, sparkling, clear.
Delicious—Refreshing
Thirst-Quenching
Send for our free Booklet.
Demand the genuine— Refuse Substitutes.
Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.
THE COCA-COLA COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

MAIL HANDLERS' CONVENTION

Clerks and Letter Carriers Complete Annual Meeting and Adjourn to Meet in Winston-Salem Next Year

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 5.—The annual convention of the North Carolina Associations of Postoffice Clerks and Letter Carriers finished up its work this forenoon and adjourned to meet in 1914 in Winston-Salem.

The Association of Letter Carriers elected officers as follows this morning: President, F. Stikeleather, Jr., Asheville; vice president, M. W. Wheeler, Winston-Salem; secretary-treasurer, B. J. Summerrow, Charlotte; sergeant-at-arms, A. A. Edgerton, Goldsboro; delegate to the National convention at San Francisco August 3rd to September 5th, M. W. Wheeler, Winston-Salem; alternate delegate, Jas. D. Dayvalt, Statesville.

The associations both adopted resolutions commending the members of Congress and Federal officials for their effective response to requests made for changes in the laws as to the postal service that bettered the postoffice and letter carrier service and the conditions under which they work.

The officers of the Postoffice Clerks' Association for the next year are: President, M. L. Garner, Charlotte; vice president, L. T. Yarborough, Raleigh; secretary-treasurer, B. T. Eldridge, Greensboro; chairman of the State Organization committee, E. L. Lee, Wilmington; delegate to the National convention at Cleveland, Ohio, L. T. Yarborough, Raleigh.

An especially notable feature of the resolutions adopted by the clerks and carriers was an appeal to Congress not to repeal the law closing the postoffice service on Sundays, and urging that the use of transparent envelopes, so much in use now, be prohibited.

Two brick masons, D. R. Allen, of Garner, and George Savage, of this city, were right painfully hurt this afternoon in falling from the scaffold on which they were working on the remodeled postoffice building. They fell a distance of 29 feet onto a pile of brick and rubbish. While severely injured, it is not apprehended that they are dangerously hurt.

The Valle Crucis Bank, of Valle Crucis, N. C., received a charter today with $25,000 capital authorized and $10,000 subscribed by H. B. Perry, W. H. Mast and others for general and savings banking business. Another charter is for the Greater Charlotte Finance and Realty Co., of Charlotte, capital $125,000 authorized and $5,000 subscribed by D. R. Creacy, Julian Gunn, Cameron Morrison, W. A. Ebert, J. H. McLean and others, for developing real estate and dealing in stocks, bonds and other business.

W. W. Jenkins, a porminent farmer of Wake Forest township, died at Rex Hospital last night 64 years of age. He was a native of Gaston county and one of ten members of the Wake Forest graduating class of 1878, and the first member of the class to die. He is survived by three brothers, Judge J. C. Jenkins, Manila; D. H. Jenkins, Charlotte, and L. L. Jenkins, Asheville. He is survived also by a wife and several children.

The Wake County Commissioners are negotiating for a new site for a model county home. The present farm, a very valuable one owned by the county, is to be sold and a compact home with central heating plant and all modern conveniences for taking care of the aged, infirm and afflicted and indigent poor, is to be established largely with the proceeds of the sale of the county farm.

MENHADEN AT SOUTHPORT.

Rumor That Morehead Company Will Buy Ocean Fisheries.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Southport, N. C., July 5.—For the past ten days great numbers of fatbacks, or menhaden, have filled the waters off this coast, and even appeared in this harbor. Two of the Beaufort, N. C., fishing boats were in here a few days ago for fuel, gasoline, and they picked up loads of fish. In connection with this menhaden fishing, there is a report that the Ocean Fisheries Co.'s plant and boats are to be purchased by the Morehead City Fsheries Co., and that the fisheries at both places will be run under the same management.

Fish for the market here have been in good supply, with a variety to make a selection from. From docks and boats, every one is enjoying the sport.

Of boat building there seems no end. With the river shore lined with boats of every description, yet boats are being built. And a second hand boat can be bought, one that will serve any purpose, at much less cost than can be built.

Swimming along the river front is being greatly enjoyed these days by the boys and girls. The boys take theirs from the docks, and yet the swift ebb or flood makes no difference to them. To the on-looker it seems dangerous, but the boys all swim like fish, and there has only been one case of drowning known here within the memory of the present generation, that of a colored boy, at least a quarter of a century ago.

Last Tuesday afternoon, at her attractive home on Bay street, Mrs. C. Ed Taylor gave an informal tea, complimentary to her sister-in-law, Mrs. C. L. Stevens.——Thursday afternoon Mrs. James W. Thompson entertained the Dickens Club at her beautiful home, on Bay street.——Mr. T. W. Wood and family, of Wilmington, are now here, occupying their house, well known as the old Walker home, which the Wilmington Councilman purchased some months ago.——Mrs. Trotter and children, wife of Capt. Trotter of Fort Caswell, started yesterday for San Francisco.

The 39th Company left Fort Caswell on Thursday to take part in the Fourth of July celebration at the Guilford Battleground. The company went from here in a special train of tourist cars, and is to be back on Sunday.

The 'phone booths for the several points on the W. B. & S. railroad are here waiting the completion of the wiring. On Wednesday the new pier of the railroad company was used for the first time, freight being delivered to the boat for Fort Caswell. The track siding for the warehouse is laid.

Mr. R. W. Davis, the late postmaster, will take his family with possibly a few invited guests next week for an outing to Bay Beach, a few miles from here, where they will enjoy fishing and bathing for a week or longer.

The Fourth was quietly passed. On the harbor there were a few impromptu motor boat races. The most interesting feature of the day was a game of baseball between a team from Fort Caswell and a scrub nine from here. It took 11 innings of the hardest kind of work for the warriors to win out by a score of 2 to 1.

At the Beach Today.
Concerts at the hotels. Concerts at Lumina 11 A. M., 4 P. M., and 8:30 P. M. Surf bathing.
(advertisement.)

MAD DOG AT BURGAW.

Created Only Excitement on Fourth. Unlucky Auto Party.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Burgaw, N. C., July 5.—The Fourth passed over quietly here except for a "mad dog scare" early in the morning, which created excitement for a while. The dog bit and fought every dog it came across and gave the officer and others a long chase before it was finally shot. Several dogs will be killed on account of it.

Quite a number of the young people went to the beach yesterday, some by train and others by automobile. One party of autoists had quite a time making the trip on account of a heavy rain in the Rocky Point section. The branches were swollen so much that the machine went dead in the first one they attempted to cross. Fortunately a team of mules came along and kindly pulled them out. A mile further on they came to a stream where the bridge had been washed away and as they could not cross at all, they went back to Mr. Sidbury's where they secured a surry and got to Castle Haynes, whence they went by automobile to the beach, reaching it at 11 o'clock. They returned by rail Saturday morning.

The colored people laid the corner stone of a Baptist church about three miles north of town yesterday. The colored Masons officiated. Rev. J. N. McKnight is the pastor and also master of the lodge.

Mr. Vance Croom, of Atlanta, has been visiting his mother here for several days. His friends were glad to see him.——Miss Douglass Hand is expecting to entertain a party of young lady visitors during the coming week.——Mr. and Mrs. H. Overstreet, Mrs. H. L. Cook, Mrs. E. McN. Moore and Miss Geneva Moore were among those who went to Wrightsville Beach by train Thursday evening.——Mrs. W. O. Singletary left Wednesday with her little son to spend several weeks at her old home in Robeson county.

Editor Motte of the Pender Chronicle, spent the week in Asheville, doing stenographic work for the State Bar Association. His services in this line are in great demand as he is an expert.——Mr. J. J. Borden, Jr., has gone to Warsaw to engage n the live-stock business. His friends wish him success, and hate to see him leave Burgaw.——Mr. W. L. Vann, who has had quite a spell of typhoid fever, has recovered and left for his home at Ore Hill this week, where he will spend the Summer.

UNKNOWN WOMAN TRAMP.

Peculiar Character Dies Suddenly—Hunt for Escaped Convict.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., July 5.—The report reaches here from Cove City, a station on the Norfolk Southern railroad below here, of the death of a strange and unfortunate character of thos section. The victim was a nameless woman, and heart disease was the cause of her death, according to a physician's diagnosis. She fell on a public road and instantly expired. For years the woman had been seen in the country east of here, but no one was seen who knew her name. It is said that she walked from place to place, seeking shelter and food with the farmers, who came to look upon her occasional visits with toleration, although her identity was seldom if ever learned. With her at the time of her death was a half-witted girl, possibly her daughter. The female tramp was apparently about 50 years of age. Under the law, no one claiming the remains, her body would have been turned over to the State Medical College, but sympathetic people of Cove City contributed to a fund for its burial, while the imbecile child will be cared for by the authorities.

A man hunt in a swamp at Falling Creek occurred when Warren Smith, a negro, escaped from the Lenoir county convict camp there. Smith, who was doing a 10-months sentence for assault with a deadly weapon, is believed to have secreted himself in the swamp, and he succeeded in escaping the posse of deputy sheriffs and guards who gave pursuit. He is considered dangerous, and vigilant efforts are being made to capture him. The county authorities offered a reward for his apprehension.

Harry Pearson is the second son of M. Pearson, a wealthy retired merchant of this city, to go to New York and become engaged to a young woman there, within six months. A. L. Pearson, of Kinston, went on a holiday trip to the metropolis some time ago, and came back with the announcement that he had selected his future wife there. Harry Pearson recently returned and told of his engagement to Miss Bronstein, an accomplished young lady. Pearson is the manager of a store at Richlands, N. C. The fiancee is said to be a remarkably pretty New York girl.

GERMANY'S COMMERCE GROWS.

Has Made Prodigious Strides Since 1888—England Eclipsed.

Berlin, Germany, July 5.—Germany has made prodigious strides in commerce and industry since 1888, and much statistical information showing these increases has been published in confection with the celebration of Emperor William's quarter century on the throne. It is now claimed that Germany is ahead of England as a producer of merchandise.

In the last twenty-five years Germany's imports have risen from $818,000,000 to $2,541,000,000, and her exports from $798,000,000 to $2,146,000. This foreign business affected shipping as follows: Tonnage movement in 1888, 42,000,000 tons; in 1912, 137,000,000. Coal, including lignite, was produced in 1888 to the extent of 81,000,000 tons; in 1912 the figures showed 259,000,000 tons. Crude iron produced in 1888, 4,300,000 tons; in 1912, 17,800,000 tons. Imports of raw cotton show equally interesting figures; 913,000 bales in 1888, as against 2,276,000 bales last year. Germany's great electrical industry has almost been created during the past twenty-five years, and the leading electrical manufacturing company of the country has increased its capital strength more than 20-fold since 1888.

TEACHERS' PAY TOO LOW.

Must be Paid More or Quality of Work Will Deteriorate.

Salt Lake City, Utah, July 5.—"Salaries paid school teachers are by far the lowest paid to any class or profession. Teachers must be paid more or the public must be content to see the quality of the teaching force undergo progressive deterioration."

This was the declaration of Superintendent of School Carroll G. Pearse, of Milwaukee, in discussing the report on teachers' salaries at the opening of the 51st annual convention of the National Education Association.

At the afternoon session President James H. Baker, of the University of Colorado, presented a report on "The Economy of Time in Education." In which he declared that school and college courses were too long and that they should be shortened so that the student might graduate from college before the time he was 20.

At the Beach Today.
Concerts at the hotels. Concerts at Lumina 11 A. M., 4 P. M., and 8:30 P. M. Surf bathing.
(advertisement.)

COTTON CARNIVAL JULY 24TH.

Galveston Preparing for Record-Breaking Exposition.

Galveston, Texas, July 5.—This city is eager for the opening of its annual Summer festivity, the Cotton Carnival, which will be held July 24th to August 1st. The carnivals of the past are predicted to be ready for the scrap heap when compared to this year's event.

The greatest feature of the carnival will be a three days' automobile race meet, the only beach meet scheduled for 1913, in which the famous drivers will participate. Horse racing, motorcycle racing, a great amateur athletic meet, and a great civic parade will be other features. The latter event will vie with the auto races in bringing thousands to Galveston from all paris of the South, for the reason that it will portray the history of Galveston, past and present. This will doubtless prove wonderfully interesting, for the history of Galveston is full of romance and adventure.

The vessels Lafitte, the Baratarian Chieftain, sailed into the bay as early as 1816. Then came the Mexican fleet under Don Manuel Herrara and Don Luis Aury. In September, 1816, the latter was appointed civil and military governor of Galveston, taking the oath of allegiance to the Republic of Mexico. There being nothing to fight on this island, the Mexicans sailed homeward. The United States government ordered Lafitte to vacate, and the island became barren of humanity save for roving tribes of Caronkaway Indians. In 1836 the noted ornithologist, Audubon, entered the bay and settled on the island. Three years later the Galveston City Company was formed by Col. M. M. Menard, who purchased a large tract of land from the government and sold same to settlers. The city was named after Bernardo De Galvez, the distinguished Spanish soldier and statesman.

From the marsh beheld by Audubon, Galveston has grown to its present size and status. The civic parade will portray by means of allegorical floats and thousands of uniformed persons each event of interest in the city's history, beginning with the coming of Lafitte, and ending with the attainment of the position of the greatest cotton port in the world. Cotton and its by-products will form the most important of the exhibits. The army will participate in the festivity to the extent of brigade reviews and parades.

This will mark the fifth milestone in the history of the Cotton Carnival and the Island City has never before attempted such a display as is arranged for this year. It is thought that the opening of the Panama canal will enable the city to make this annual carnival one of the most famous festivities of the world.

MAXTON NEWS NOTES

Two Fine Mules Lost on Account of Excessive Heat

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Maxton, N. C., July 5.—The excessive heat for the past several days has been quite expensive to the farmers in the way of the loss of livestock. Mr. J. A. McBryde having lost two fine mules and Mr. Neill Alford one. Two other losses have been reported from the same neighborhood, Floral College.

A temperature of 102 has been reported, this reading being from a thermometer hanging in the shade on a back plazza.

The June brides and grooms have returned from their honeymoons, Mr. and Mrs. Bramble coming in Wednesday from Southern points, and Mr. and Mrs. S. H. McKinnon coming in this morning from an extended tour through Northern United States and Canada. Mr. and Mrs. Bramble are at home for the present at the corner of McNair and Graham streets, while Mr. and Mrs. McKinnon are boarding at Mr. J. L. McLean's, on North Patterson street.

ANOTHER VETERAN SUCCUMBS

Died at Gettysburg Station Returning from the Reunion

Gettysburg, Pa., July 5.—H. H. Hodges, of Union Hill, Surry county, N. C., died at the Gettysburg Station today while preparing to leave for home. He was dressed in the Confederate gray. His ticket gave his name, but his regiment was not indicated. The death of Hodges brought the death list during the reunion up to nine.

GERMAN RENTALS INCREASING

Home-owning in Empire Far Less Common Than Formerly

Berlin, July 5.—Rentals on apartments and houses in the principal cities of Germany are rising faster than incomes, and as a result the percentage of house owners is steadily decreasing. A hundred years ago 70 per cent of all Berliners owned their own homes; now only 12 per cent do so. The average number of persons dwelling in one house in Berlin is 77, as against eight in London. Of all Germany's important cities, only Lubeck and Bremen still cling to the one-family house. Everywhere else the apartment house has become the rule.

In 1868 residents of Hamburg with incomes from $225 to $300 a year paid 20 per cent of the total for rent; they now pay more than 25 per cent. The proportion of rent to income has risen in Breslau to 34 per cent among persons with incomes of $1,000. It is not at all uncommon to find persons who pay more than a third of their entire income for rent alone, and in some cases the percentage reaches 40. It is doubtful if any other nation in the world pays such a high percentage of its income for housing. A Berlin authority estimates at 32.4 the average percentage paid for rent by those inhabitants of Schoneberg, a division of Berlin, whose incomes do not exceed $300 a year.

DEMANDS OF SOCIAL JUSTICE

President of National Charities and Corrections Speaks

Seattle, July 5.—The varied and far-reaching programme of reform demanded in the name of social service by the National conference of Charities and Corrections was unfolded tonight by Frank Tucker, of New York, president of the conference, at its 40th gathering here.

"I believe the third era in the life of the National conference has begun," Mr. Tucker said. "I believe that the new era will concern itself with constructive discussion for a programme to bring about the health, efficiency, happiness and welfare of individual, family and community. We must expect to be the melting pot from which our knowledge and ideals will flow into new programmes of constructive action. Social justice demands minimum below which no individual or family, fit to be a member of a community, shall be expected to exist. It puts no limit on knowledge, wealth or power, provided they are not acquired at the expense of the weaker or used for their exploitation."

DR. WAY IN TROUBLE

Asheville Man Gets Jail Sentence at Washington

Washington, D. C., July 5.—The eccentric actions of a well-dressed man, who registered at a local hotel as Dr. David Way, of Asheville, N. C., but who told the police that he was Dr. L. Wayde, of Asheville, resulted yesterday in a 30-day sentence in the police court. The police say the man was in this city about three months ago, and, when found hiding in a closet in the apartment of Councilman C. B. Swan, in Duke street, told a fantastic story of having been robbed in New York, drugged and placed aboard a train for the South. He was told to leave the city. He returned to Alexandria a few days ago, and is said to have been making himself at home where he saw fit. Several evenings ago, it was testified, he took possession of the parlor at Policeman Gill's residence, in South Lee street, while the family was in the rear of the house.

SAMPLE OF GERMAN JUSTICE.

When It Makes a Mistake It Pays for It—Case in Point.

Berlin, July 5.—When German justice makes a mistake, it pays for it. Johann Beyer became involved in a famous perjury case 18 years ago, was convicted and served four years in prison. He protested his innocence, and finally, in 1911, had the case reopened and was acquitted. The provincial court at Dortmund has now granted him the sum of $5,200, with a pension of $475 a year until his 65th year, as recompense for his unjust incarceration.

At the Beach Today.
Concerts at the hotels. Concerts at Lumina 11 A. M., 4 P. M., and 8:30 P. M. Surf bathing.
(advertisement.)

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective January 5, 1913. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90, ! 3:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 12:20 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91, a 1:15 A.M.
No. 51, * 5:35 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars Between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50, *12:20 A.M.
No. 64, ! 6:30 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 65, ! 6:25 P.M.
No. 48, * 8:30 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49, * 6:15 P.M.
No. 53, * 8:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52, * 8:05 P.M.
No. 55, * 3:15 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 54, * 1:40 P.M.
No. 62, * 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 63, *12:50 P.M.
No. 59, ! 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60, !10:15 A.M.
No. 42, * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41, *10:00 A.M.
No. 57, ! 7:30 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No. 58, ! 8:15 A.M.

* Daily. ! Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.

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ELON COLLEGE Offers Young Men and Women College Education unsurpassed in the South at extremely moderate cost, amid most delightful surroundings.

Tuition, Board and Fees for ten months' session from $145 to $101.

Abundant opportunity for Self-Help.

Six degree courses in Arts and Sciences.

Special Departments in Music, Expression and Fine Arts.

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Normal Training, Physical Culture and Commercial Branches.

Special attention to those deficient in one or more studies.

Seven magnificent buildings. All modern improvements. $100,000 plant. Nineteen Specialists in Faculty. 70th term opens September 3rd.

Write for Catalogue and views.

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Gifted with wonderful power and mystery of occult work. From childhood until the present day has astonished thousands with her truthful predictions. While in a trance she reveals your past, present and future life and tells you exactly what you wish to know. You have read through the press of her marvelous power, and she is now at your assistance. Unnecessary to mention her reliable work, but a trial is convincing. She has saved thousands of dollars for many who have called on her, by foretelling events which were to come, and she will do as much for you. She reveals the secret of which you should know and have not yet been told; tells your name in full and the object of your call, and reliable advice is given in all undertakings. All who read this who have not heard through their friends of Madam Josephine, kindly call; it is unnecessary for her to advertise, as her well pleased callers do the advertising for her. Satisfaction guaranteed, and no money taken in advance.

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MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS
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SOUTHERN BLDG. WILMINGTON, N. C.

SEABOARD
Air Line Railway

Schedule Effective April 27th, 1913.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON:

No. 19—5 A. M., arrive Hamlet, 9:00 A. M. Leave Hamlet, 9:20 A. M.; arrive Charlotte, 12:10 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains Nos. 4 for Raleigh, Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North, and with No. 1 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and all points South. At Monroe, with train No. 29, for Atlanta.

DAILY SLEEPER ON NO. 19 TRAIN FOR CHARLOTTE. OPEN FOR OCCUPANCY AT 10 O'CLOCK P. M.

No. 13—3:05 P. M.; arrive Hamlet, 7:35 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11:00 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa. Also Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North. Pullman chair car between Wilmington and Charlotte.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

No. 14—12:30 P. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 20—12:10 A. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

For further information, call on or telephone

F. A. FETTER, C. A., 'Phone 178, Orton Hotel.
JOS. R. COOKE, City Ticket Agent.
H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent. Raleigh, N. C.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast, 85-lb. Rails

Schedule in Effect May 12, 1912.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 p.m.	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	6:55 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:32 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars, N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

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C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

TO THE BEACH!

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT MAY 31, 1913.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave Wilmington:	Leave Beach:
6:30 A.M.	6:05 A.M.
and every half hour thereafter until	7:10 A.M.
10:00 P.M.	7:45 A.M.
11:00 P.M.	and every half hour
12:00 P.M.	thereafter until
6:15 P.M.	11:45 P.M.

Express Trains stop only at Wrightsville and at Stations on the Beach.

FREIGHT.

Leave Wilmington:	Leave Beach:
6:00 A.M.	7:15 A.M.
9:30 A.M.	12:15 P.M.
3:30 P.M.	6:15 P.M.
7:00 P.M.	8:15 P.M.

Freight Depot open daily except Sunday, from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M., and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

FREIGHT DEPOT TELEPHONE: NO. 96.

NOTE—Unpacked Ice will be handled only on the 6:00 A. M. trip.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Wilmington:	Leave Beach:
7:00 A.M.	7:15 A.M.
8:30 A.M.	7:45 A.M.
and every half hour thereafter until	9:15 A.M.
10:00 P.M.	and every half hour
11:00 P.M.	thereafter until
12:00 P.M.	11:45 P.M.

Express Trains stop only at Wrightsville and at Stations on the Beach.

FREIGHT.

11:00 A.M.	12:15 P.M.

Freight Depot open from 10:00 A. M. to 11:00 A. M.

FREIGHT DEPOT TELEPHONE: NO. 96.

TELEPHONE 667 for Information about train movements and matters connected with the Railway Department.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

NEW YORK TO WILMINGTON.
Steamer "Navahoe," Fri., July 4th, 1913.
Steamer "Cherokee," Fri., July 11th, 1913.

WILMINGTON TO NEW YORK.
Steamer "Cherokee," Sat., July 5th, 1913.
Steamer "Navahoe," Sat., July 12th, 1913.

WILMINGTON TO GEORGETOWN.
Steamer "Navahoe," Mon., July 7th, 1913.
Steamer "Cherokee," Mon., July 14th, 1913.

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STEAMER WILMINGTON SCHEDULE.

Leaves Daily (except Sunday) for Carolina Beach Pier, Southport and Fort Caswell, at 9 A. M.

Leaves Fort Caswell for Wilmington at 12:00 M. Leaves Southport, 12:15 P. M., Leaves Wilmington for Carolina Beach Pier at 2:45 P. M., and leaves Pier, on return, at 6:00 P. M.

SUNDAY SCHEDULE:

Leaves Wilmington for Carolina Beach Pier at 9:00 A. M., 2:30 and 7:30 P. M. For Southport, 9:00 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. Leaves Southport for Wilmington, at 11:30 A. M. and 4:45 P. M. Leaves Carolina Beach Pier at 12:45, 6:00 and 8:30 P. M.

my30-tf J. B. FOX, Agent.

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of LADIES' SUITS and DRESSES.

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as has been the custom of ours twice a year in order to close out all odds and ends, and beginning the next season with an entire new line. Parties going away for a sojourn in the mountains or other resorts will find it to their advantage to call in and see these great offerings of seasonable merchandise.

Suits formerly $15.00 and $17.50, now going at $7.50

Suits formerly $25.00 and $30.00, now going at 12.50

Linen Suits, formerly $7.50, now going at $2.95

Red Blazer Coats, formerly $5.00, now, each $1.75

Special assortment of Night Gowns for Monday, at, each 98c

A very large assortment of Mid-Summer Dresses, at each **$3.75, $5.00 and $7.50**

Call in and see the greatest assortment of Mid-Summer Garments at prices far below what they are being asked for elsewhere.

Yours for Increased Business,

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To Add to Your Comfort and Pleasure.

It's a Pleasure to Us to Show Them to You.

Gem Freezers,
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North Star Refrigerators.
King Fly Killers,
"Dandy Red" Garden Hose,
"Winner" Garden Hose.
"Merit" Garden Hose,
Hose Rees—Good ones.
Ice Picks,
Ice Chippers,
Ice Saws,
Ice Hooks,
Fish Poles, Fish Lines,
Crab Nets,
Lawn Mowers,
Lawn Rakes,
Lawn Sprinklers,
Thermos Bottles,
Thermos Carafes,
Thermos Workman's Lunch Box, $2.00,
Thermos Food Carriers,
Thermos Cups and Cases.
Household Thermometers,
Dairy Thermometers,
Bath Thermometers,
20th Century Water Coolers,
Galv. Lined Water Coolers,
Porcelain Lined Water Coolers,
Stone Water Coolers,
Stone Water Filters,
White and White Enameled Ware.
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$25.00 Reward will be paid for evidence to convict any person or corporation who sets fire that burns any of my lands in this or any other county in this State. D. L. GORE.
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ARCHITECT

32-33-40 GARRELL BUILDING.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable, and all communications should be addressed to,

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Sunday, July 6, 1913.

As soon as you start out in life get a pull.

We would like to catch on to the on in watermelon.

No Congressman knows when a fellow is trying to get a free lunch by posing as him.

A new skirt has been introduced in Paris. There is very little in it if a Paris girl wears it.

David Lamar refuses to tell his name. Even his right name would not protect him if he is wrong.

Some writer says: "Girls should be taught to work." That's no joke. The average girl can't even work a buttonhole.

When you lose your patience and can take it out by saying "tut! tut!" you can be included among the philosophers.

The new woman is nothing but the "old 'oman" waking up and getting busy. Only the initiated know what this means.

Those who bury the hatchet should be sure that the handle does not stick out so it can be used when the occasion demands.

Look how easy it is to impersonate a Congressman. Even the crooks have the gall to make people believe they are the genuine article.

The veteran who is a good fellow didn't know any North nor any South at Gettysburg. It is the good fellows who get the most out of life.

President Wilson's luck is one of the things in his favor. The absolutely honest man is always vindicated by the force of circumstances.

We move that the charge at San Juan Hill be liquidated by the payment of 30 cents. All in favor of that motion say "I." The I's have it.

The folks who have had graft at your expense are interested in getting you alarmed over the fact that graft is to be cut out of the tariff. That's all.

A woman is receiving mention as the poet laureate of England. We are not surprised. We know of no American who writes such beautiful verses as its women.

What's the use to "bridge the bloody chasm" any more, seeing that most of the old soldiers of both sides have crossed over the river and rest under the shade of the trees?"

A Charlotte man bet $700 on the ponies in New York, and lost it to the wire-tappers. We never have been able to see how a man who would play the game was ever able to make the $700.

Running into a rocking chair on a dark night in a hall is our idea of being up against it. When the sharp end of the rocker gets in its work, it lands one right under the ankle bone just as if it had eyes to pick out the spot.

President Wilson was right! The lobby was insidious without doubt. Senator Reed, of Missouri, received the following telegram from a St. Louis mule dealer: "Please vote for a duty on sugar; it is very necessary to preserve the mule industry of Missouri."

An English court has decided that a rich man commits himself when he writes this to a girl: "You will always be my beautiful dream." The Marquis of Northampton wrote that to an actress, and then quit showing her attention. The jury awarded her $250,000, which shows that the jury considers that she was no pipe dream but the real thing.

Another illusion busted. We supposed, in our innocence, that men went to Wrightsville to hear what the sad sea waves were saying, to commune with old ocean and its mysteries, to breathe the invigoration of the salt air, to sail in the moonlight, to catch fish or mayhap to take an annual bath. Which shows how little we knew about it.—Greensboro News.

OUR WATER TERMINALS

It is good news to Wilmington and North Carolina, that within a week it has been announced that Wilmington's already fine terminal system is to be greatly increased by two concerns, one to build extensive terminals and warehouses in the southern part of the city, opposite the anchorage basin, and the other to construct capacious warehouses and wharves on the northern portion of the harbor. The undertaking in the southern portion of the city city is to be a manufacturing and commercial terminal, in accordance with the extensive plans of the Germania Manufacturing Company. That on the western water line of Northeast river is to be constructed by Mr. W. B. Cooper and associates, who have planned on an elaborate scale and will lose no time in carrying out their enterprise.

Both those terminal undertakings will greatly increase Wilmington's facilities for commerce and business, and it is these facilities that will make commerce grow and add to the importance of Wilmington as a distributing and business center. They will combine the most economic methods and means of handling transportation, bringing the steamship and rail carriers into junction and thus creating ideal conditions for export and import business. Let us get in us a lively appreciation of the powerful influences such undertakings will have on the commercial, manufacturing and business development of Wilmington, not to mention their potential availability for the development of a greater port.

Do we actually know that Wilmington already has some ideal water and rail terminals? If not, we ought to take consideration of them and have a livelier appreciation of them. Do we ever think of showing Wilmington's admirable terminals to visitors and impressing upon them the tremendous economic advantage they possess in handling and exchanging water and rail traffic right on the spot without the cost of distance transfer? If we don't do so, we certainly ought to do it. At one of these admirable terminals alone, an export commerce of $28,000,000 was done in 1912. At another an import commerce of about $4,000,000 has been done in six months, and at another an import business worth several millions of dollars is handled and distributed into four States. We must know our terminals and recognize their facilities if we should appreciate them ourselves, and then take pride in pointing them out to visitors who have no idea we have such terminals in Wilmington.

We point with pride to our new and commodious union station, our handsome postoffice building, our imposing city hall, our pretty Court House, our commodious business structures, our flourishing banks, and our lovely residences, but do we ever point to the Cape Fear ocean gateway and show the facilities here for handling commerce? Do we show the terminal facilities that enable the port to handle from $65,000,000 to $75,000,000 of commerce annually? De we ever dilate upon the greater possibilities if we had North Carolina back of the port, and were to broaden out in our commercial aspirations ourselves?

If not, why not?

FURNITURE MAKING IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Manufacturers' Record of last Wednesday contained an interesting page article on the furniture manufacturing industry of High Point. The article was descriptive of the Southern Furniture Exposition held at High Point, June 26th, and the Record's correspondent says that the exhibition was not only instructive and profitable, but that it will be turned into a permanent one.

North Carolina is the second furniture manufacturing State in the Union, and High Point is the second of the country's cabinet manufacturing cities. There are 31 furniture factories in that North Carolina city, so it can be conceived how important an industry it is. Quite naturally High Point as a manufacturing city is specially interested in just freight rates. Its Mayor, Mr. Tate, is president of the North Carolina Just Freight Rate Association, and he is deeply interested in the question because it means the life of his strictly manufacturing city. Have our friends at High Point ever thought of the possibilities of exporting furniture through the port of Wilmington? If not they should not only become interested in the local freight rate question, but in export rates as well. We see no reason why Wilmington should not be a distributing point for the furniture industry of the State.

Many will be astonished to learn that the furniture industry now is a very considerable one in 30-odd towns in the State. There are flourishing factories in High Point, Ashboro, Asheville, Elkin, Goldsboro, Greensboro, Hazelwood, Hickory, Kernersville, Lenoir, Lexington, Mebane, Morganton, Mocksville, Mount Airy, North Wilkesboro, Statesville, Thomasville, Winston-Salem, Biltmore, Dunn, Drexel, Marion, Mooresville, Murphy, Oxford, Siler City, Randleman, Sanford and Wndesboro. It strikes us that if so extensive an industry had a good distributing system, it would greatly increase the output of the factories in these enterprising towns.

The furniture exhibition at High Point was a revelation. It is a pity it did not have wider publicity, but it will serve to call wider attention to one of the chief industries of the State.

THE OLD SWIMMIN' HOLE.

Youth, intoxicated on the wild joys of living, finds everything just right, for it has no sense of comparative values; but age, with tastes trained by experience, knows where life fails to measure up to standards of the past. And as the passing years, one by one, add whiteness to the frosting pow the old man sighs for the good old times when things were of much better quality and there were more of them. No sanitary drinking fountain or individual sterilized drinking cup can ever take the place of the old oaken bucket, the iron bound bucket, the moss covered bucket that hung in the well, albeit the veteran might have been lousy with colon bacilli. Likewise many another enjoyment of the farflung years eclipsed the prosaic substitutes that the modern and alleged much wiser day has brought. None of the blessings bestowed by the gods aforetime occupied a higher rating than the old swimmin' hole, and none of them in retrospect can start a heavier sigh than this one. We have watched its disappearance with mingled emotions these many years, and hence are in position to commiserate with the old man of the Fayetteville Observer who writes:

"Progress carries with it disadvantages, as well as advantages. Twenty-five years ago there was not a town in the land that had a greater number of splendid 'swimming holes' than had Fayetteville. Robinson's, Mimms' and Mallett's ponds were at our doors for deep water bathing, while the Mile Branch was just out of town, and Cross Creek and Blount's Creek ran from one end of the city to the other, affording many fine bathing pools of pure running water. But, alas! the march of progress is ruthless and utilitarian to the point of dense stupidity. Silk mills, cotton mills, dye houses and sewer pipes have polluted our streams and rendered them foul looking and foul smelling, and the small boy can no longer disport himself in their waters without the risk of contracting fever."

No porcelain tub, no elaborately rigged shower, no roaring surf especially at resorts where iced tea insolently flaunts itself as cock of the walk, can ever fill the place in the lives of tens of thousands of the best men in this country, that the old swimmin' hole filled, and with its passing will vanish one of the great institutions of this Republic—the hope of unwashed multitudes and the happiness of countless millions of young Americans.

MANUFACTURERS' EXHIBIT.

Like Chattanooga, Atlanta has decided to have a permanent exhibit of Atlanta made goods. Last year Atlanta manufacturers astonished the natives by holding and exhibition of manufactures turned out in the home factories. It was such a success and made such an impression upon the home people that a sufficient number of manufacturers have pledged themselves to engage a hall and keep it open to the public just as a business man would his store.

Few people know what is manufactured in their city. These exhibits educate a people up to a broader knowledge of their city and they have a keener appreciation of its industrial enterprises. While the average person in a city has knowledge that certain articles are produced there, the average man or woman scarcely dreams of the extent or variety of the home products.

We have often urged an exhibition of Wilmington made goods. Such an exhibition will put new aspirations in manufacturers, and it will prove an invaluable advertisement to them as well as enlarge the public's idea of the industrial importance of their city.

When we do not know what is made at home, and especially do not know the value of the article, we cannot expect others to know. Most people in Wilmington are buying articles made abroad when better ones are made right in Wilmington. To see our own manufactures will teach us to appreciate them. We have dealers in the city who are handling articles made 800 miles away from Wilmington. The same articles are made right here. A New Yorker yesterday bought and carried away a Wilmington product that he said could not be equalled in that great city, the greatest manufacturing city in America.

We have seen Southern made goods shipped North, labeled, shipped back and sold right where they are manufactured. Our manufacturers do not think enough of the home market, and the home market does not know enough of home manufactures.

Exhibits get manufacturers and consumers together, and each will be astonished at the result.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Star enthuses over the Wilmington peach, joyfully exclaiming, "It is a success." The "It" spoils all the praise. In Norfolk we deem the "She" would be the name used.—Norfolk Virginian-Pilot.

The completion of the Raleigh, Charlotte & Southern Railway to Charlotte opens up another wide door of trade to the merchants and business interests of this city. What will we do with the opportunity?—Charlotte News.

The Philadelphia North American prints the picture of a Union veteran at Getysburg with his shoes and socks off. This man may reside in the North now, but under "Where?" on the face of his family Bible devoted to births appears the legend: "Wilmington, N. C."—Columbia State.

The old reliable Gulf Stream, it seems, has begun to speed up in keeping with this age of aeroplanes and ocean grayhounds. A perfectly sober sea captain explains his apearance at Boston a day ahead of schedule from Costa Rica by declaring the Gulf Stream is, in the language of the land, "beating it." The stream is a warm streak in the ocean. Possibly it is getting warmer through its unusual exertions and is responsible for the present spell of unmentionable weather.—Savannah News.

The report of expert auditors employed by the City Commissioners in Trenton, N. J., has just been submitted to the Commission, and shows a decrease in administrative expenses of $4,377.31 in the 12 months ending February 28, 1913. Since August 21, 1911, when the Commision system went into effect, the revenue deficit has been decreased from $61,807.39 to $13,261.18. Here is an example of what the Commission form of government can do for a city if the right kind of Commissioners are put in charge of the work.—Chester (Pa.) Republican.

NATIONAL A. A. U. MEET.

Irish-American Athletic Club Wins Hard-Fought Victory.

Chicago, July 5.—The Irish-American Athletic Club, of New York, won a hard fought victory in the National Senior A. A. U. meet in Grant Park today. The Irishmen scored 44 points. S. P. Drew, the negro athlete from the Springfield, Mass., high school, won the individual honors with first in the 100 and 220-yard dashes. Three senior A. A. U. records were broken.

A new mark in the pole vault was made by S. B. Waggoner, the Yale athlete, who competed under the colors of the Missouri Athletic Club of St. Louis, with a leap of 13 feet. The old record was 12 feet, six inches, held jointly by E. T. Cooke, Cleveland A. C.; H. Coyle, University of Chicago, and S. Delilah, of the Olympic Club.

Dan Ahearn, I. A. C., holder of the world's record in the hop-step and jump, set a new senior A. A. U. record by covering 50 feet. The old record, made by E. B. Bloss, was 48 feet, six inches, and had stood for 20 years.

The third mark to fall was that of the hammer throw, which was won by H. Ryan, of the Irish Americans with 177 feet, 7 3-4 inches. The old record was 177 feet, 6 1-2 inches, made by C. Walsh, New York A. C., in 1911.

Points were divided as follows: Irish-American A. C. 44; Chicago A. C., 27; Boston A. A. 21; New York A. C., 18; Illinois A. C., 13; Springfield High 10; Missouri A. C., 11; Southern California, 8; Mohawk A. C., 5; Long Island A. C., 1; Unattached 2; Kansas City 2.

Surprises were numerous, among them being the defeat of such men as Halpin of the Boston A. C., in the quarter, and Mel Sheppard, in the half. Halpin fell a victim to a well run race by Haff, the Michigan star, and Sheppard was beaten by Baker and DeErnchy, of the New York Athletic Club.

Charles Coorey, a high school boy, furnished the greatest surprise, however, by outrunning Fred Kelly, the Olympic star in the 220-yard hurdles. It was a good day for school boys for Drew, the negro runner, still comes under that head, though he is considered one of the greatest of sprinters, and Stiles, a Culver Military Academy student, won the broad jump from a man of such fame as Platt Adams.

Hannis Kolehmainen, the Finnish long distance man, carried the colors of the Irish Americans to an easy victory in the five mile run. He set a pace at the start that put him far in the lead at two miles and he was more than half a lap ahead at the end.

Bert Lewis, of Chicago, wan the amateur international target championship by breaking 98 targets out of 100. The professional championship was won by Fred Bills, of Chicago, who broke 291 targets out of 300 at 18 yards.

LIGHTNING STRIKES BARN.

Catawba County Farmer Loses $2,000 by Thunder Bolt.

Hickory, N. C., July 5.—A barn belonging to Mr. C. S. Little, a prosperous farmer of the Oxford section, was struck by lightning last night and the barn and contents were totally destroyed. Two horses, two cows, a new buggy, wheat and roughage and farming tools all went up in smoke. It is not known whether Mr. Little carried any insurance or not. His losses will run over $2,000.

Last night at the residence of Rev. W. R. Bradshaw lightning ran in on the telephone wires and severely shocked Miss Bertha Bradshaw and several others who were there. Miss Bradshaw was entertaining a party of her friends and they nearly all felt the shock of the lightning.

HAZARDOUS ESCAPE.

Balloon Drops to Waters With Youthful Aeronaut.

New York, July 6.—A dirigible balloon, carrying George M. Gay, a youthful aeronaut, of Norwalk, Ohio, was swept away from the New Jersey shore of the Hudson early last night, and for six hours was unheard from here. It fell, however, on the waters of Long Island Sound at 7:30 o'clock last night, according to definite word received earily this morning. Gay was saved by the crew of the steamer Sagamore, which sighted the balloon before it reached the water's service.

It was a mile and a half off shore. The dirigible sank and Gay was picked up after swimming about for five minutes.

The balloon covered a distance of about 25 miles in its uncontrolled flight. It was without motor or rudder and Gay, a novice, was not able to release the gas. The balloon had been swept from the hands of five men while Gay was on the framework testing its lifting capacity preparatory to installing the motor.

LUMBERTON TOWN AFFAIRS

Mass Meeting Called Today to Discuss Officials' Doings

(Special Star Telegram.)

Lumberton, N. C., July 5.—The town was flooded this afternoon with dodgers reading as follows: "Invitation to attend important meeting. The residents of Lumberton are requested to attend a mass meeting of citizens to be held at the Court House Sunday, July 6th, 1913, at 4:30 o'clock P. M., to express their sentiments regarding some recent management of public affairs by the town officials. Ladies are specially invited.

"The call for this meeting is approved by Revs. J. F. Gorrell, J. W. Bradley, C. H. Durham, Wm. D. Combs."

IMPRISONED FOR MARRIAGE

Hard Luck of a German Army Officer Who Wanted a Wife

Berlin, July 5.—The pay of a German lieutenant is not sufficient to support a family, and the army regulations, as is generally the case in European countries, forbid an officer's marriage without his superiors' consent. This permission is given only when a bride with a stipulated minimum dowry is found. Former Lieutenant Hermann Baner, of Dusseldorf, while still in active service but at a time when his application to be permitted to resign had been handed in, married without the army authorities' consent. He has just been sentenced to six months' imprisonment in a fortress.

KILLED BY PATIENT.

Attendant at Mohansic State Hospital Found With Skull Crushed.

Yorktown Heights, N. Y., July 4.—Charles Wildy, a young attendant at the Mohansic State Hospital here, was found murdered in his bed today, supposedly by one of the insane inmates of the institution. The authorities have thus far, however, been unable to trace the murderer.

Wild's room was entered during the night and his skull was crushed, apparently by a heavy, sharp pointed weapon.

SUMMER TIME
Comfortables

These prices should be attractive—this store has made a Study of the Needs and Requirements of its Customers, and it spares no time or expense to fill their demands. It was never better prepared to take care of every need and request.

The Ripplette Night Gown—nothing is made cooler or more comfortable for Hot Weather. A full supply on display; for only 98c

Children's Rompers, all sizes, solid and check Chambray; well made, fast color; only 48c

Children's Wash Suits, white and colored; 2 to 8 year sizes . . $1.50, 98c, 50c

White Canvas Pumps; regular $2.50 values; special $1.98

45-inch wide Colored Ratine, with border; regular $1.00 seller; special for this week, or while it lasts, only 50c

Boys' Skuffer Oxfords; tan; 11 1-2 to 2; special $1.50

Boys' Skuffer Sandals; tan, and black; special 98c

Plenty Muslin Underwear, Boys' Rompers, Boys' Wash Suits, Shoes and Clothing. Big Assortment Mosquito Nets, Traveling Bags, Porch Screens.

Straw Hats at Splendid Bargains.

Car Fare Paid on Purchases of $2.00 and Over.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE
The FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CARFARE

Car Fare Paid on Purchases of $2.00 and Over.

WHILE INVITING THE ACCOUNTS OF THE business men of this community, we fully realize that there is something more to an ideal banking relation than the mere acceptance of deposits and payment of checks. We are constantly working out better ideas and methods for the handling of the accounts of our business men, and we feel that the service rendered by this Bank to its commercial depositors should appeal to you. A modern banking service embraces many features, and we will appreciate the opportunity to talk the matter over with you.

The Southern National Bank
WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.

SUNSET PARK

A PARK OF PINES
With Every City Convenience

Take the Sunset Park Car Today and come out and see the building going on. 14 homes going up NOW!
More soon to follow.

THE FIDELITY TRUST & DEVELOPMENT CO.
Phone 312 14 Princess St.

BOATMAN LOSES LIFE

Ed Bateman Drowned in Creek at Elizabeth City

Elizabeth City, N. C., July 5.—Ed Bateman, a well known boatman of this city, was drowned in Newbegun creek Tuesday. Mr. Bateman was mate on the gasboat Sunof, with Captain Parker, who had a party on board engaged in a fish fry in Newbegun creek, about 10 miles from Elizabeth City.

Bateman had taken several plunges into the creek during the morning with other members of the party and when the boat got to the mouth of the creek he plunged overboard again and swam about the boat. Then he was seen to place one hand behind his head and sank down under water. Bubbles coming to the surface warned his friends that he was drowning. They jumped overboard to rescue him but when his body was recovered life was extinct.

The body was brought to his home here. He is survived by a widow, whose first husband was also drowned, and by several children.

NEW RECORD ESTABLISHED

By Motor Boat Speed Demon Reliance, at Oyster Bay

New York, July 5.—J. Stuart Blackton's new high speed motor boat Speed Demon Reliance, established a new record in the water today by covering a mile course at Oyster Bay six times at an average speed of 48.4101 statute miles an hour. Her best run of the six was at the rate of 49.384 miles an hour.

Duke Ludwig, of Bavaria, at the age of fourscore years and two, is trying to get a divorce from his second morganatic wife, who is 42 years old. She was a ballet girl when he married her.

Wednesday, July 2nd

This is to notify our friends that deposits made on or before the above date draw interest from the 1st of July.

One Dollar will open an account.

We shall be glad to have your business.

Bring in your Dividend Checks and Coupons. We will cash them for you.

Home Savings Bank
—ORTON BLDG—

QUALITY

of material is an important essential in the building of a house or your body. It is equally essential in the construction of teeth that will be strong and able to resist the severe storms of decay that will sweep over them. Teeth that are built of flimsy material will easily yield to its enemies. The little extra effort you make to have them built of the best material, will be worth more than money to you in later years. A reliable dentist will give you the best advice as to the kind of food that will build stronger teeth. One reason patients show the appreciation of my advice—they are glad to return when an operation is needed and have their teeth trusted to my care.

DR. J. W. POWELL, Dentist
Garrell Building.

NO CHANGE IN SITUATION

City Council Makes Deposit of City's Proportion of Health Work Expense for July With "String" to It.

Following a lengthy discussion in which almost every phase of the health work in Wilmington and New Hanover county was touched upon, the City Council, in special session, yesterday morning, decided to appropriate the city's proportionate part of the estimated cost of the maintenance of the County Health Department for July, subject, however, to strict compliance with conditions imposed by an ordinance, adopted by the Council some time ago, a copy of which is attached to the draft authorizing the payment of the amount to the Southern National Bank, which has been designated as the depository for the Board of Health.

The ordinance was not observed by the County Board of Health in June, in that Dr. Chas. T. Nesbitt, the superintendent, was paid $250, the pro rata of a year's salary at $3,000 per annum, instead of $200, the pro rata of $2,400 per annum, the amount that the Council said should be paid to the superintendent. The Board of Health complied with the ordinance in fixing the salaries of some of the others connected with the department, for instance, in the salaries of the chemist, meat and dairy inspector, sanitary engineer, but ignored the Council in the salary of Mr. E. Piner, the chief of the sanitary police, who is receiving $75 a month, when the Council said he should have only $70. The Council also directed that Mr. White, a health officer, be paid $70 a month, but he is receiving only $65. The main objection though that is raised by the Council is in the salary of the superintendent. The ordinance of the Council was passed on the assumption that there would be two physician assistants and the salary of each was fixed at $1,500 a year. Since then it has been determined by the Board of Health to get along with one assistant, who is to receive $1,800 a year. It is understood that the Council has no objection to this arrangement.

City Attorney E. K. Bryan advised the Council yesterday morning that the bank could be held liable if it paid out the money deposited for the health department except as directed by the ordinance, and, further, that he thought the Board of Health could be held responsible to the city for the difference in the salaries, if the ordinance is ignored.

Attached to the draft is a copy of the ordinance referred to and also the following note is written across the draft: "To order of Southern National Bank for use of County Board of Health, to be used only in accordance with the ordinance hereto attached and made a part hereof. July 5th, 1913, for appropriation for the month of July of budget for the Health Department, total for year $23,784, one-twelfth, $1,982."

Mr. Martin S. Willard, chairman, and Dr. C. P. Bolles, of the County Board of Health, were before the Council in regard to the matter. The matter was freely and fully discussed. The members of the Board of Health said that the question of health was paramount in the community and that anything in reason should be done to make this a healthier and more sanitary city and county. They stated that Dr. Nesbitt at $3,000 a year was not receiving as much as should be paid him and mentioned the fact that he had received an offer from another city at $3,600 a year, but out of a spirit of patriotism and love for his adopted city he decided to remain here.

Councilman Merritt stated that the County Commissioners, of which Mr. Willard is chairman, had agreed with the Council that the salary of the superintendent would be fixed at $2,400 a year.

The point was raised that the Councilmen are elected by the people and are directly responsible to the people; that there are only two members of the Board of Health who are elected by the people and are responsible direct to the people in matters of finance, therefore it certainly did appear that the Councilmen should be heard in the matter of salaries.

As stated, the discussion took rather wide range, winding up by leaving the matter just where it has stood for the past month.

It is not improbable that the question will go to Superior Court at the next term for settlement. The Board of Health maintains that it has the right to fix the salaries just so it remains within the total amount appropriated by the city and county for the operation of the health department. On the other hand the city claims that it has a right to say what salaries shall be paid the several officials and other employes of the department.

THE RECORDER'S COURT

Case Against B. F. Hawkins Continued Until Wednesday

Despite the fact that it was the day after the Fourth and the Recorder had had a day of rest, there was little to do in his court yesterday. There were several persons fined for imbibing too freely and making themselves obnoxious on the streets and this was practically the extent of business disposed of. The case against B. F. Hawkins, for violating the prohibition law, was continued until Wednesday because some of the officers had neglected to subpoenae necessary witnesses.

Judgment was suspended in the case against Joseph Lewaneowki for riding a bicycle on the sidewalk, and also in the case against Willie Williams, colored, charged with firing a pistol in the city limits. Alex. Leonard, colored, was found not guilty of firing a pistol in the city limits. The case against George Black, colored, charged with violating the prohibition law, was continued until Monday. Ellison Wells, colored, was found not guilty of the larceny of a pistol from Susan Gibson, colored.

Julius Treadwell Arrested

Recently it seems that Julius Treadwell and Maude Harriss, both colored, formed a partnership for running a store at 10th and Wooster streets. Treadwell's wife not liking the arrangement went down to see the Harris woman when she alleged that she was assaulted with a hatchet. She had a warrant sworn out and the case was tried before Justice Bornemann yesterday who, after hearing the evidence, taxed the prosecution with the costs. Treadwell's wife then had a warrant sworn out before Justice Harriss charging her husband with non-support. In default of a bond for $100 he was committed to jail, and will have a hearing before Justice Harriss tomorrow.

Moving Pictures at Lumina.

Tomorrow night. Pictures will be exhibited on the beach in front of Lumina. Subject, "Electrical Education of Mr. and Mrs. Thrifty." Exhibition begins at 8:45 P. M.

(advertisement.)

PHI DELTA THETA MEETING

Greek Letter Fraternity Will Hold State Convention at Wrightsville Beach This Month—Large Attendance Expected.

The State convention of the Phi Delta Theta, a well known college fraternity, will be held at the Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, July 23rd and 24th. The place for holding the convention is left optional with the committee on arrangements and it was only last week that they finally decided on Wrightsville after considering invitations from several cities in Western North Carolina.

Both active and alumni members will attend, and it is expected that the total number will be between 75 and 100. Messrs. Adrian Rhodes and Geo. Howell are the local members of the committee on arrangements, and they are making preparations for entertaining the visitors in grand style. In addition to the business meetings which will be held during the mornings there will be many pleasing social features.

There will be an elaborate banquet served at the Seashore Hotel either on the night of the 23rd or the 24th. The Tidewater Power Co., will also give a souvenir dance in honor of the fraternity on the night of the 24th. In addition to these social events there will be a number of fishing parties, and it is expected that much of the time of the meeting of the fraternity will be given to the social side.

The Phi Delta Theta is one of the well known college fraternities, and has chapters in every State in the Union. Included in its membership are some of the most prominent men of the State and Nation.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Announcements of Wilmington Pastors for Today's Services

Brooklyn Baptist church, J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Services at 11 A. M., and 8 P. M. The subject for the morning sermon will be: "Satisfied At Last," and at night, "The Claims of Jesus." The Lord's supper will be celebrated at the morning hour. Every member is urged to be present, as a matter of importance will be presented. Sunday School at 3:30 P. M., J. M. Bullard, superintendent. Ladies' Missionary Society, Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. B. Y. P. U., Thursday night. Bible Class and Teacher's meeting, Friday night. A cordial welcome to all is extended.

St. James' Episcopal Church, Rev. Wm. A. Milton, D. D., rector—Service, sermon and Holy Communion at 11 A. M. Evening prayer and sermon at Mt. Lebanon Chapel, Wrightsville Sound at 4:45 P. M. A cordial welcome to all.

Dock Street Christian Church—Sunday School at 9:45 A. M. Preaching at 11 A. M., by Rev. Leighton. Christian Endeavor at 7 P. M., conducted by one of the young ladies of the society. Preaching at 8 P. M., by Dr. Maxwell, who has a National reputation, and is one of the greatest pulpit orators in the South. You are cordially invited to attend one and all services.

St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, Rev. G. W. McClanahan, pastor—Services at 11 A. M., and 8 P. M. The topic for the morning sermon will be, "The Multitude Fed," and at night, "The Christian Soldier." Sunday School at 10 A. M. Wednesday evening services at 8 o'clock.

St. John's Episcopal Church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector—Men's Bible Class 10 A. M. Litany, Holy Communion and sermon at 11 A. M. Evening prayer, 5:30 P. M. Seats free and all are cordially invited.

Wrightsville Beach Chapel, near Station Two on the beach—Service at 8:30 P. M., with sermon by Rev. W. E. Cox, rector of St. John's church, Wilmington. Special music. A sacred vocal duet, "In the Cross of Christ I Glory" (E. Howe), by Mrs. M. H. Longfellow and Mr. F. P. Harrell. All are cordially invited to this service.

Christian Church, Dock street, between Third and Fourth—Dr. Samuel A. Maxwell will deliver the sermon tonight, his subject being the "Prisoner at the Bar." Rev. C. W. Leighton will deliver the morning sermon at 11 o'clock. It is important that all members of the church be present at both services.

Trinity M. E. Church, corner Ninth and Market streets—Services at 11 A. M. Sunday School and Business Men's Bible Class at 3:30 P. M. Services 8 P. M., by Rev. W. L. Rexford. Epworth League Monday 8 P. M. Regular prayer meeting Wednesday 8 P. M.

Bladen Street Methodist Church, corner Fifth and Bladen streets, Rev. W. L. Rexford, pastor—Preaching with communion service at 11 A. M., by the pastor. At 8 P. M., Rev. W. L. Baker, of the Presbyterian church, will preach. Morning prayer service at 10 o'clock. Sunday School at 3:30 P. M., J. B. Taylor, superintendent. Prayer service Wednesday night at 8 o'clock. All are welcome at these services.

The Fifth Street Methodist Church, Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor—At 11 o'clock the pastor will preach a special sermon to old people, followed by the sacrament of the Lord's supper. Appropriate music. Preaching by the pastor at 8 P. M. The public cordially invited to all services of the church.

St. James' Episcopal Church, Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton, rector, corner Third and Market streets—Holy Communion 11 A. M. Music—Communion service, Stainer. Offertory, "No Shadow Yonder," (from the Holy City), Gaul. Mr. McHenry McChord, organist, and director of choir.

Rev. J. L. Shinn will preach to the Southside Baptist congregation this morning and tonight in the Boys' Brigade armory, in the absence of the regular pastor.

WILMINGTON TO GET SHOWING.

U. S. Hydrographer Will Show Up Local Port in Next Report.

The Chamber of Commerce has assurances from Commander George F. Cooper, United States Navy Hydrographer, that the port of Wilmington will receive an equal showing with other large ports on the South Atlantic seaboard in the next publication of "Table of Distances in Nautical and Statute Miles" via the shortest navigable routes, issued under the authority of the Secretary of the Navy.

The distances from Wilmington to the principal ports of the world will be listed in detail and will make an interesting showing for Wilmington. The figures are compiled in the office of the hydrographer and the publication being the acknowledged authority is extensively used throughout the United States.

At the Beach Today.

Concerts at the hotels. Concerts at Lumina 11 A. M., 4 P. M., and 8:30 P. M. Surf bathing.

(advertisement.)

PREPARING FOR THE FIREMEN

Chief Schnibben Making Arrangements for the Convention and Tournament in August—Committees Named.

Chief Chas. Schnibben, of the Wilmington Fire Department, yesterday announced the committees he has selected to assist him in the preparations for the various features in connection with the annual convention and tournament of the North Carolina Firemen's Association, which will be held in this city August 11th to 16th. Chief Schnibben has already begun his canvass for funds with which to provide the prizes for the tournament and the entertainment of the visiting firemen. As was to be expected he is cordially received everywhere and is meeting with success in his efforts for funds.

The following are the committees announced yesterday:

Executive—Mayor P. Q. Moore, W. F. Jones, M. J. Corbett, W. H. Sprunt, C. N. Evans, W. B. Cooper, Walker Taylor, J. G. L. Gieschen, W. E. Springer, H. L. Vollers.

Finance—Chas. Schnibben, D. N. Chadwick, Jr., M. W. Divine, Eduard Ahrens, J. W. H. Fuchs, J. H. Hinton, J. M. Solky, M. W. Jacobi, Thos. H. Wright, Martin S. Willard.

Advertising—J. E. Thompson, Louis T. Moore, W. P. Monroe, R. P. McClammy, W. E. Lawson.

Transportation—James D. McNeill, W. J. Craig, F. A. Fetter.

Race Course—James Mote, Chief of Police N. J. Williams, John McAllister.

Public Comfort and Information—James Taylor, Marshall Starkey, William Struthers, Jr., Officers and members of the Fire Department.

Decoration—Ed. H. Munson, president of Wilmington Merchants' Association.

Parade—Col. J. VanB. Metts, chairman.

Automobiles—L. W. Moore, H. L. Fennell, W. D. MacMillan, E. R. Pickard.

Apparatus—W. P. Monroe, P. N. Fick, W. A. Canady, J. H. Litgen, L. Freimuth, G. T. Williamson.

Reception—W. A. French, C. W. Polvogt, Martin Schnibben, W. L. Burkheimer, A. A. Dock, C. H. White, T. W. Wood, John Oldenbuttel, J. F. Leitner, J. H. Rehder, H. T. Duls, C. D. Mamitt, Thos. D. Meares, L. Stein, Percy Wells, Benjamin Bell, Joe Schad, B. A. Merritt, Dr. Charles T. Nesbitt, George Schnibben, Martin Newman, George Honnet; members of Fire Department.

Entertainment—A. B. Skelding, Capt. J. W. Harper, Dr. Thomas B. Carroll, James Howard; officers and members of Fire Department.

From information received by Chief Schnibben the convention and tournament will be attended by the largest number of firemen that have ever attended a similar event in the State. The "boys" are all anxious to meet in Wilmington again. Capt. Jas. D. McNeill, of Fayetteville, president of the association, went to Richmond, Va., the past week to make arrangements for a special ten-day rate for the firemen, as many of those who expect to attend the convention want to stay here for several days longer than the convention will be in session. No report had been received by Chief Schnibben from Capt. McNeill up to last night.

Chief Schnibben has sent letters to a number of citizens of the city briefly setting forth something about the association and its meeting here in August and asking that they make a contribution to assist in arranging the prizes and in providing some entertainment for the vistors. The response so far has been very liberal. There are in this State nearly 100 white companies and delegates are sent from each company, besides, a large number of companies generally send picked teams to compete in the trials of skill. The tournament will not only draw a large number of firemen, but will also draw hundreds of people from neighboring towns who will be attracted here on account of thrilling contests that will be "pulled off."

It is hoped by Chief Schnibben to arrange for all the State races on Wednesday, the 13th, so that on Thursday as many visitors as care to go may be taken for a trip down the Cape Fear river and to Fort Caswell and Southport. The inter-State races will be held on Friday, the 15th. The details of the programme are yet to be worked out.

DR. NESBITT SAYS WORD.

Praise for The Orton Confectionery Ice Cream.

There is more room for adulteration in the manufacture of ice cream than possibly in any other commodity on the market. So-called "ice cream" can be made without any of the ingredients that it is supposed to contain; imitation cream, imitation sugar, imitation flavoring extracts, and imitation this, that, and the other thing go into the ordinary grades of ice cream.

And the consumer pays his money and never knows the difference.

Read the following from the Superintendent of the Board of Health:

"Wilmington, N. C., July 3, 1913.

"Mr. Eustace Dinos, City.

"Dear Sir:—Analysis of your ice cream shows that it contains 12.8 per cent fats and that in all other particulars it conforms to the Pure Food Law of the State of North Carolina. Our analysis disclosed no evidence whatever of any form of adulteration or impurity.

"I would respectfully suggest that you submit a sample of your cream from which you make ice cream for examination as to the amount of fat it contains as this seems to be the only deficiency in your product. The State law requires 14 per cent of butter fat in ice cream.

"I wish to thank you personally for the effort you are obviously making to furnish our citizens with honestly made and marketed ice cream.

"Very sincerely yours,
"CHAS. T. NESBITT,
"Supt. of Health."

We claim that our ice cream is the purest, richest and most wholesome ice cream made in Wilmington.

ORTON CONFECTIONERY.

(advertisement.)

Durham Seeks Next Meetng.

The Durham Herald of yesterday says that the Juniors of that city are making a big fight to land the 1914 State convention of the order. The 1913 convention will be held at Wrightsville Beach in August. The Durham lodges have sent letters to many lodges in the State, asking for their support in the candidacy of Durham. Favorable letters have been received from a number of these lodges. Durham will be well represented at the meeting, says the Herald. Friends of Mr. Delos W. Sorrell, of Durham, are urging his candidacy as a National representative to the Grand Lodge from this State.

WILMINGTON BEACH NEXT

New Resort to be Developed by Company Which Will be Organized This Week—Charter Has Been Applied For.

As further evidence of the fact that the people of Wilmington do not propose to let a little thing like the prohibition law prevent them from the full development of the resorts and resort sites in this county, came the announcement yesterday that articles of incorporation have been sent to Raleigh for a charter for the Wilmington Beach Corporation, which proposes to develop on an elaborate scale a fine beach property just below Carolina Beach.

The new corporation begins business with a capital stock of $50,000, all paid in, and will add more capital from time to time as the development progresses. The charter that has been applied for will be broad and will give the right to build and operate rail roads, steam or electric, and do any and all other things connected with a development of this sort. What is to be known as Wilmington Beach is a beautiful stretch of land lying immediately south of Carolina Beach, which, by the way, has recently taken on new life and proposes to be connected with Wilmington by a railroad in time for the business next Summer. Of course the railroad to Carolina Beach will also mean big things for Wilmington Beach, just to the South.

Wilmington Beach has a frontage of a mile on the ocean, and runs back clear to the Cape Fear, about a mile in width. The beach will be cut half in two by the new highway that the county is now building through Federal Point township.

Among the improvements to be made immediately is the construction of a 25-foot boardwalk the entire length of the beach. Then will follow in the near future the erection of a large tourist hotel, pavilion, tennis courts, and, in fact, everything that goes to make an up-to-date and modern Summer resort.

The promoters have as their ultimate purpose the development of the entire strip of land from Carolina Beach to the "Point," a distance of five miles. It is the plan of the incorporators of the new company to make of Wilmington Beach the Atlantic City of the South, and they believe that with the natural advantages of this property that the accomplishment of their purpose will be a comparatively easy matter. The construction of the boardwalk, which is to be about 100 feet from high tide line will be commenced in a short time. It is the plan of the incorporators to have the beach ready for the 1914 season.

Those interested in the company have already spent a considerable sum in preparing maps and blue prints of the property and in searching titles. They are in position to give perfect titles to all the property that will be placed on the market.

The incorporators of the company are: Mr. C. E. Greenamyer, C. C. Chadbourn, L. W. Davis, J. J. Hopkins, D. N. Chadwick, Jr.; F. P. Jackson, S. V. Bowen.

A meeting of the incorporators will be held as soon as the charter has been received, which will likely be one day early this week, for the purpose of organizing. Following this meeting, plans will be announced for the development of the property.

NO POLICE EXCURSION.

Square Dancing Tabooed at Carolina Beach is the Cause.

Because the management of Carolina Beach has ruled against the square dance, which has always proved a strong feature of these annual outings the Wilmington Police Department last night announced that the annual police excursion scheduled to be held on July 24th had been called off. The police say that the only reason given by the officials of the New Hanover Transit Company for tabooing the square dance was that nine-tenths of the people prefer the more modern round dance. The square dance has long been a distinct feature of the annual police outings at Carolina Beach, and many of those who bought tickets for this year's outing were under the impression that this would be among the several attractions again this year. A member of the committee stated that the police were unwilling to get a crowd to the resort in the belief that there would be square dancing and then announce that this feature would have to be eliminated; therefore they had decided not to operate the excursion.

Those who have purchased tickets for the excursion may have their money refunded by leaving the tickets at police headquarters between the hours of 7:30 P. M. and 5 A. M. Sergeants E. J. Grimsley and H. W. Howell compose the committee that had charge of this feature of the outing.

TEMPORARY RECEIVER.

Action Brought in Superior Court Against Oceanic Fisheries.

Judge George Rountree's first judicial act was the signing of an order Thursday night appointing Mr. M. W. Divin, of this city, temporary receiver of the Ocean Fisheries Company, of Brunswick county, on petition of the Corbett Company, of this city, which has instituted suit against the company in Superior Court here. The papers have been sent to Brunswick county to be served on officials of the company, so nothing was learned as to the reputed assets and liabilities. The matter is made returnable before Judge Rountree July 22nd, when the defendants are cited to appear and show cause, if any, why the receivership should not be made permanent. Ex-Judge E. K. Bryan appears for The Corbett Company. The plant of the Ocean Fisheries Company is located on the Cape Fear river, between Wilmington and Southport.

DOUBLE-HEADER AT PARK.

Immanuel Athletics Take Two Games From Delgado and Wrightsboro.

A double-header was played yesterday afternoon at League Park between the Immanuel Athletics and Delgado and the former team and Wrightsboro, the Immanuel boys taking both games. The first game was a five-inning contest with Delgado, the score being 3 to 1. In the second game with Wrightsboro the score was 8 to 1. The feature of the two games was the pitching of Griffith, who allowed only six hits in the two games.

Delgado and Immanuel have played four games and each have won two. Immanuel and Wrightsboro have played two games, each team winning one. The same teams will play next Saturday. Delgado will play Wrightsboro, and the second game will be between Immanuel and Wrightsboro.

The batteries yesterday were Griffith and Todd; King and Carter; Selter and Strickland.

15 Cents Round Trip.

Don't forget the delightful trip down river on steamer Wilmington, 7:30 this evening.

(advertisement.)

On Your Summer Trip

You will find our Travelers' Cheques can be cashed anywhere without identification. We will be glad to serve you.

OLD AND STRONG.

The PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK

Our Large Storage Vault

Is Fire and Burglar Proof

Customers and friends invited to store silver and valuables while away for the summer. No charge for storage.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy"

You Pay Us No More for Our Guaranteed Merchandise and You Get Satisfactory Service Besides

One reason why you should make POLVOGT'S your Store — your place to do your shopping always—you are assured the world's best goods, selected by experts. Our styles and designs reflect the season's choice. These features make POLVOGT'S Wilmington's leading store.

THE BEST MERCHANDISE, MODERATE PRICES, EFFICIENT AND SATISFACTORY SERVICE. SCIENTIFIC STORE ARRANGEMENT, MAKING IT POSSIBLE TO SHOP HERE WITH PLEASURE AND COMFORT.

This Store Closes Daily at 6 P. M. Fridays at 1 O'Clock P. M. Open till 10 P. M. Saturdays.

Buster Brown Hosiery, for Women and Children.

There is no argument or question about exchange, if this Hosiery is unsatisfactory. Simply say, SEND ME NEW STOCKINGS, if they wear out at heels or toes in four months. A strong guarantee, but we stand by it. The Stockings are Gauze Lisle, or Black, Tan or White.

Children's Black, Tan or White, ... Box of 4 pair $1

Silks Greatly Reduced for Quick Selling

Brocaded Crepe De Chine, 27 inches wide; priced special for, yard 65c

27-inch French Nolly Voiles, flowered designs, priced special at, yard 19c

Bulgarian Crepes, 36 inches wide; priced special at, yard 25c

27-inch Nub Voiles, extra good quality; regular 50c quality; priced special, at yard 35

Colored Crepes, 27 inches wide, in Pink, Light Blue and Black; priced special at, yard 35c

36-inch Black Messaline; extra good quality; regular $1.00 quality; for this week; special price, yard 85c

Stripe Ratine, in Brown and Purple, with white stripe; special price, yard 35c

36-inch White and Colored Voiles; regular 35c quality; special, yard 25c

27-inch Black Waterproof China Silk; regular 75c quality; priced special, at a yard 50c

36-inch Fancy Stripe Wash Silks; regular $1.00 quality; priced special, at a yard 75c

Bathing Suits.

Ladies' Bathing Suits, a Suit ..... $1.50 to $6.50
Misses' Bathing Suits, a Suit ..... $1.00 to $3.50
Men's Bathing Suits, a Suit ..... $1.00 to $3.00
Boys' Bathing Suits, a Suit ..... 50c to $1.50
Bathing Caps, each ..... 25c to $2.00
Bathing Slippers, a pair ..... 25c to 75c

These Items from the Linen Stock are Exceptionally Low Priced.

60-inch Mercerized Table Damask, 65c quality, price, yard 42c

60-inch Mercerized Table Damask, 35c quality, price, yard 25c

72-inch Linen Table Damask; $1.25 quality, price, yard 98c

42x36 Superior Pillow Cases, plain; our regular 15c quality; priced special 10c

45x36 Special Pillow Cases, plain; regular 20c quality; priced special 15c

45x36 Popular Pillow Cases, plain; regular 18c quality; priced special 12c

45x36 Famous Mohawk Pillow Cases; regular 25c quality; priced special 20c

45x36 Hemstitched Pillow Cases; regular 25c quality; priced special 18c

81x90 Mohawk Sheets; regular $1.00 quality; priced special 79c

90x90 Mohawk Sheets; regular $1.10 quality; priced special 89c

81x90 Lenox Sheets; regular 85c quality; priced special 69c

72x90 Sheets; dandy; regular 65c quality; priced special 42c

81x90 Hemstitched Mohawk Sheets, $1.00 quality; priced special 89c

90x90 Hemstitched Mohawk Sheets; regular $1.25 quality; priced special 98c

EVERYTHING AT REDUCED PRICES IN OUR READY TO WEAR SECTION

In our Ready to Wear Section we begin Tomorrow to reduce prices on ALL ready to wear garments. EVERY GARMENT MUST BE SOLD.

TAILORED SUITS
CREPE DE CHINE DRESSES
SILK POPLIN DRESSES
SILK DRESSES
COLORED CHARMEUSE DRESSES
CREPE METEOR DRESSES.

There are some beautiful garments in our stock that can be bought tomorrow at Tremendous Reductions.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

Wilmington's Shopping Center.

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Mr. Frederick D. Bear has returned after an absence of some time.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Chadwick left yesterday to visit relatives at Benson.

* * *

Miss Vessie Cottle, of Willard, is spending a few days in the city visiting friends.

* * *

Misses Lila and Laura Jacobs left last week for Dunn to attend a house party given by Miss Mary Mackay.

* * *

Mr. Leon LeGrand, of Sumter, S. C., is visiting at the home of Mr. W. A. Whitney, No. 224 North Seventh street.

* * *

Mr. J. W. Charles and son, of St. Petersburg, Fla., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Page, at Winter Park.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Robinson are visiting relatives at Atkinson. They will be gone for several months.

* * *

Miss Frances Parks, an attractive young lady of Raleigh, is visiting Miss Olivia Horne.

* * *

Mr. J. A. Fettel and family are spending their vacation camping at Bradley's creek.

* * *

Miss Lillian Reeves, who has been visiting Mrs. W. H. James, of Rocky Mount, has returned home.

* * *

Mr. Frank G. Harriss, commercial agent of the Winston-Salem Southbound Railroad, is spending a few days in the city.

* * *

Mrs. R. H. Pickett and daughter, Miss Mary H. Pickett, are visiting relatives and friends in Portsmouth, Va.

* * *

Mrs. John C. Parnell and little daughter, Sadie, are visiting Mrs. Trabue Barksdale, at Villa View and Wrightsville Sound.

* * *

The Ida Hankins Missionary Society of Grace Methodist church will have a pound party in connection with its regular monthly meeting tomorrow evening, for the benefit of a worthy family that is in need. All members are urged to attend.

* * *

Mr. J. P. Lawson, of Winston-Salem, is visiting his son, Mr. Wm. E. Lawson, No. 310 Ann street, for a few days. Mr. Lawson is president of the Winston Drug Company, a wholesale drug house of the Twin City.

* * *

The State Federation of Women's Clubs has on hand $1,000 for the loan fund for any deserving young ladies who may wish to enter college. Those interested may obtain information regarding the fund by applying to the president of the local Sorosis club.

* * *

Miss Margaret Jones, of Georgetown, S. C., is spending a few days here with her brother, Mr. William Jones, en route to New York City, where she will take the Summer course for teachers at Columbia University.

* * *

The Young men's Hebrew Association will have an outing in the boat, Caldon Boy, this morning. The boat will leave at 10 A. M. for a trip up the Cape Fear river. Refreshments will be served on the boat, and the members and their friends are invited.

* * *

Mr. J. S. Reaves, of Jacksonville, Fla., is visiting his father, Mr. W. J. Reaves, at his Summer home at Edgewood. Accompanying him was Miss Fannie Smith, who will spend some time with her friend, Miss Lillian Reaves. Within a few days Miss Reaves will give a reception in honor of her attractive guest.

* * *

Miss Genevieve Dushan has returned to the city, after a most delightful visit to DeLand, Fla., where she attended the commencement exercises of Stetson University, later joining her mother, Mrs. Chas. Dushan, in Dublin, Ga., where they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. LaFrage for several weeks. Mrs. Dushan has also returned to the city.

* * *

Before the beginning of the regular evening service tonight at the First Baptist church an organ recital will be given by Mr. McHenry McChord, organist at St. James' Episcopal church. Following is a list of the numbers that will be given: Choral by Boellerman; Romance by Friml; A Song of Mourning by Massenet; Offertory—In Summer, by Stebbins. The recital will begin promptly at 7:45 o'clock.

* * *

An all-day excursion to Carolina Beach will be run by the Ladies' Aid Society, of Fifth Street Methodist church, on Friday, July 11th. The boat will leave the dock at foot of Princess street at 9 A. M., and 3:30 P. M. Refreshments will be served on board and also at the beach. Everybody is invited to go down, and a good time is assured.

* * *

The Clyde steamship 'Cherokee" sailed yesterday for New York with the following passenger list: Mr. William Braake, Miss Catharine Braake, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Burr, Mr. Ralph Soverell, Mr. Fred Burr, Miss Lucy Hall, Mr. Andy Rom, Miss M. C. Mahn, Mr. W. G. Wohlenberg, Mrs. F. E. Wetmore, Miss Jessie Wetmore, Mr. Fred Wetmore, Mr. T. F. Hayden, Mr. F. French, Mr. E. W. Royster, Mrs. H. O. Wallace, Mr. H. W. Banck, Mr. C. E. McKee, Mr. A. H. Silverthorne.

* * *

ADDITIONAL PRIZES IN RECENT SOROSIS CONTEST

In addition to the prizes recently given in Sorosis prize contest the following have also been awarded: For climbing roses, Mrs. T. B. Willard won first prize on the car line, and Mrs. Charles Hall, Winter Park, won first prize off car line. Mrs. T. C. James won second prize. For standing roses, Mrs. L. H. Skinner won first prize and Mrs. C. B. Bellois, second prize. Mrs. C. C. Brown was also given a prize. For children's vegetables, Christopher Grafflin and Johnnie Johnston were given prizes. For flowers, Mary Louise Stover. For porch box, south of Ann street, Cato Littleton, Blaney's Alley. Zinnias, Dr. D. W. Bulluck. Hydrangeas, Mrs. W. A. Williams. Cannas, Mrs. L. B. Sasser. Coleus, Mrs. N. M. McEachern. Honorable mention, hydrangeas, Mrs. W. A. Dick.

The colored people were given prizes as follows: Best kept back yard, Annie Galloway; best kept front yard, Sadie Davis; most attractive porch plants, Maggie Burnett; best child's flower garden, Parasala Jones

Seagate Defeats Juniors

The Dry Pond Juniors were defeated yesterday in a fast and snappy game of ball by Seagate, on the latter's grounds, by a score of 7 to 4. The batteries were Buck and Greenwald, for the Juniors, and Shaw and Stanley, for Seagate.

Wrightsville Beach

Mr. W. W. Love and family, of Wilmington, are spending a few weeks at the Hanover Inn.

Mr. and Mrs. Sig Wallace and daughters, of Statesville, are spending the Summer at Wrightsville Beach.

Misses Mary and Bessie Durham and Leila Durham returned to their home at Charlotte yesterday after a stay at the Seashore Hotel.

Misses Rena and Lillie Hall and Mr. Billie Hall, of Harrell's store, spent yesterday on the beach with their brother, Mr. Romulus Hall.

Greensboro News: "Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Cook and family, accompanied by Miss Lydia Brookbank, left yesterday noon for a ten days' sojourn at Wrightsville Beach."

Among the recent arrivals at the Hanover Inn are: J. S. Lyell, Mississippi; R. E. Ward, Florence, S. C.; Manuel Balais, Atlanta, a native of Cuba; Geo. J. Bassing, Sumter, S. C.

Mrs. Wade H. Harris and Miss Cora Harris, wife and daughter of Editor Harris, of the Charlotte Observer, and Miss Esther W. Springs, of Charlotte, are spending some time at the Seashore Hotel.

Arrivals at the Oceanic Hotel yesterday included J. L. Bridgers, Bladenboro; J. H. Herbert, Rocky Mount; E. J. Putnam, Atlanta; J. H. Hughes, Charlotte; T. F. Reeves, Asheville; J. S. Kerr, New Orleans; H. B. Thackston, Atlanta.

Winston-Salem Sentinel: "Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Masten have returned from a delightful stay at Wrightsville Beach and Wilmington.——Miss Ruth Joyner left this morning for Wrightsville Beach, where she will attend a house party to be given by Miss Mary Mitchell. She was joined in Greensboro by Miss Jane Summerill, of China Grove, who will also be a member of the house party."

Yesterday afternoon's Charlotte Chronicle: "Mrs. Charles M. Carson and son, Mr. James H. Carson, will return Monday from Wrightsville Beach, where they have been for the past two weeks.——A party composed of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Hagood and son, Master William, and Misses Bessie, Kathleen and Susie Stern, will leave early next week for Wrightsville Beach, where they will remain for some time."

In response to requests of a large number of guests of the hotel, Manager Chas. E. Hooper yesterday kindly consented to the use of the handsome new pavilion for morning dances, beginning Tuesday morning of this week. There are at the hotel now a number of guests who are simply carried away with the several new dances and it is not improbable that the new step will have undisputed possession of the pavilion.

The Sons of Jove, the fraternal organization of electrical men of North Carolina, held their annual outing and rejuvenation at Wrightsville Beach yesterday. Through a misunderstanding as to the time and place of meeting there was a small attendance, and the banquet which had been planned for last night at the Seashore Hotel was called off. A number of the visitors left on the afternoon trains yesterday for their homes while others remained over to spend Sunday at the beach. Mr. N. L Walker, of Raleigh, is at the head of the organization.

Yesterday's arrivals at the Seashore Hotel included Mrs. J. C. Hudson and two children, Miss A. L. Randolph, Miss Hattie Randolph, S. F. Elvington, Kinston; T. Marshall West, Fayetteville; Miss Barnes, Reidsville; Mrs. H. L. Cook, High Springs; L. L. Hunter, Charlotte; Miss McBuie, Miss McArthur, Miss Margaret McQueen, Fayetteville; Chas. N. McArthur, Montbank, Fla.; Mrs. J. S. Newton and child, Fayetteville; Mr. and Mrs. Jas. H. Pearce, Warsaw; P. N. Pittenger, Lumberton; A. R. Freeman, Aberdeen; M. C. Horne, Monroe; Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Tye, Atlanta; L. L. Fuller, Laurens, S. C.

The programme arranged for tonight's concert at Lumina is probably the most elaborate one that has been prepared by Mr. Kneisel so far this season. Included in this programme are selections from "Bells of Normandy," "The Palms," melodies from "The Spring Maid," Leybach's "Fifth Nocturne," "Second Hungarian Rhapsody," Titil's "Serenade," the "Beautiful Blue Danube' and 'Tres Moutarde.' The programme for the afternoon concert also has a number of excellent selections. The orchestra for today will be increased by the addition of another cornet. Besides the concerts at 4 and 8:30 P. M., there will be a concert from 11 to 12 in the morning. The entire programme for the afternoon and night concerts is published in another column of todays paper.

As an additional attraction to those who will enjoy the cool breezes from the promenades and from the grandstand at Lumina Monday evening, the Tidewater Power Company has arranged to exhibit four reels of moving pictures, entitled "The Electrical Education of Mr. and Mrs. Thrifty." These pictures, while very amusing, are quite unlike the usual exhibitions of this kind, the pictures being instructive as well as entertaining. This is entirely a new feature for Lumina and is somewhat of an experiment. However, should it prove successful the management hopes to repeat the entertainment from time to time when the weather permits and when the moon is engaged on the other side of the globe. The screen for displaying the pictures will be located at the water's edge in front of Lumina. The operator with his machine will be stationed on the upper deck on the east side of the pavilion. The exhibition, of course, will in no way interfere with the dancing. The exhibition will begin at 8:45 o'clock.

The following is the programme for the concert to be given today from 12:30 to 2:30 o'clock at the Oceanic Hotel.

Medley—"Kentucky Days" ..Wenrich
Valse Retrospective—"The Old Wedding Gown" .. .. ..

Financial and Commercial

TARIFF AND COTTON FUTURES

Former President of New Orleans Exchange Takes Position Clarke Amendment Will Not Regulate.

New Orleans, July 5.—W. B. Thompson, ex-president of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, spot cotton merchant, Commissioner of Public Utilities of the city of New Orleans, and a student of modern markets, has sent the following telegram to Hon. C. S. Barrett, president of the Farmers' Union, Union City, Ga.:

"The Clarke amendment to the tariff bill will not regulate future trading but by destroying the future contract markets will strike down all future trading both good and bad. Hedges cannot be bought or sold hence the spot cotton business will be made speculative in the last degree. This will mean that the multitude of cotton buyers of small or limited means will be forced out of business and the producer will be under the necessity of carrying his cotton indefinitely or else selling it at the price offered by spinners or by a few large operators or a combination of the same whose business will be to speculate upon the producers' necessities.

"Furthermore, the provision in the amendment limiting the tax and penalty to future contracts made on or under the rules of any cotton exchange or similar institution will not only destroy the contract exchanges of New Orleans and New York, but will destroy all the local exchanges throughout the cotton belt, because no man will hold membership in an institution when such fact subjects his private contracts to an excessive tax and renders him liable to a penalty from $2,000 to $20,000 for conducting his business in accordance with the rules and regulations established by such exchanges for the protection and benefit of the trade. If all these exchanges were put out of business there would be no points for the collection and dissemination of information as to conditions. And the producer would be wholly in the dark as to the value of his cotton and would be at the mercy of the buyer whose superior private facilities put him into possession of such information.

"Moreover, if there were no exchanges or similar organizations there could be no rules or standards of trade regulating and restraining individual conduct in business which would result in disorderly conditions most prejudicial to all concerned. In other words, the said tax amendment would not only destroy the future markets of America, but would disorganize the whole system by which our crops are moved and place us in the hands of foreign organizations and local combinations of buyers.

"It is reported that in supporting said amendment some Senators take the position that while they doubt the wisdom of the measure or are of the positive opinion that it is unwise and will be injurious, still as the farmers want it they say let them have it, and take the consequences. We cannot afford to experiment with such a vital matter. I am not connected with any exchange in an official capacity and I have no interest in any future business. You know that I have given much time and effort to the betterment of the producers' condition and to improvement in all legitimate trade. I think you believe in the sincerity of my purpose. I say to you earnestly that in my opinion this measure is fraught with the most serious consequences to the interests you represent and with no intention of being officious but animated only by sincere desire to co-operate with you in your work for the Southern farmer I beg you to give this vital matter your most serious consideration before using the power of your great organization to advance so dangerous a measure and before you accept responsibility therefor."

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, July 5.—Spot cotton in light demand, prices steady. Middling fair 7.28; good middling 6.94; middling 6.70; low middling 6.04; ordinary 5.70. Sales 5,000 bales, including 4,500 American and 500 for speculation and export. Receipts 6,000 bales, including 3,600 American.

Futures closed quiet. July 6.44; July and August 6.43; August and September 6.35; September and October 6.24; October and November 6.18; November and December 6.14; December and January 6.13; January and February 6.13; February and March 6.14 1-2; March and April 6.15 1-2; April and May 6.16 1-2; May and June 6.17 1-2; June and July 6.17 1-2.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, July 5.—Prime mercantile paper 6 per cent. Sterling exchange strong with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8705 for 60 day bills and at 4.83 1-4 for demand. Commercial bills 4.82 3-4. Bar silver 58 3-8. Mexican dollars 48.

THE NAVAL STORES MARKET.

Savannah, July 5.—Turpentine—Firm, at 36 to 36¼; sales, 880; receipts, 861; shipments, 578; stocks, 28,884.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 1,267; receipts, 1,614; shipments, 1,541; stocks, 128,515. Quote: A, B, 4.30; C, D, 4.25@4.35; F, G, H, and I and K, 4.45; M, 4.80; N, 5.40; W G, 6.25; W W, 6.30.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, July 5.—Butter, barely steady. Other Produce—Holiday.
Potatoes—Steady and unchanged.
Cabbages—Steady and unchanged.

ORGANIZE BLUE AND GRAY.

Movement for an Association of Survivors of North and South.

Gettysburg, July 5.—A number of Union and Confederate veterans met today and recommended the formation of an organization of soldiers of both sides to meet annually. The resolution to this effect is signed by Ell Torrance, chairman of the National Commission, G. A. R.; Irvin Walker, chairman United Confederate Veterans; Gen. Felix H. Robertson, of Texas; Capt. William H. Harries, Iron Brigade; Major John Bigelow, commander Ninth Massachusetts battery, known as Bigelow's Battery; Col. Andrew Cowan, Louisville, Ky., and Maj. John B. Pirtle, Bates' division, C. S. A.

Arouses the Liver and Purifies the Blood

The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC, arouses the liver to action, drives Malaria out of the blood and builds up the system. For adults and children. 50c.
(Advertisement.)

WEEKLY COTTON GOODS REVIEW

Primary Divisions Showed Sustained Strength Despite the Fact That Two Holidays Were Observed During Week.

New York, July 5.—While the week was a short one in trade, owing to the wide observance of the double holiday, cotton goods markets in the primary divisions showed sustained strength. Buying of wide print cloths was active on Wednesday and Thursday, many additional contracts being placed for August, September and October delivery. Prices held firm on a basis of 7 cents for four-yard eighty squares for late contracts, and 3¼ cents for 27 inch 64x60s.

The inquiry for sheetings for export to China and Africa was light, but the five largest mills now making export cottons of the heavier descriptions have fair-sized orders in hand to keep them busy to the end of the year. Prints were quiet. Bleached goods are steady and leading mills well employed for the next sixty days.

Openings of ginghams and fine fancy cottons are to take place in the coming few weeks for Spring, 1914, distribution. Jobbers are still moving conservatively in forward purchases, and are expected to place many orders this month at the time they gather in New York for the semi-annual conventions.

There is a considerable restriction of products in the mills, due to labor scarcity and the unwillingness of manfactures to accumulate stocks. Reports from the half year in the jobbing trade show that stocks are usually well in hand, warehouse stocks in particular being lighter than usual. The raw material markets hold firm and lend aid in maintaining values. Yarns have been quiet. Underwear and hosiery for Spring, 1914 have been selling well.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Brg. Maine, Bradley, Barren Island, cargo tankage to Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., Mafflit & Wood, Agents.

Schr. William Thomas Moore, 263 tons, Jones, Jersey City, Mafflit & Wood.

Cleared.

Str. Cherokee, 1,966 tons, Devereaux, New York, C. J. Becker.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Schooners.

Schr. Fred. W. Ayer, 314 tons, Boldt, Fall River, Mafflit & Wood.

Schr. Evelyn (Br.), 287 tons, Berry, Barbadoes, Mafflit & Wood.

Schr. Philips M. Brooks, 238 tons, Sanders, Jersey City, Mafflit & Wood.

Schr. Venus, 194 tons, Simmons, Baltimore, Mafflit & Wood.

Schr. William Thomas Moore, 263 tons, Jones, Jersey City, Mafflit & Wood.

Steamers.

Str. Queen Elizabeth, 2,785 tons, Munroe, South America, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, July 5.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE — Steady, at 35 cents per gallon.

ROSIN—Steady, $3.50 per barrel.

TAR—Firm, at $2.20 per barrel; in casks 9½c. per gallon.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm, $2.00 per barrel for hard; $3.00 per berrel for dip, and $3.00 per barrel for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 43½; rosin, $5.65; tar, $2.00; crude turpentine, firm, at $3.25@$4.50 to $4.50.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine ..... (—)
Rosin ..... (—)
Tar ..... (—)
Crude Turpentine ..... (—)

Receipts same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 43 casks; rosin, 21 barrels; tar, 1 barrel; crude turpentine, 49 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Spot cotton, nominal.
Receipts, 48; same day last year, — bales.
Total receipts since Sept. 1, 441,429 bales.
Total receipts, same time last year, 508,634 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, July 5.)

CORN—1.65 to 1.72½ per sack.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, new crop, 50c to 75c per bu. Sweet potatoes yams, .75 to .90.

PEAS—Dull. White, $2.00@$2.25 to $2.40; cow peas, $1.50 to $1.75 per bu.

BEEF—Native, dressed, 8c.

PORK—9 to 11c.

WOOL—Burry, 11c to 15c. per lb.; free of burs, 15c. per lb.

HIDES—Green, 10c. per lb.; dry, 17c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, 20 to 21c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 15c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm, 27@28c. per lb.

TALLOW—Firm, 4½@5c. per lb.

POULTRY — Chickens, good demand. Grown, 45@50c.; Spring chickens, 12½@35c. per head.

EGGS—Good Demand, 18@20c.

SHEEP—Old sheep, 75c to $2.50 per head, Lambs, $1.00 to $3.00 per head.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Wilmington, N. C., July 5.
Atlantic Coast Line—48 bales cotton.
Total—48 bales cotton.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)
Wilmington, N. C., July 5.

Market—Firm.

North Carolinas—Farmers' stock prime hand-picked, 75c.; machine-picked, 70c.

Spanish—Prime hand-picked, $1.50; machine-picked, $1.40.

Virginias—Prime hand-picked, 88c.; machine-picked, 80c.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., July 3.—Spanish—Market, firm. Receipts, light. Good demand. Farmers' Spanish, $1.62½ per bushel; No. 1, Shelled Spanish, 9½c. to 9¾c. per lb. No. 2, Shelled Spanish, 7c. to 7¼c. per lb.

Virginias—Fancy Jumbo, 4c. per lb. Hand Picked, 3¾c. per lb. Extra prime, 3½c. to 3⅝c. per lb. Prime, 3¼c. per lb. Machine Picked, 2¾c. to 3.12c. per lb.. Shelling 2½c. to 3c. per lb.

SUFFRAGETTE WAS MAULED

One of Party Beaten for Disturbance When Lloyd-George Spoke

London, July 5.—Seven suffragettes and their six male champions, one of whom was a clergyman, were ejected for raising a disturbance during the speech this afternoon of Chancellor Lloyd-George at a garden party organized by the radicals at West Islington. Despite the chancellor's plea that the removal of the disturbers be done gently, one woman was so badly mauled that she had to receive medical treatment. From that on Mr. Lloyd-George's speech was without interruption.

CAR MEN STRIKE

Strikers Tie Up All Chicago Suburban Lines

Chicago, July 5.—The strike of employes of the Coutny Traction Company kept hundreds of holiday seekers from reaching their destinations in the country Friday. The company controls the surface lines in Cook county outside of Chicago.

About 300 employes struck, and not a car was taken from the barns. The strikers ask the same wages and working conditions as the men employed on lines within the city.

IN THE WORLD OF FINANCE

Dullness Was the Chief Characteristic of the Week in the Stock Market—Triple Holiday and Heat Factors.

New York, July 5. — Dullness was the chief characteristic of the week in the stock market, with the impending triple holiday, and the oppressive heat as extra factors.

Dealings were almost exclusively in the hands of professional traders, and the market displayed the tendencies resulting from such operations based as they were on flying impressions of bulletin news or mere rumors. An example was the shifting effect of the final stages of the Union Pacific dissolution negotiations, news of which while reflecting no vital change from day to day, caused wide fluctuations in stocks affected.

Another evidence of the narrow professionalism of the market was seen in its thinness, which was so pronounced that orders to sell "at the market," a usually active stock, might necessitate a wide concession from the preceding sale. An equally wide advance might result when the room traders turned buyers, owing to the scarcity of offerings. It was evident that, while free from material selling pressure, there was no substantial buying demand.

The money market showed its expected easing tendency both here and abroad, with the turn of the half year. In Berlin, especially, which was the point of admittedly greatest strain, the private discount rate yielded a substantial fraction, and it was made manifest that anxious preparations for the stress of the settlement period had been overdone, were there any assurance that this relaxation was more than temporary, decided improvement in security markets might be looked for. Even as it is, there was perceptibly an increase in the demand for bonds, which was ascribed to the reinvestmenet of sums disbursed for July interest and dividends. Some increased demand for commercial paper also was noted. Fundamental conditions in the capital market, however, are unchanged. In some directions, stiff money rates are reported already to have put restraint on mercantile ventures.

On the other hand, the high ratio of operative cost of railroads shown in current reports is due to a policy of very liberal expenditure for up-keep, in expectation of coming heavy pressure of traffic. The sustained steel and iron output for June particularly the bringing up of demand for pig iron during the last week, made for encouragement. The copper trade looks for some accumulation of stocks to be shown in the July report.

CONGRESS CONDENSED

A Day's Work in the House and Senate

Washington, July 5.—Senate: Not in session, meets Monday.

Caucus put finishing touches on tariff bill.

House: Met at noon.

Debated resolution for conducting a lobby investigation and inquiry of the Mulhall charges.

Representative Burgess reintroduced resolution to request President to consider a treaty with powers for neutralization of Philippines.

Representative Mondell introduced resolution to appropriate $50,000 to experiment on methods of exterminating the prairie dog.

Vote on Mulhall inquiry went over to next Wednesday.

Adjourned at 3:45 P. M. until noon Wednesday.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL ROBBERY.

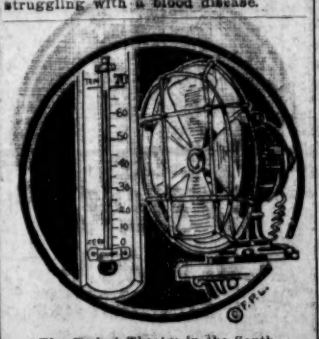
Less Than $1,000 Was Obtained by Bold Bandits.

New Orleans, July 5.—Less than $1,000 was obtained by the robbers who held up the Illinois Central Southbound train near Tallahatchie, Miss., early Friday, according to G. F. Nosler, general agent of the American Express Company, in this city, who said today that the money in the wrecked safe had been checked up.

Pruritis a Severe Form of Eczema

A Method of Home Treatment that is Very Effective.

There is probably no other remedy so well known as S. S. S. for the blood. And for this reason it is the one remedy invariably called for in treating pruritis and other skin diseases. But there are many people who do not insist upon having S. S. S. and are easily persuaded to try something else "just as good," so they are told. If your blood is thin; if your skin is irritated with eczema, lupus, tetter, psoriasis, or any other blood humor; if you are troubled with pimples or boils, do not permit yourself to be talked into buying something else, but insist upon S. S. S. It is really a remarkable remedy. It contains one ingredient, the active purpose of which is to stimulate the tissues to the healthy selection of its own essential nutriment. And the medical elements of this matchless blood purifier are just as essential to well-balanced health as the nutritious elements of the meats, grains, fats and sugars of our daily food. These facts are brought out in a highly interesting book on skin diseases, compiled by the medical department of the Swift Specific Co., 184 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. It is mailed free, together with a special letter of advice, to all who are struggling with a blood disease.



The Coolest Theatre in the South. Just Installed, Two Electric Fans at a cost of One Thousand Dollars.

BIJOU

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.
July 6, 1913.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 78 degrees; at 8 P. M., 81 degrees; maximum, 90 degrees; minimum, 74 degrees; mean, 82 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month, to date, .3.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 3.7 feet.

Weathern Prediction.

For North Carolina: Generally fair Sunday and Monday; light to moderate west winds.

The Fort Calendar—July 5.

Sun rises ..... 5:06 A. M.
Sun sets ..... 7:27 P. M.
Day's length ..... 14 hrs. 20 min.

Tides.

	High water. A.M.	High water. P.M.	Low water. A.M.	Low water. P.M.
Wilmington	11:25	12:00	6:53	6:39
Southport	9:22	9:49	3:33	3:39
Masonboro Inlet	9:11	8:59	3:13	3:19

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.
July 5, 1913.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Temperature: Lowest last night.	Precipitation, 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	92	72	.0
Asheville	clear	86	64	.0
Atlanta	clear	90	72	.01
Augusta	pt cldy	92	74	.0
Birmingham	clear	96	72	.0
Boston	cloudy	94	72	.0
Charleston	cloudy	88	78	.0
Charlotte	clear	90	68	.74
Chicago	clear	92	76	.0
Galveston	clear	86	80	.0
Jacksonville	cloudy	92	74	.0
Memphis	clear	92	78	.0
Mobile	raining	92	74	.01
Montgomery	cloudy	92	74	.22
New Orleans	pt cldy	94	76	.0
New York	cloudy	88	68	1.06
Oklahoma	clear	90	72	.0
Palestine	clear	92	72	.0
Pittsburg	cloudy	86	74	.32
Raleigh	clear	92	72	.04
Savannah	cloudy	92	76	.14
Shreveport	clear	94	74	.0
St. Louis	clear	96	74	.0
Washington	cloudy	92	74	.18

Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure

The worst cases, no matter of how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. Relieves pain and heals at the same time. 25c. 50c, $1.00.
(advertisement.)

VISIT THE

Grand Theatre

5 Cents

DAY OR NIGHT

EDISON—"A RACE TO NEW YORK."
(Being the Eleventh Story of What Happened to Mary.)

SELIG—"THE FOOD CHOPPER'S WAR."
(A Comedy Drama.)

VITAGRAPH MASTER COMEDY—"BINGLES MENDS THE CLOCK."
(A Laugh with Every Turn of the Second Hand.)

No. Six-Sixty-Six

This is a prescription prepared especially for MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the Fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Calomel and does not gripe or sicken. 25c

600 IRON BEDS

600 Springs.
550 Chairs.
2,000 Yards Matting.
150 Rugs.

Automatic and Rival Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, all specially suited in quality and price for the Beach and Sound Trade.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.

Get Your Crackers

For a Safe and Sane

4th of July

from

Holmes & Atkinson

Things to help you celebrate:
Limejuice, Preserves, Packaged Fruits, Appolinaris, Olives, Pickles, N. B. C. Package Biscuit, Appetizers, Sardines, Soused Mackerel, Ripe Olives,
All kinds of Picnic Canned Goods.
A new addition to the Cracker Department just received—Seafoam Biscuit—Order some.
QUALITY GROCERS.
Watch our Windows. Watch our Ads.

J. B. McCabe, Manager. Local and Long Distance Phone 502.

Carolina Audit & Adjustment Company,

Licensed Accountants and Auditors,
Room 405 Southern Bldg.
Wilmington, N. C.

Audits. Accounting Systems.
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The Veiled Prophet

MELEAN

The Brightest Star In The Diadem of The Profession

The Only Licensed Clairvoyant In Wilmington

The acknowledged Master of mental mediumship. Melean will tell you what you wish to know, be it good or bad.

No matter how bad your condition or of how long standing, Melean can bring the success and happiness that is rightfully yours.

Melean's long and successful practice in adjusting business affairs makes it impossible to fail in being of benefit in affairs of love, marriage, divorce, changes, wills, deeds, mortgages, patents, sickness, and, in fact, everything.

Evil habits and influences that bear you down, causing bad luck and making you despondent and unable to gain your desires, Melean, through the fully developed psychic forces can remove.

Melean develops Personal Magnetism, and all latent forces, giving you the power to control any one or condition you desire.

Why are you so unsuccessful in business?
Why are you so melancholy and discouraged?
Why are you drawn through life so unhappy?
Why is some one sharing the love that is rightfully yours?

These and kindred questions can be answered, advised upon, and the cause explained by consulting this noted clairvoyant, who can impart to you a force so strong, so subtle that life becomes Bright, Happy and Prosperous.

Those who are in sorrow, doubt and distress should call at once. Melean has helped others, why not you? She never fails.

Come today, for tomorrow may be too late.

Melean develops weak Mediums and Clairvoyants, and instructs you in the occult, imparting to you the wonderful secret—"Success."

This noted clairvoyant, whose advertisement appears in every issue of the Morning Star, is besieged each day with the very best people in Wilmington, seeking advice and information on all matters of interest in business transactions, law suits, contested wills, life insurance, damage suits, divorces, deeds, mortgages, hidden treasures, claims, collections, speculations, adventures, stocks and financial difficulties. Predicts the success or failure of the new invention, patents pending, pension claims, etc., tells you whether you will receive fair dealings with partners.

If you care to know what business you shall follow to be successful, where you shall go, and who to avoid, if you intend to make any changes, or to start a business, buy or sell property, or, in fact, take any important steps, you should call upon this gifted clairvoyant at once.

Call today, for tomorrow may be too late.

Satisfaction is positively guaranteed. No fee accepted in advance. If you are not satisfied, no fee is accepted. Is not that honest? Could anything be more fair? A pleased patron brings his friends. Melean's motto is: "I must satisfy you first."

Melean's practice and professional reputation is built upon honor, reasonable charges, faithful service and speedy success.

Remember the name and number—Elda Melean, 106 N. Fourth St., second door North of Princess St.

Elda Melean

106 N. FOURTH ST.

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter s Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist, Ask for CHI-CHES-TER S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 35 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

MADE BY H R Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK
BLUE-PRINTS

Open Air Moving Pictures

Lumina---Tomorrow Night

SUBJECT:

"Electrical Education of Mr. and Mrs. Thrifty"—4 Reels.

Screen for exhibiting pictures will be located at water's edge in front of Lumina.

Exhibition Begins at 8:45 P.M.

N. M. Culbreth, M. D., D. D. S. N. A. Culbreth, D. D. S.

All Ages Come Here

for first-class Dental Work because our reputation has put us in the front rank. We are practical Dentists with thoroughly up-to-date methods. We practice every branch of the business and excel in all of them. Crown and Bridge work and Filling are specialties with us, as is also painless extraction. Our charges are positively low.

CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK A SPECIALTY.

Drs. Culbreth and Culbreth
FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS.

DAVID'S

The first "4th of July" celebration

IN those days they celebrated the country's independence of foreign rule; they had to fight for it, but they got it. In these days there's a different sort of independence to be gained; and you ought to help win it.

Independence from fraud in merchandise is one of the things we 're trying for; the elimination of the cheap stuff that masquerades as quality. It appears in clothing in the form of cotton mixed fabrics, in "sloppy" tailoring, in flashy, undignified styles.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

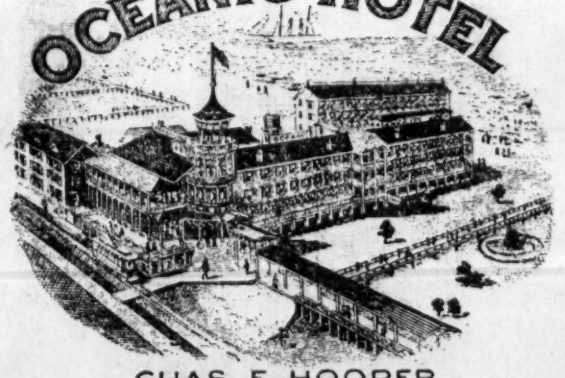
clothes are a declaration of independence; they're all-wool, the best tailoring, the best style; they give the wearer independence of thought; and they save him from paying too much for good clothes.

That's the way we sell them; at $18, $20, $25, and more; the best values you ever saw at $25.

The A. David Company

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes Manhattan Shirts.

OCEANIC HOTEL



CHAS. E. HOOPER
MANAGER.

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C.

This elegant hotel of 300 rooms, many with private bath, with its broad porches and pavilion facing the ocean is now open for the season of 1913. No flies, no mosquitoes, Artesian Water, Electric Cars to the door connecting with Union Station at Wilmington.
For booklet and terms address,
C. E. HOOPER, Mgr.

NOTORIOUS CRIMINAL SHOT.

Wrecked Postoffice Safe at Kirkwood, Ga.—Fatally Wounded.

Atlanta, Ga., July 5.—James W. Johnson, a notorious criminal of many aliases, was probably fatally wounded early today by officers after he had wrecked the safe of the postoffice at Kirkwood, Ga., an Atlanta suburb, and engaged in a revolver duel with police brought to the scene by the noise of the explosion.

Johnson had succeeded in blowing open only the outer doors of the safe when the authorities arrived. He returned their fire until he fell with a bullet wound near the heart.

Columbia, S. C., July 5.—James W. Johnson, the yeggman shot while attempting to rob the postoffice at Kirkwood, Ga., last night has a long record as a criminal. He is widely known as "Portland Ned", but has used the aliases Edward Murphy, Edward Howard, Edward Smith and George Howard. He is regarded as one of the most dangerous criminals in the United States. In August 1911, having completed a term of seven years in the Atlanta Federal prison, Johnson was brought to South Carolina and sentenced to ten years in the State prison for a robbery committed at Enoree, S. C. In April, 1913, Johnson was paroled during good behavior by Governor Blease, and on the morning of April 26th was brought to the Governor's office. A United States marshal waited outside the Governor's office armed with a warrant for Johnson's re-arrest. Governor Blease left the yeggman for a moment, and when he returned Johnson had disappeared. The news that Johnson had been shot was the first intimation as to his whereabouts since his escape.

GET NEW POSITIONS.

Union Pacific-Southern Pacific Systems Appoint Officials.

New York, July 5.—B. L. Winchell, former president of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad, and latterly receiver for the system, a position which he resigned yesterday, has been appointed director of traffic of the Union Pacific Railroad. Announcement of his appointment was made here today.

L. J. Spence was formerly director of traffic for the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific system, but the dissolution proceedings necessitated his resigning from one of the roads, and he assumed the position for the Southern Pacific only.

Mr. Winchell's appointment is effective July 15th. His headquarters will be in Chicago.

Dallas, Texas, July 5.—Federal Judge Edward R. Meek today appointed Avery H. Turner, of Amarillo, and G. S. Schleier, of Fort Worth, as receivers for the lines of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway system in Texas.

The petition for the receivership bore the names of Thomas H. West and B. L. Winchell, receivers for the general system.

It declared a receivership in Texas was necessary because of "temporary infirmities and disabilities" of the 'Frisco lines.

DRAINAGE CONTRACT LET.

Stewart's Creek District Near Dunn to be Reclaimed.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Dunn, N. C., July 5.—The contract for the construction of the canals and ditches in Stewart's Creek drainage district was let on Tuesday to the Southern Drainage & Construction Company, of Kinston, N. C., which was the lowest of several bidders. Work will begin as soon as the funds, which will come from the sale of bonds on July 16th, are in hand. The territory to be drained will add very much to the material benefit of Dunn and the county as a whole.

Work is about completed on the large three-story brick building which is being erected on the corner of Broad and Wilson streets. The lower floor of this building will be used for a drug store, the other floors being used for offices and lodge rooms. Mr. W. B. Warren owns this property.

From 8,000 to 10,000 people attended the celebration of the Fourth at this place, and the wide range the event took made it the biggest day in the history of the town and county. Everything went off as nicely as could be wished. Indicative of the size of the crowd is the fact that 1,720 gallons of lemonade were dispensed free.

FORECLOSURE SALE.

Court Issues Decree Affecting Georgia Railroad Systems.

Atlanta, Ga., July 5.—Decrees of foreclosure and sale under the mortgages of the Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railroad Company, Georgia Terminal Company, and the Alabama Terminal Railroad Company, were entered today by direction of Judge Pardee, of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, sitting as district judge. Amounts of foreclosures in the different cases are:

Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic company $17,873,715.07; Georgia Terminal company $3,948,750; Alabama Terminal Railroad company $3,218,231.

Victor L. Smith, of Atlanta, has been appointed to make the sales. Complainant in the suit as trustee under the mortgages is the Old Colony Trust Company, of Boston, Mass. Inability of the corporation to retire receivers' certificates amounting to nearly $5,000,000 is assigned as the immediate cause of the foreclosure.

GENERAL PEACE PACT.

Secretary Bryan Will Begin Actual Negotiations This Fall.

Washington, July 5.—Secretary Bryan said today he expects to begin this Fall actual negotiations for concluding his proposed general peace pact with the other nations of the world.

Because of the absence from Washington of most of the ambassadors and ministers, it is not feasible now to do much more than supply to them the outlined draft of the project, for transmission to their own governments.

Secretary Bryan expects the 20 governments which already have promised to give the project consideration, will be increased to 30 by including all the great powers.

SUFFRAGE IN ILLINOIS.

Women in Prairie State Vote for the First Time.

Chicago, July 5.—Exercising the right of franchise for the first time in this State, women voted today for municipal officers in Wamac, near Centralia, and on bond issues in two other cities, Libertyville and North Chicago.

At Wamac Mrs. Q. W. Coleman appeared before 7 o'clock and waited for the polls to open, so as to be the first woman in the State to vote. At Libertyville and North Chicago family unanimity seemed apparent in most of the married pairs, who came to vote together. Results of the election here are not announced.

At the Beach Today.

Concerts at the hotels. Concerts at Lumina 11 A. M., 4 P. M., and 8:30 P. M. Surf bathing.

(advertisement.)

PORTER CHARLTON.

Must Return to Italy to Answer Murder Charge.

Jersey City, N. J., July 5.—Porter Charlton will start for Italy during the coming week to answer for the murder of his wife, Mrs. Mary Scott Castle Charlton, according to the present plans of the authorities here.

Pierre P. Garven, who has represented the Italian government in the case, today received from Washington the decision and mandate of the United States Supreme Court that Charlton must be surrendered to Italy. Mr. Garven has sent the papers to the Federal district court in Trenton, and will communicate at once with the Italian consul general in New York.

Mrs. Charlton was slain in 1910 while she and Charlton were on a honeymoon. Her body was placed in a trunk and thrown into Lake Como, Italy. Charlton fled to this country, where he was arrested stepping ashore at Hoboken, confessed and began his unsuccessful three year fight against extradition.

DETECTIVES SEARCH.

For Party Who Shot Capt. A. C. Thompson in Atlanta.

Atlanta, Ga., July 5.—Detectives are bending their energies to solve the mystery surrounding the shooting last night of Capt. A. C. Thompson, whom they found at a local club suffering from a bullet wound in his thigh, his injuries have been received probably two hours earlier. Lucy Balleau, aged 22, whom the wounded man accuses of shooting him, has been arrested. She denies any guilt, asserting that the shooting was accidental.

The victim, who is employed at one of the county convict camps, is said to have accompanied the Balleau woman to the club and the shooting is said to have taken place in one of the club's reception pariors. The police have so far been unable to determine definitely the cause of the trouble and club officials express ignorance of the affair's origin.

STORMS IN WEST.

Electrical Disturbances Throughout State of Ohio.

Columbus, O., July 5.—Telegraph and telephone wires were demoralized in practically every section of Ohio tonight by an electrical strike which seemed to be general over the State.

Along the shores of Lake Erie, rain and electricity was accompanied by a severe wind storm. At Marysville, Ethel Ruhl, aged five, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. The storms followed one of the most sultry days of the Summer.

LaCrosse, Wis., July 5.—Many miles of telephone wires are down and communication with rural districts is impossible as the result of a tornado this morning. Thousands of dollars of damage was done to crops in this vicinity.

ELKS' NATIONAL MEET.

First Big Delegation Arrives at Rochester With Exalted Ruler.

Rochester, N. Y., July 5.—The first big delegation of Elks to reach Rochester for the forty-ninth annual grand lodge session, which will convene here Monday, arrived this morning from Chicago. The Elks came on the "white special," bringing Charles A. White past exalted ruler and a large number of Illinois boosters and Western Elks, who are here to further Mr. White's interests as a candidate for grand treasurer. A small delegation from Denver came yesterday and launched a boom for Denver's claim for the 1914 convention. The convention will last six days.

STATE OPTICIANS MEET.

Convention in Durham July 17th and 18th—Two Days Meet.

Durham, N. C., July 5.—The local opticians are making preparations for the State meeting, which will be held here July 17 and 18. The State Board of Examiners will meet here July 15. The programme for this meeting promises to be a very interesting one. A number of the local members of the association will have parts. Dr. N. Rosenstein will make a plea for new members. Dr. S. Dace McPherson will also read a paper and Dr. Arch Cheatham, health officer of Durham, will deliver an address.

WAGE DISPUTE.

Railroad Employes Vote on Question of Striking.

New York, July 5.—Another stage in the wage dispute between Eastern railroads and their conductors and trainmen will be reached next week, it developed tonight. The men have been taking a vote which the railroad managers already conceded will overwhelmingly declare for a strike. President Garrett, of the conductors, announced tonight that representatives of the railroads, and of the men would meet here Tuesday to arrange for a formal conference.

TEMPERANCE SECTION.

In Session of World's Christian Citizenship Conference.

Portland, Ore., July 5. — At the world's Christian citizenship conference today the section on "Temperance" unanimously adopted resolutions urging all temperance organizations to unite upon a comprehensive Nation-wide campaign for an educational movement. The calling of a national convention of temperance forces of the United States on November 14th of the present year at St. Louis, was also urged.

BIPLANE COLLISION.

German Aviators Crash Together 60 Feet From Ground.

Johannisthal, July 5.—A collision between aeroplanes yesterday evening resulted in the death of one of the men and the serious injury of the other.

Biplanes piloted respectively, by the German aviator, Helscher, and Capt. Friedel, came together in the desk at an altitude of 60 feet. Both crashed to the ground. Helscher died shortly afterward. Friedel's spine was badly injured.

HEAT WAVE BROKEN.

Fifty Deaths During Extreme Hot Weather.

Chicago, July 5.—A cool wave today broke the long continued hot spell which took a toll of more than 50 deaths and caused many prostrations. Seven deaths from the heat were reported to the police today.

GOLDEN TROPHY.

Won by Earl Cooper Driving Stutz Car.

Tacoma, Wash., July 5.—Earl Cooper, driving a Stutz car, won the golden Potlatch trophy today in the long distance race which featured the automobile contest in connestion with Tacoma's festival. His time for the 200.81 miles was 2:49:39.

At the Beach Today.

Concerts at the hotels. Concerts at Lumina 11 A. M., 4 P. M., and 8:30 P. M. Surf bathing.

(advertisement.)

WILHEIM LIKES A JOKE

Instead of Getting Mad About Cartoons, He Enjoys Them

Berlin, July 5.—The impression generally prevailing in Germany that Emperor William becomes incensed every time he sees himself caricatured, is quite erroneous. It is in the class of popular misconceptions concerning the German Emperor, and has no foudation in fact. On the contrary, Emperor William finds much amusement in these caricatures, and he has made an extensive collection of them to which he is constantly adding. He makes selections from foreign papers as well as German, and has many American cartoons of himself properly indexed and classified. The signatures of the best American caricaturists are about as familiar to him as they are to most American newspaper readers.

The Emperor began this collection by acquiring a book or caricatures on himself by a Frenchman named Carteret. The sale of this volume in Germany was prohibited by the authorities immediately after it appeared, but the Emperor, hearing of this restriction, sent for a copy, looked it over, and then ordered the prohibition removed. Carteret's sketches are the nucleus of his collection.

Up to the time of this incident the German comic press, more out of fear than reverance, had avoided all direct representation of the Emperor, but after the Carteret episode German caricaturists became bolder. In 1905 Kladderadatsch astonished its readers by publishing a caricature of His Majesty as a curassier, the face consisting of an interrogation mark in which the features of the Emperor were plainly discernable. Since then the German press has added many specimens to the imperial collection, many of them by no means complimentary to the royal subject.

MEXICAN HOSTILITIES

Artillery Duel at Guaymas Between Federals and Insurgents

Nogales, Ariz., July 5.—Private advices received here this afternoon report that the commanders of the two Federal gunboats in Guaymas harbor espoused the Insurgent cause early today. The boats were said to have turned their guns on the Federal positions in Guaymas, declaring all of Ojedas's troops prisoners of the Constitutionalists. General Ojeda was reported to have started aboard one of the gunboats at the time.

Douglas, Ariz., July 5.—Insurgent reports from the front today told of an artillery duel at Guaymas between the Federal gunboat Tampico, and a rebel battery commanded by the American Adventurer, Charpentier, former leader of the dynamite squad which blew up bridges between Juarez and Chihuahua City.

The battery, it was said, was composed of cannon captured from Ojeda, the Federal commander, and was planted in the hills back of Guaymas. The outcome of the duel was not reported.

Further dispatches to the Constitutional junta said the Federal garrison of Guaymas had been cut off from water supplies for four days, and that fighting in the streets continued.

PARKTON WOMAN DEAD

Mrs. J. G. Hughes Passes—Negro Woman Murdered

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Fayetteville, N. C., July 5.—Following an operation which was unsuccessful, Mrs. J. G. Hughes, of Parkton, died in the Highsmith Hospital here yesterday evening at 7 o'clock. She was brought to the hospital several weeks ago and remained some time but her condition was such that the operation could not be performed then. She returned to her home, but was brought again to the hospital this week, the operation being necessary. However, the patient was not strong enough to rally and died shortly thereafter. A husband and five children survive, one of them an infant. The body was taken to Parkton this afternoon and the funeral will be conducted Sunday at the Presbyterian church.

At a dive on Mumford street last night, Hunt Hill, colored, cut the throat of Charlotte Murchison, a negress of questionable character, her death ensuing almost instantly. Hill escaped.

TAR HEEL SUFFRAGETTES

Six of Them March in Parade at Morganton

Morganton, N. C., July 5.—Five thousand people gathered here yesterday to celebrate the Fourth. In the morning a very creditable parade was given, the feature of which was the participation of six well-known and popular women representing the suffragettes. Their carriage was decorated in the militant colors, yellow and white. So far as known, this is the first time the advocates of votes for women have come out in the open in this State.

The Junior Order presented a flag to the graded school and, with numerous side events, winding up at night with a grand display of fireworks, the day passed off in great shape.

MOTORCYCLIST INJURED

Howell Burden Has a Spill in Race at Cincinnati

Cincinnati, July 5.—Howell Burden, a motorcycle racer of this city, was probably fatally injured here tonight while in a race on a local track. Four riders were speeding around the oval when lightning extinguished the lights. When they were turned on a short time later, Burden had had a spill. He sustained a fractured skull, both legs were broken and the is believed to be internally injured. The other three riders escaped unhurt.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service; calls will be made, or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams; bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union." But for advertisements, always call the Star Office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

CONSERVATIVE INVESTORS, guardians and trustees desirous of productive propositions, will find us, at all times, in position to supply their wants. Wilder & Metts, Agents. jy6-1t

FOR SALE—At original price, one lot at Sunset Park on Washington street, between Northern and Central boulevards. Easy terms. Apply to "E. H." care Star, or 'phone 501-J. jy6-1t*

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC—Johnnie Patterson is no longer employed at the Atlantic Pressing Club. Customers should not let him have any clothes to press. 'Phone 1448-J, 119 Dock street. Geo. Weaver. jy6-1t*

NOTICE—We can arrange to let you have the money on easy terms on real estate. See Greer & Greer, Law Office, Second and Princess street, over Tidewater Trust Co. jy6-1mo

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE wanted. No canvassing or soliciting required. Good income assured. Address National Co-operative Realty Co., V-744 Marden Bldg., Washington, D. C. jy6,sat1*

WANTED—Salesman for high grade line ciders and vinegars. Exclusive or as side line; 25 per cent commissions, with weekly settlements. This opening for good man. References required. Atlantic Vinegar Co., Richmond, Va. jy6-3t*

SALESMAN—Capable specialty man for North Carolina. Staple line on new and exceptional terms. Vacancy now. Attractive commission contract. $35.00 weekly for expenses. Miles F. Bixler Co., 19827 Carlin Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio. jy6-1t*

FOR RENT—Large, cool front room. Apply 220 North Fourth, near Grace street. jy6-1t*

WANTED—Ambitious young men to become traveling salesmen. Hundreds of good openings. Write for particulars. Bradstreet Training System, Rochesteer, N. Y. jy6-1t*

WANTED—White girl or white woman to assist in keeping house; family of three. References as to moral standing required. Answer P. O. Box 1011. jy6-1t

AGENTS LISTEN—We have one of the best selling articles on the market, appealing to auto owners. Write today for proposition. Herman Specialty Co., B-32, Conover, N. C. jy6-1t*

SALESMAN — Attractive proposition for the general trade; experience unnecessary. An all around, hustling specialty man can net $3,000.00 annually. American Standard Jewelry Co., Detroit, Mich. jy6-1t*

WANTED — Ten shares Home Savings Bank, 10 shares Murchison National Bank stock. State price. Zulawsky, P. O. Box 1011. jy6-1t

LOCOMOTIVE Logging engineer, ten years experience, would like to locate with large saw mill. Am sober; best of references. Address "Engineer," care Star. jy6-6t*

WILMINGTON MAIL CARRIERS and clerks average $90. I conducted Government examinations. Can help you pass. Trial examination free. Write Ozment, 48-D, St. Louis, Mo. jy6sun6t*

WANTED—By October first, cottage six or seven rooms. Will buy or rent. State location and size of lot. P. O. Box 1011. jy6-1t

WANTED—Two or three furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Give location, price and conveniences, and phone today, 112-W. jy6-1t*

PERSON TAKING lady's coat from upper hall Seashore Hotel, July 4th, is known and will save being prosecuted by sending same to office of the hotel. jy6-3t

$1,500.00 BUYS well located property on North Fourth street. Good location for store. See James and James; 'phone 163, Orton Hotel Bldg. jy6-1t

FOR RENT—Large front room on floor with bath. All modern conveniences. Terms reasonable. 119 Orange street; 'phone 1767-J. jy6-1t*

BUILDING LOT—Carolina Place, Market street, can be bought for $1,300. Would be glad to show you this. James & James, Insurance and Real Estate; 'Phone 163. jy6-1t

GO TO THE DuBois Laboratory when in need of a chemist. Analysis of any description. Prompt report; prices reasonable. 308 N. Ninth street, Wilmington, N. C. jy6-6t*

ATTRACTIVE HOME at Carolina Heights can be had at a very low figure. We will help you arrange terms. 'Phone 163, James & James. jy6-1t

FARM FOR SALE—One of the finest in Lyon Swamp Drainage District; 200 acres cleared; thoroughly drained and growing splendid crops. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. jy6-1t

FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE on Sixth, between Church and Castle. Sewerage, wired; a splendid cottage for the attractive price and terms. You can buy it, if you can pay rent. Telephone 332 and will show you. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. jy6-1t

WANTED—Competent stenographer to do substitute work for the month of August. Apply Hyman Supply Co. jy6-1t

WILL TAKE $250.00 for my boat, if taken within next 10 days. Will make 15 miles per hour. Will carry eight people. Address "Boat," care Star. jy6-1t*

FOR RENT—A cottage home with up-to-date improvements. Six rooms, large yard, fruit and flowers. See M. C. Darby Co. jy6-1t

FOR RENT—Housekeeping apartment in Cape Fear, first floor. Five rooms; South-ern exposure; janitor service. See M. C. Darby & Co. jy6-1t

FOR SALE — At once, cheap to a quick buyer for cash, one three-year-old good-bred mare and buggy. Apply to 1015 Market street. jy6-1t*

FOR RENT—One large front bed room Use of bath, electric lights and telephone. Apply 208 Grace street. jy6-1t

FOR RENT—One hall bed room; use of bath. Electric lights and telephone. Apply 208 Grace street. jy6-1t

WANTED—One large tent, suitable for moving picture show. Also motion picture machine. State price in first letter. Address "X. Y. Z.," care Star. jy6-1t*

WANTED—To exchange, five passenger car in perfect condition for runabout. Address "Auto," Box 167, City. jy6-1t*

FOR RENT—House, 318 North Fourth street. Lower floor; three rooms, hall and piazza. Apply 214 North Fourth street. 'Phone 780-J. jy6-1t

HE WHO LOOKS before he leaps builds of cypress and builds for keeps. A word to the wise. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. jy6-1t

THE FIRST CONSIDERATION of the home-builder is investment. Full value, present and future, for money expended. Therefore build of cypress. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. jy6-1t

WANTED TO BUY—Wagon and harness in good condition. Call at once. Telephone 702, or write Box 277, City. jy6-1t*

A TRUTHFUL STATEMENT — If you have no favorite, please vote for me. I am the "Poor Boy" who needs the pony or big value, for a school fund. Am working hard to win, but I need your help. William Holden. jy6-1t*

GOOD SEVEN-ROOM cottage at Seagate, near car line. Lot 93x350 feet in size. Will sell for less than $1,500.00 and arrange terms. See Wilder & Metts, Agents. jy6-1t

FOR SALE — Seven-room, two-story house, on Red Cross street, one block of Union Station. Good size lot. House practically new, all conveniences. Cheap to quick purchaser. Easy terms. Wilder & Metts, Agents. jy6-1t

SIX-ROOM SCREENED COTTAGE at Carolina Place; nicely finished; water, gas, electric lights, etc. Block and half of car line. Price, $3,200.00. See Wilder & Metts, Agents. jy6-1t

FOR RENT — Two or three furnished rooms for young men; bath and electric lights; on car line. Address "Rooms," care Star. jy5-2t

WANTED—Second hand invalid chair. Address "Chair," care Star. jy5-2t*

BOX BALL ALLEY—Nice one ready for you. Come down and play a game. Greenfield Park. jy5-4t*

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS are easy to get. My free booklet, Y-1319, tells how. Write today—now. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C. jy2,6,9,13,16,20,23,27,30-9t

WANTED—High-class thoroughly experienced traveling salesman to cover North Carolina with well established line. Must be acquainted with retail drug trade. Straight commission basis; an opportunity for a live man to make some money. No objection to another side line. Address "7213," care Star. jy2,6-2t*

MEN AND WOMEN wanted for U. S. Government positions. Big pay, Summer vacation. Steady work. Common education sufficient. Parcel Post requires several thousand. "Pull" unnecessary. Thousands of appointments coming. Write immediately for free list of positions. Franklin Institute, Dept. 282E, Rochester, N. Y. je22,29; jy6,13,20-3t*

MY SPRING AND SUMMER line of fashionable piece goods, suitings and trouserings is now ready for inspection. All the latest styles, finest materials, everything guaranteed. Everything else pertaining to tailoring line done. No mail orders. Leger Meyer, the Practical Tailor, Princess building, second floor. ap27-sa-tf

BE A DETECTIVE—Big pay. Easy work. Travel. We show you. Write for free particulars explaining everything. Write today. Frederick Wagner, 1243 Lexington avenue, New York. my11su20t

SIDELINE Salesmen. Ten live wire retail premium and punch board deals for small town trade; weekly commission settlement. W. E. Graves Company, St. Louis, Mo. my25-eosu-10t

SALESMEN—Do you want $10 a day side or main line retail and punch board deals? en propositions. American Factories Co., St. Louis. my18-eosu-10t

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH — The Wave Crest Cottage, right on the beach, between the Oceanic and Seaside Hotels. Table supplied directly from our farm. Everything new; free bath houses. Cottage No. 106. Get off at Station 1. Mrs. Fryar, Proprietress. je15-su,w-tf

FOR SALE—For immediate delivery, two ten weeks old bird puppies. Good condition; good stock. Theo. G. Emple. jy4,6,8-3t*

FURNISHED HOUSE for rent on cool corner, Southern exposure. Call 1313 or apply 313 Church street. jy1-6t*

THE DAUGHTERS of Liberty will run its ninth annual excursion to Carolina Beach July 9th. Boat leaves 9 A. M., 2:30 and 7:30 P. M. Music, dancing and refreshments. jy1-5t

THAT'S WHAT they all say. You can't get anything good to drink in this city, but there are plenty of good things to eat at B. May's Delicatessen, 130 Market street; phone 1522-J. jy5-12t

WANTED—Salesman to sell Lubricating Oils, House and Barn Paint, and specialties. Big profits. Champion Refining Co., Cleveland, Ohio. je21-sa13t

NICE GEORGIA peaches, extra nice grape fruit, oranges and lemons; very best N. C. hams in city. All kinds of fresh meats, fruits, vegetables and grocers. We solicit a share of your patronage at our new place. Palace Market, 108 South Front street; 'phone 72. jy2-tf

FOR RENT — Ten pin alley building. Price $200; balance of season, including fixtures. Apply to Hans A. Kure, or Kure Bros., Fourth and Nun. jy2-tf

PALMIST—Madam Josephine tells your name in full, the object of your call; reads your life like an open book. Carolina Place, Seventeenth and Turnpike. jy1-6t*

FOR SALE on easy terms. A chance for everybody to own a lot on the most beautiful beach in North Carolina. Carolina Beach and Fort Fisher Seaside Resort. Ten buildings for sale and furnished rooms for rent at Carolina Beach. For bath suits, call at Kure's, where you will be furnished with the latest modern suits and well lighted and ventilated rooms. Correspondence solicited. Hans A. Kure, Wilmington, N. C. jy1-tf

YE LEE'S CALIFORNIA LAUNDRY, 315 North Front street. 'Phone 1076. Work called for one morning and delivered the next evening, by calling 'phone 1076. Work done in best style. Buttons sewed on. je25-1mo

SEPARATED MILK for cooking, 20c per gallon. Fresh sweet cream, daily. A. G. Warren Ice Cream Co.; 'Phone 485. je13-tf

FOR FINE Leather Goods and Trunks, see Uncle Charles, 16 South Front street. ap9-tf

Parisian Ivory

The popularity of this ware is ever increasing, and its refined appearance appeals to all. We engrave without charge and fill in with enamel to match your boudoir furnishings.

A. O. Schuster

JEWELER

104 No. Front Street

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PORCH SHADES and HAMMOCKS

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Uncle Sam's Bank

Uncle Sam Does Business With Us.

WHY NOT YOU?

American National Bank

TO CONSUMERS

If you want White, Nutritious Flour, that will make Bread and Biscuit to please you every day and Sunday, too, ask Your Grocer for

And if he hasn't got it, Insist Upon his Getting It for you.

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Wholesale Distributor. Wilmington, N. C.

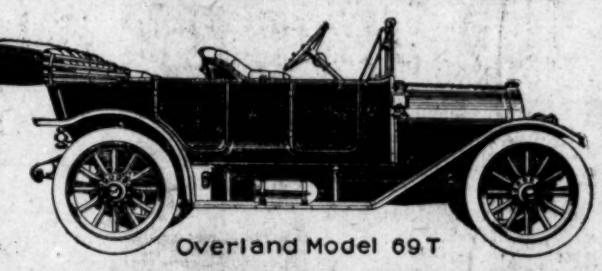

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PLATE ICE COMPANY

'Phone 695—696. 5—7—9 Orange St.

Your Vacation Assured

You must plan ahead if you are to take a vacation this Summer. Else when the time comes, you won't have the funds.

We invite you to start a Vacation Fund with this bank. You are at liberty to draw out your money whenever you need it.

It is high time you began to save for the vacation which is coming later in life—old age. A bank account added to from time to time will insure a happy vacation in later life when your work is over and you are ready to rest.

The sooner you begin, the quicker you'll be able to retire and the further away from helplessness. Small accounts will receive careful attention.

A New Interest Quarter Begins June 2nd.

Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.

SOUTHERN BUILDING. OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

Mules For Sale

Three small, but good, mules at $100 each, cash or satisfactory paper.

W. B. COOPER

Wilmington, N. C.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A. D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 14

VOL. XCII—NO. 91. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 6, 1913. WHOLE NUMBER 13,369.

NEW YORK'S BILLION DEBT

Metropolis Now Owes as Much as the United States Government—Laughter Greets Efforts to Stop Smoking.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, July 5.—With the statement of the Comptroller that New York owes upward of $1,300,000,000, Father Knickerbocker easily becomes the greatest municipal debtor in the world. Indeed, his indebtedness is as great as the National debt.

Against this enormous indebtedness Father Knickerbocker has in his coffers about $302,000,000 which could be used toward paying off the debt, and much interest has been taken of late of possible plans by which if such a step became necessary the remaining billion could be taken care of. Among the most ingenious is that of bridge tolls. What the city has put into the spans across the East River equals the price paid by the United States for all the land it has acquired by purchase west of the Mississippi river. In case of hard times or any unexpected demand for funds the city could exact a toll from the million people who use these bridges every day. The revenue from this source alone should be sufficient to pay off the city's indebtedness.

Another great asset is the real estate which the city owns, its book value at present amounting to nearly $500,000,000. Much of this, of course, is in longitudinal parkways which total 276,000 feet in length, or about 53 miles. This great stretch of parkways flanked by fine roadways and walks if laid out along the Hudson would stretch from this city to West Point, with a cost of nearly $12,000,000. So while New York's debt may at first seem staggering Father Knickerbocker is by no means on the verge of bankruptcy. However, the size of these figures is undoubtedly largely responsible for the increasing demand for economy in the operation of the city which promises to be an important factor in the campaign next Fall.

Smoking on the Cars.

Whether or not mere man shall be deprived of his precious privilege of smoking on the four rear seats of open street cars is the question around which a merry war is being waged. The anti-smokers, led by Dr. Pease, whose antipathy to the weed is so keen that he is reported to have left a banquet because a girl recited a poem by James Whitcomb Riley in which mention is made of smoke wreaths, demand that all smoking in or about any railroad, street car line, or ferry house under the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission be prohibited by law.

At the first hearing held before the Commissioner most of Dr. Pease's supporters were women, but the opposition came entirely from the sex which is permitted to smoke in public. They used no arguments to back them up in their opposition but ridicule, and one of them had thehardihood to try to change the tenor of the proceedings by asking that the order be amended so as to require the railroad companies to provide more smoking accommodations than they do. Humor was added to the situation by one man who waved a bunch of coupons, such as are given away with cigarettes and cigars and protested that he was not allowed to smoke at home or in his office and that the open cars were the only available place left since he never walked. "I represent the great coupon collectors of New York," said he. "My dearest wish is to own a yacht. For years I have been saving coupons to get one. But if I can't smoke at home or in the subway or at the office, and if you prevent me smoking on the street cars, how can I ever get that yacht?" Further hearings will probably be heard before the matter is ended.

Skyscrapers Reached Limit?

That New York's skyscrapers may have reached their limit in spite of the fact that all sorts of wild guesses are made as to their height 20 years from now, is indicated by the organized move being made by merchants whose places of business front on Fifth avenue. Practically all of the large cities of the world have already taken steps to restrict the height of buildings. New York is the last, almost, to make regulations to this end. Much data on the subject has been gathered by the Fifth Avenue Association which will be placed before the newly created commision to inquire into the practicability of limiting the height of buildings in this city. Their report is to be made within six months. The Fifth Avenue Association has advocated openly the limiting of buildings on that thoroughfare to not more than 125 feet. The question which it raises now is whether a law making restriction to cover Fifth avenue alone will be constitutional. The opinion seems to be that a general law covering the whole city will have to be framed. Many foreign cities limit the height of buildings considerably less than 100 feet, as compared to New York's 600 foot and 700 foot monsters. The highest Appellate Court of Massachusetts, the Court of Appeals of Maryland and the United States Supreme Court, have all held that laws limiting the height of buildings are directly based upon a proper exercise of the so-called police power of the State. Of course it should be understood that in any given case the limitation of height must be a reasonable one or the law would certainly not be upheld. But from present appearances the 100-story building so freely predicted only a short time ago, may never arrive in New York, and the present skyscrapers tower in lonely grandeur over restricted buildings of the future.

Death of Noted Designer.

The death here of John H. Trenor has taken from New York the father of its apartment houses, which now number far into the thousands. It was in the early '70s, or something like 40 years ago that apartment houses, patterned after Trenor's experiment began to spring up in the city. It was predicted that "French flats" as they were then called, would pave the way for French morals, which meant that the community was fact going to the dogs. It is not easy to say what effect apartments have had on morals, but they certainly have proved a blessing to countless families of moderate means and home making instincts. In addition to being the father of the apartment house idea, Mr. Trenor was a famous dancing master many years ago. He taught the dignified square dances then in vogue, as well as the waltz, the galop, the mazurka and the schottische, as different from the tango and the turkey trot as the New York of that day is different from the modern city of flat dwellers. Among his pupils were such well known men as Chancey Depew and W. K. Vanderbilt. When Mr. Trenor was teaching New Yorkers how to dance the wealthy and well-to-do lived in houses of their own, those in moderate circumstances inhabited boarding houses and the poor were housed in squalid, unsanitary tenement houses. The apartment houses have proved a potent influence in bettering these conditions.

Actors Pay Huge Sum.

How great the vaudeville class of entertainment in this city has become is strikingly illustrated by the latest report of the City Bureau of Licenses, which shows that during the year ending May 1st, commissions aggregating $500,000 were paid to employment agents by vaudeville performers. The report also indicates why there continues to be a scarcity of household servants and incidentally brings out the fact that the exportation of cattle on the hoof has entirely stopped, so far as the port of New York is concerned. Part of the report deals with conditions in theatrical employment agencies. It sets forth that the commissioner's office approved 112,900 contracts between managers and performers in twelve months. Vaudeville performers have paid $500,000 in commissions to agencies for getting them employment as well as paying their own manager agents. The average income of vaudeville performers is $2,400 a year, but as many of the "head-liners" get very large salaries the income of most of the performers is much below this figure. Moving pictures have seriously hurt the dramatic theatres.

Skyscraping Street Cars

New York's street cars, like its buildings, are evidently destined to be of the skyscraping variety. Having tried two-story street cars it is now predicted that the city must come to the triple-decker particularly for use in its subways. The reason for this expert opinion is based on the belief that even with the completion of the projected extensions the subway will have reached its capacity in another ten years. To serve the great congested traffic produced by the downtown skyscrapers lengthening the track is impossible and broadening the trackage is prohibitively expensive because of the enormous downtown real estate values. In other words, New York's street cars will have to do just what its buildings have done; that is, become syscrapers. A three-pier car served by three levels or platforms below the street may at first seem a bit remarkable, but no more so than the first elevated or subway line when they were proposed. The triple-decker car can be constructed with the end and center doors the same as used on the ordinary subway cars now. Drawings and specifications of cars containing many more doors than these were submitted to the Public Service Commission by a special consulting engineer five years ago and their adoption recommended. In the specifications it was pointed out that multiple door cars are used successfully in the West and that by means of an ingenious electrical attachment the motorman receives the signal to start the instant every door of the train is closed and not before. Adopting this attachment will make safe the entire three decks or stories of the proposed car. Not until all are closed will the train of big coaches start, thus insuring safety at this very important stage of transit. In addition to their other advantages it is pointed out that the cost of operating a triple-decker train will be much less than that of operating three separate trains on three separate levels. Altogether it appears that New York's subways like its office buildings will shortly have to begin to extend vertically instead of laterally.

Hot Mayoralty Fight

That New York is likely to see one of the hottest political fights in its history next fall when the mayoralty race is on is becoming apparent even at this early date. At present the two chief figures on the horizon are Mayor Gaynor, a self-declared enemy of Tammany Hall, even though he is a Democrat, and District Attorney Whitman, a Republican. Already cany interesting angles are developing. Mayor Gaynor has steadfastly defended the police force as a whole and stood up for the head of the force, while Whitman has made a country-wide name as a result of his exposure of the police graft, "the system" and his conviction of the men higher up. Never was the opportunity better from present appearances for a partisan campaign. Men in the Mayor's confidence, it is reported, say he has several scores to settle with the district attorney and that he will be glad to have a heated political campaign afford him the opportunity. District Attorney Whitman's friends expect that he will be nomnated for Mayor by the Republicans, the Progressives and independent bodies. They regard the prosecutor as the surest vote-getter in city politics at present. It is known powerful pressure had been brought upon him to induce him to accept nomination, and even Tammany was eager to endorse him, a Republican, for district attorney, to keep him out of the Mayor's race. Of course, the complexion of affairs may change before the campaign is on in full blast, but just at present there seems to be little doubt that these two candidates will meet as opponents in a struggle that will be noteworthy even in New York politics.

Idle Actoors aNuisance.

That New York's Rialto, as the district frequented by theatrical people, particularly those out of employment is known, must shortly move from Forty-second street just as it was forced to move up from Union Square further downtown some 20 years ago is the demand now being made by many merchants and shopkeepers of Broadway because of the loiterers and sunbathers who bask in front of shop windows. They object to having the sunbathing done in front of their shop windows where customers might come to gaze. In fact, they have found that the traditional patrons of the Rialto, "actors out of job" as the common phrase of description runs, are not the best patrons of the stores. As a first move in the matter of breaking up the present rendezvous of the curbstone fellowship, Police Commissioner Waldo will be called upon to bring police clubs into action. The clubs, according to the proposed plan, will merely do a little persistent prodding. If that should fail and the Rialto retain all its wealth of curbstone saunterers, then a demand will be made upon the police commissioner for some arrests. "It's simply awful," said a hat dealer in the district, "how many men on Broadway have no other occupation than that of swinging a cane. I sell hats to women, and it is getting so that my best customers assure me that it is a real trial for them to run the gauntlet of cane-swinging and ogling men. I have lost customers because of the gantlet they have had to run. And I can't stand it any longer." And so it looks as if the near Booths and near Barrets who are "temporarily idle" will have to hunt some other congregating locality.

Great Freight Terminal

Plans are now under way here to provide New York with the greatest freight terminal and transfer station in the country. As now outlined, and it is practically certain that the plan will eventually be carried out, this great terminal will be built and owned by the city at a cost which may reach $15,000,000. It will not, however, be municipally operated but leased instead to the great trunklines which it will serve. This terminal which it is planned to locate on the Brooklyn water front will be a great clearing house for the traffic of the city. It will be not merely a point of transfer for freight from one road to another, but between railroads and steamships. Already possessing the two greatest railway passenger terminals in the country, this new plan will give New York a terminal equipment nowhere else approached in size and efficiency. The new terminal, according to the plans, of the committee which has the matter in charge will include not only a railway for the transfer of freight but also the extensive development of a comprehensive marine terminal in which the rail-transportation facilities behind the docks may be co-ordinated with the docks and other marine terminal facilities in one general terminal, all ultimately to be owned and controlled by the City of New York, and whose operation will be regulated according to the policy of the port as formulated by the government of the city. The entire investment that the committee suggests at present is $11,236,516. The city under the plan would furnish and construct the marginal railway at an estimated cost of $7,500,000. The trunk line railroads have agreed to organize an operating company to furnish the operating stock and perform all service and to guarantee the city an annual rental of 5.4 per cent on the cost, not to exceed $7,500,000. This would make this investment self-supporting and exempt it from the debt limit.

* * *

After being neglected for more than two hundred years the grave of New York's first mayor, Thomas Willett, is to have a fitting memorial as soon as the details of the plan looking to this end can be completed. It was only by chance that the matter has come to public attention and brought forth the fact that Willett's grave on Long Island is marked by small and decayed pieces of slate on which the letters were growing more and more illegible. On the headstone the letters read: "1674. Here lyes ye body of Thomas Willett, Esq., who died August 4th, in 64th year of his age." The real story is on the footstone, where the inscription ran: "Who was the first Mayor of New York and twice did sustain ye place." A committee now has arrangements in charge for the future care of the grave which will be marked by a great bolider. That Mr. Willett was an active citizen is evidenced by the records which show that at the end of his term of one year he became aldermon, and the next year, 1667, was elected mayor again, this plan of rotation in office being a feature of the charter. The very recently published Records of Nieu Amsterdam show that from 1644 until 1671 he was prominent in all the affairs of the city—a busy merchant, councillor, commissioner of admirality, interpreter for both Indians and Dutch, as well as being arbitrator and peacemaker.

—LONGACRE.

MONTHS WITHOUT WATER.

Sheep in Utah Go for the Third of a Year and No Drink.

Washington, July 5.—Sheep on the Nebo National Forest, Utah, go four and a half months without water, except for such moisture as they get from the dew and the juices of forage plants.

Grazing sheep on a range entirely destitute of water is a recent innovation due to the increasing demand for forage and the efforts of the forest officers to find a place on the forest ranges for all the stock that can safely be admitted. The area on the Nebo which has now proved usable by sheep is high and rocky, a portion of it being above timber line, and it has neither springs nor streams of sufficient size or accessibility to be used for stock watering purposes. The grazing season lasts from June 15th to October 31st, and during this period of four and a half months the animals do not get a drink.

Under such conditions, however, the sheep have done extremely well, and last year's lambs from this range had an average weight at the close of the season of 68 pounds on the Chicago market, which was rather above the normal weight from that vicinity.

In one area on the Targhee Forest in Idaho sheep get water only twice during the four-months Summer grazing season. There is no water on the range, but the sheep are driven to a nearby stream lower down the mountain side. Lambs from this range weighed 65 pounds on the Chicago market.

Four churches in Massillon, Ohio, are going to hold union meetings in the city hall park during the Summer. The preachers of the four will take turn about and the combined choirs of the churches will furnish the music.

The will of Miss Lucy Hunter, of Washington, who died in Philadelphia, bequeaths her body to Dr. S. Weir Mitchell and Dr. John King Mitchell, who treated her for nervous diseases. She suffered so much, and they did so much to relieve her, that she wished them to perform an autopsy in the hope that they might throw more light on the cause of nervous disorders.

The banks and trust companies in Wall Street July 1st began the distribution of $266,000,000 of interest and dividends. Dividends this July aggregate 12 millions more than in any previous year.

SCHOOL HYGIENE CONGRESS

Meeting in Buffalo in August to Mark Highest Advance in the Care of School Children — Fourth International Congress.

New York, July 5.—The fourth International Congress on School Hygiene, to be held at Buffalo, August 25th-30th, will mark the greatest advance in school hygiene that the world has ever seen. Ever since the first congress was held in Nuremberg in 1904, interest in the welfare of coming generations has been rapidly increasing, until the whole civilized world is now alert to its responsibilities, and there will be present in Buffalo in August a vast assemblage of teachers, investigators, physicians, dentists, sanitarians and other public-spirited citizens from every quarter of the globe.

That there is great need for such a gathering as this statistics prove. In some few cities a fairly good system of medical school inspection is in effect, but the urgent need of extending efficient medical school inspection throughout the individual communities is very apparent as shown by recent investigation. This congress will conclusively prove that adequate laws for medical school inspection are needed, and needed badly because it has practically demonstrated that vastly improved health conditions among the school children follow efficient medical inspection; that they are, to a greater extent, safeguarded from disease; hence, are healthier, happier, more vigorous and thereby better fitted for good citizenship.

The School Lunch.

Malnutrition in school children is largely responsible for the moral and physical deficiency; therefore, it is proposed, at this congress, to include in the general program that most interesting subject, "The Problem of School Luncheon." Not only does the school luncheon provide nutritious food for the child increasing its mental efficiency, but such lunches, prepared and served under proper supervision, aid in the formation of good dietary habits. Where teachers and pupils eat together, a greater degree of friendliness is cultivated between teacher and pupils and among the children themselves, and courtesy also becomes more apparent. Here is afforded a splendid opportunity for the teacher to more intimately study the pupils, become better acquainted with their individual needs and so be able to more advantageously instruct them. Furthermore, this system provides an outlet for the products of domestic science classes for which it creates an added demand, and in which classes it is possible to afford general instruction regarding pure food, food costs, fuel value of foods, etc., and thus adapt to their several homes the school room menu. The serious importance of this subject cannot be over-estimated and, in recognition thereof, a large number of speakers from Europe and America will present the subject in all its phases.

Fresh Air Schools.

"Fresh Air Schools" have been demonstrated to play a prominent part in the improvement of mind any body of backward children who, under the beneficial influence of outdoor teaching, develop into wholesome specimens of child life. The congress will place great emphasis upon the need of "Fresh Air Schools." It has been practically demonstrated that children living under unhealthy environment who have become pallid, weak, dull, subnormal in mind and body (and thousands of city children are in just such condition), have been restored to full vigor of life by being transferred to an "Out-of-Door School." This is being done in some slight degree at present, but is there any good reason why such a system should not be adopted for all sub-normal children and even extended to include every school attended? This is but one feature to be presented and discussed. The health of the teacher is of equally vital importance, hence at this great congress will be emphasized hygiene of teachers.

Former generations have had very little information on the vital subjects to be presented at this congress, but today there is no excuse for living in ignorance. All the dangers which assail as individuals, as families, or as a nation, are carefully investigated and at such a gathering as this congress are widely discussed. Thus are parents and teachers put in possession of knowledge of vital facts, thereby enabling them to control and direct that which hitherto they have failed to understand.

One of the most significant signs of the times is the awakened interest in the mysteries of life as shown in the attention being directed toward eugenics, mental and sex hygiene, legislation for the betterment of the mentally deficient, etc. It is but quite recently that the sole preparation for life was a certain degree of superstition, a little information—perhaps not very reliable—and much ignorance, controlled largely by fear or perhaps curiosity. To a considerable extent this condition still exists, but for which, as stated, there is no excuse. The fact that such ignorance and superstition does exist, however, shows the necessity for attendance at the congress.

Scientific and commercial exhibits will be a prominent feature of the congress and will depict the great advance which has been made in school administration, architecture, equipment, etc., and to some extent afford ideas for future progress.

KENTUCKY STILL MOIST.

One Distillery in a Blue Grass Town Turns Out 41,000 Barrels.

A gentle reminder that there are still wet spots here and there in this country is contained in a dispatch from a town in Kentucky where there are about a dozen distilleries of large size, stating that just one of them during the year just closed turned out 41,554 barrels of whiskey, paying tax on 37,000 barrels, or 10,000 barrels more than it had ever paid tax before.

At 45 gallons to the barrel, this immense amount of the ardent figures 1,869,930 gallons; and at the prevailing price of $4 a gallon, the year's output was worth $7,479,720.

If put in a basin there would have been enough liquid, doubtless to float the Seminole, and give her room to turn around.

Application has been received by the government for a Summer home colony on the Shoshone Naitonal forest, Wyoming. The plan is to have a central assembly hall for community gatherings, and especially cottages for the several families of the communal recreation center.

WILMINGTON THE GATEWAY

Offers Reasonable and Lawful Solution of Rate Problem

(The State Journal.)

The idea that Wilmington should be North Carolina's gateway to the seas and the markets of the world is not a new one. Long before our time men planned that great ships from far distant parts would discharge their cargoes at this gateway and go back laden with rich stores of our surplus products. Men have dreamed all this in the past; Mr. Maxwell's suggestion that a line of steamboats to Northern markets be established to hasten the solution of the freight rate problem is an indication that the dream is about to come true. It is an indication that North Carolinians are thinking of doing with their own capital and brains and energy, what they have waited in vain so long for others to do for them. The grave injustice which North Carolina is suffering on account of discrimination in freight rates is due primarily to the fact that she has waited while others have worked and carried their commerce to the open sea which makes all nations neighbors. Whatever barriers may hinder trade on land, the seas are still free to all.

Current events have defined the time for action. The merchants of the State are organized for united and intelligent action and the Just Freight Rate Association is arousing the people to fever heat against injustice and restriction in the matter of transportation. Let these proceed along all reasonable and lawful lines to further the commercial interests of North Carolina. But whatever may be accomplished in other directions, let North Carolina seize this opportune time to create for itself a great seaport at Wilmington. Let a line of steamboats from Wilmington to the Northern markets be established with ample capital, which may appropriately be called "The Independence Line."

Then let the wild indignation and enthusiasm raging over the State be carried into commerce by having all the merchants say on their orders for goods, "Ship by The Independence Line." Our own boats will bring our merchandise from the free seas to our own seaport, within the jurisdiction of our own courts, and we will see that justice is done.

We have not even yet awakened to the full value of our advantages. Wars have been fought for the possession of seaports no better than the port of Wilmington. There is ample capital in the State to finance the undertaking; there is ample commerce to sustain it; let the thing be done.

There is but one point about which there may be difference of opinion, and that is as to the State's aid, and harmony may be reached on this point as the plan is further developed.

Loafers around a country store in Iredell county have the habit of calling to passing automobilists and getting them to stop, and back up, give them the merry ha-ha and tell them it is all a joke. The other night Dr. H. F. Long, of Statesville, passed, en route in a hurry to see a sick person, and he was hailed. He stopped and got out, and when he found what was doing, he neatly placed a few right and left handers on the bucolic joker, and went his way.

Canada's forest area is about 800,000,000 acres.

ROBESON MURDER CASES

One Set for Tuesday at Lumberton and Another From Scotland County to be Tried Thursday—News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., July 5.—The two-weeks term of Superior Court which convened Monday has been turning out business rapidly, nearly all the jail cases of minor importance having been disposed of, and about a dozen added to the chain gang, which already numbered about 40. One or two have been given five years, another two years and another 16 months.

The court took a recess Thursday until this morning, Judge Lyon and Solicitor Sinclair spending the Fourth at their homes.

The trial of Barfield Prevatt for killing Emory McNeill on the street in Lumberton one night three or four months ago, has been set for Tuesday and 200 veniremen summoned. A murder case transferred from Scotland county has been set for next Thursday and a special venire of 125 ordered.

The need of electric fans in the court house was emphasized this week and there would seem little doubt that a majority of those who had to swelter in the court house would favor putting them in. A taxpayer would object to the county commissioners spending a few hundred dollars for this purpose ought to be forced to serve on the jury all during the Summer.

Large quantities of goods are now arriving to be opened up in the new brick store just south of the Waverly Hotel, recently completed by Mr. N. P. Andrews, and leased by Messrs. C. H. Carter & Co., of Winston-Salem. It will be known as the 5, 10 and 25 cent store and will be managed by Mr. J. S. Walker, who arrived from Winston this week. Mr. Walker is busily engaged in opening up goods and getting things in shape for opening in about 10 days. This is a different business from anything heretofore established in Lumberton and will undoubtedly be a success.

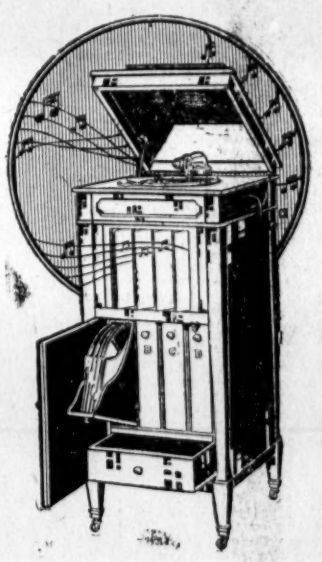
A farce comedy in one act lasting one hour and 30 minutes was pulled off Wednesday evening beginning at 6 o'clock. Several actors participated and ginger was plentiful throughout, there being not a dull moment from start to finish. This performance was given as a result of the protest of the ministers against the coming of the Bloomer Girls baseball team. The writer never saw a game of baseball in his life and knows nothing about it and cares less. If there is anything he detests it is an aggregation of this kind around the country. Another thing we detest is grandstand plays. We believe in being what you are today, tomorrow and all the time, except as you can improve yourself. We are opposed to allowing these kinds of attractions coming to Lumberton, but we do not believe the home team has been treated right. They should have been told in the beginning that the bunch would not be allowed to play here and thus save the boys the trouble and expense of

(Continued on Page 10.)

Grand Prize Contest!

At J. W. H. Fuchs' Dep't Store

We are going to give away a $200 De Luxe Grafonola, a $75 Sewing Machine, one $40 Ladies' Gold Watch, one $25 Ladies Gold Watch, and one $10 Silver Toilet Set and twenty sets of Wm. Rogers' Silverware.



For full particulars as to how to obtain these valuable presents, call at our store and we will explain fully.

J. W. H. Fuchs' Dep't Store

28 to 30 S. Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

ROBESON MURDER CASES

(Continued from Page 9.)

making preparations for the game. We don't pretend to say who is responsible for all the strife that has prevailed here this week, but one thing we do believe, that more harm has been done than can be repaired in a year. Who in thunder is afraid of bloomers? If reports are true the ugly rags are nothing new here.

Recorder John A. Rowland's health not having improved sufficiently for him to assume the duties of the office, he has appointed Mr. R. A. McLean permanent Substitute Recorder. Mr. McLean was first appointed substitute July 1st. Upon being appointed permanently, he resigned the position as town attorney and Mr. H. E. Stacy was appointed to fill the vacancy. Mr. Stacy will take good care of the town affairs while Mr. McLean is sending offenders to the chain gang.

Among the cases disposed of in court here this week was that of the town against Engineer "Red" Whitefield, of the Seaboard, charged with blowing his whistle unnecessarily some months ago. When the solicitor began to investigate the case he saw there was nothing to it and it was thrown out. In the mayor's court Mr. Whitfield was fined $10 and the costs and when notice of appeal was given the fine was increased to $25. Who pays the witnesses who were to testify against a man for disturbing some one else?

Little Miss Dorothy Finlayson, grand-daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Chaffin, left this week for Montreat where she will spend some time with her aunt, Mrs. Jackson.——Mr. J. L. Rhyne left Thursday for Stanly in response to a telegram informing him of the critical illness of his sister, who is suffering from typhoid fever.——Mrs. Mamie Lewis, two daughters and son, of Raleigh, are visiting relatives here.

Robert Revels, residing three or four miles from town in Wishart's township, farmer, hunter, fisherman, fruit grower, etc., is probably the most matrimonially inclined citizen in all this section. Robert is 67 years old. He lost his wife nearly if not quite a year ago, living since all alone. Several months ago he decided that he could not stand that way of doing when there were so many single marriageable women, and he began to take matriominal papers. As a result considerable correspondence has been going on and one lady, we are told, came down from Charlotte to investigate. She returned the same day declaring that she could not do the cooking and washing. Then came a second, a widow, with two children, but she didn't think the climate would suit her. Another good looking one is reported from Atlanta next week. If they can agree on terms it is hoped he may be able to have a companion for life. He is a good, hard working fellow, owns 41 1-2 acres of land and last year paid $7.14 tax. He has a cozy little home right up on a hill near a beautiful little branch through which flows a beautiful stream of water after each big rain.

It just looks like a disgrace to the great army of prohibitionists in North Carolina for a great number of them to be going to coast resorts in other States because they cannot get a cool bottle of beer at Wrightsville Beach. Dry the place up and then forsake it. Oh, consistency, if you make a bad bargain, stick to it. We rather be a monkey with head and tail off than to be a hypocrite.

The blow has fallen and there is much rejoicing. The town commissioners have passed an ordinance prohibiting the displaying of goods on the sidewalks on Elm street ant after today ladies need not tear their dresses over plows or stumble over a mowing machine and men will not be using wire fencing and grindstones to sit upon and spit tobacco juice all over the walk. Keep it up, gentlemen, nearly all the business men signed the petition to have this done.

An interesting case was tried in the Recorder's court Thursday. The Advance office and McKenzie's job office are both in the same room in the opera house. Mr. McKenzie indicted Mr. Parnell for using some of his type after he had forbidden him to do so. Mr. Parnell did not deny using the type one time and then not injuring it. The Recorder was of the opinion that it was kind of a baby show and dismissed the case, dividing the costs between them, the share of each being $1.18. Mr. Parnell gave notice of appeal, but changed his mind and paid up. Mr. R. C. Lawrence defended Mr. Parnell and Prosecutor Lennon appeared for the State.

About 1 o'clock Wednesday night the people heard loud screaming and yelling somewhere, but they could not locate it. Thursday it was learned that a negro man who had married a widow was administering to her a good thrashing when her son took part and succeeded in fixing his step-father's face so that Dr. Britt went down and tried his hand sewing it up. Poor boy that wouldn't protect his mother.

Only last Sunday we called attention to reckless driving of automobiles in town. Thursday afternoon Dr. Thompson and "Mocking Bird" Davis had a collision as they turned a corner. Dr. Thompson was driving his car while Mr. Davis was driving a motorcycle. While not going fast, when they stopped the noisy little machine was under the big one and badly wrecked. We didn't see it, but Mr. Davis crawled from under the car whistling as he came.

One morning this week a small negro boy was speeding down on a bicycle showing some of the clever tricks he could do when one of his bare feet was caught in the chain and of course the boy and wheel went down together and the neighborhood was alarmed by the yells which were something fearful. He was as securely fastened as a bear in a steel trap. The wheel had to be taken to pieces before the boy was released.

At Antioch Baptist church, six miles from town, on the Whiteville road, some excitement was caused last Sunday morning when work was begun bailing water out of the baptismal pool, preparatory to refilling it with fresh water for the administration of the ordinance of baptism. A four-foot alligator was found in it, supposed to have come from the mill pond nearby which had been drained. The reptile was very much alive and objected to being disturbed.

Mr. and Mrs. D. D. French who were married two or three weeks ago, returned from their bridal tour Sunday night and are at home at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Townsend. Mr. French expected to take charge of the postoffice the first, but his commission has not yet arrived, though it is expected daily.

Mr. A. M. Diggs, second trick operator at the Seaboard station, is spending a few days at the beach, being relieved by his brother, Mr. J. D. Diggs, of Peachland.

Mr. Jno. Jones' family, who moved to Charleston several months ago, have returned to Lumberton on account of their health. No place like Lumberton.

Among the visitors here yesterday were two interesting ones, to us. Mr. R. M. Lewis, who left here over 20 years ago, going to Georgia, and now residing in Waycross, was one who came home to spend the Fourth with old time friends and relatives. We had not seen "Mull" since he left here and it was a genuine pleasure to shake his hand again. The other visitor was Mr. J. M. Cross, of Concord, but at present working on the Maxton Chief. Mr. Cross told us he was in his 68th year and had been working at the printer's case a little over 50 years. Mr. Cross was an oldtime friend of Mr. J. R. Mahoney, who also spent his life at the cases, his last work, we believe, being on The Star.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Carlyle and Mr. and Mrs. E. R. McIntyre returned from Wrightsville Beach where they had been spending their honeymoon, Wednesday evening.

Miss Lillian Ferguson, the photographer, who has been spending some time here making post card scenes, expects to leave tomorrow or Monday for Montreat, after which she will return to Lumberton to live permanently.

Chief Redfern stated this morning that only four arrests were made during the celebration of the Fourth yesterday, two white and two colored. We are told that one of the white men came here expecting to serve as a special officer, but got "full" before he had a chance to get on the force. He was locked up for "rough housing" and attempting to shoot a man.

During the celebration one drug store sold 18 gallons of milk in drinks, another dealer disposed of 45 gallons of ice cream; a cafe cooked up over 100 pounds of steak.

WILMINGTON AN EDUCATIONAL CENTER

To the Editor of The Star:

It is related that Superintendent John J. Blair, of the city schools, recently had a dream. The dream was not in regard to personal riches. Nor was it the result of a welch rarebit. It was one of those day dreams of a professional educator who views everything around him from the very broad standpoint and considers the if's and and's, the way's and the why-not's.

Superintendent Blair knows Wilmington. He knows the people of Wilmington. He knows us, perhaps, better than we know ourselves, for he is more closely associated with every Wilmington family than is any other man in the city. He knows our children, and therefore, he knows the Wilmington of 1925 better than does any other person in the city.

Was his dream a dream, after all? Or was it simply the a look-into-the-future by the one man in the city who is most intimately associated with and who studies the future voter, the future citizen, the future mother, as they will be found in Wilmington?

Superintendent Blair naturally looks into things from the viewpoint of the professional educator. He would rather educate people than eat a good dinner. He recognizes Wilmington's strategic position as a center from which education may spread to other localities. He sees thousands of people coming here from all parts of the South and as an educator he is wondering why Wilmington should not be utilized by these pleasure-seekers who come here to enjoy our seaside resort. Thus it ever was, with professional educators, and this it will ever be—they can not resist utilizing opportunities to teach.

But this dream—we ask again. Was it really a dream, or a look-into-the-future? A clear, well-defined view of Wilmington's possibilities, her opportunity and her duty?

If it really was a dream, then may we not believe that the dream will come true and that if we will all join hands it will not be a difficult matter to make it come true in the not distant future?

Mr. Blair's dream was that the City of Wilmington and the county of New Hanover became the Model City and the Model County of the State, and that people who came here to enjoy our Summer pleasures went back to their homes all over the South with a determination to take Wilmington and New Hanover as the examples, the standards, toward which their cities and their counties should strive.

Superintendent Blair, the thinking people of Wilmington are with you. Relate your dream to all the school children with whom you come in contact. Inspire them with the ideas that come to you. Inspire them with a determination to keep up the pace for improvement that the city has set for itself during the past few years. Upon you and your school teachers, more than upon any other class of people in the community, rest the responsibility, the possibility and the honor of making your dream come true. The intelligent citizens will help you. If we all do our duty it will be an easy matter to demonstrate that this was not a dream but simply a clear insight into and an interpretation of the future.

Wilmington, N. C., July 5th, 1913.

The Legislature of Minnesota has taken a part of the saloon license money and bought and equipped a farm to which men who get drunk too frequently are sent to be cured. No drugs or whiskey are used, but the water cure in all its elaborateness is practiced. Patients are rubbed and soaked and steamed and parboiled and massaged until the last trace of alcoholic poison vanishes from their system, and incidentally they are convinced that they have enough manhood to quit the booze.

Salisbury, wet from the time the first house was built, generations ago, is just now giving the State a sample of sheriff that would ornament the dryest community in the State. Sheriff McKenzie catches people daily, lugging booze into Salisbury from Virginia. Among his late captures was that of a negro who had four gallons of whiskey and one dozen bottles of beer.

When the next Southern Furniture Exposition is held in High Point that "Grand Rapids of the South" hopes to have a mammoth exhibit building finished, covering an acre and a half and being eight stories high, giving in all 12 acres of floor space, for the purpose of making an exhibit of High Point's furniture manufactures.

George W. Justice, the business manager of the town of Hendersonville, is attracting attention, because of his office. Several other towns have hired business managers, just like corporations do, and the plan works fine when they get the right sort of managers.

There has been an epidemic of incendiarism in Iredell county, covering a period of months. Outbuildings and lumber, and other property from time to time have been destroyed. Who was doing it mystified the officers until a small boy confessed. He is a pyro-maniac.

A dispatch from San Bernardino, Cal., says that the Monave desert is now drier than ever, the saloons having gone out of business except at the town of Needles.

When her fiancé was declared insolvent, a Philadelphia girl had to give up her $350 diamond engagement ring to his creditors, on court orders.

Making Punch for Mother's Party

Drawn by "Penn" Ritt
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Armour and Company

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Only the choicest of rich, ripe Grapes used for Armour's Grape Juice. Pressed and bottled in the Armour Factories at Westfield, N. Y., and Mattawan, Michigan, right where the best Concords grow.

No diluting, no artificial sweetening. Just the pure juice with all the original freshness and fine flavor.

Buy a case of Armour's Grape Juice from your grocer or druggist. Served at fountains, buffets and clubs.

If your dealer cannot supply you, we will forward, charges prepaid, a trial dozen pints for $3.00, or a trial dozen quarts for $5.50. 'Phone our local branch house, or address Armour and Company, Chicago.

Do you want to know the latest ways to serve grape juice? Send for our Grape Juice Recipe Book—Mailed free on request.

DEALERS—For quick delivery of Armour's Grape Juice, 'Phone 85, or 709-J.——G. B. Fenley, Manager, Wilmington Branch House, Armour & Company.

WHEN WHISKEY WAS CHEAP.

Old Account Book Throws Light on Cost of Living.

(Monroe Journal.)

Mr. R. W. Lemmond, clerk of the court, has an old account book which was kept by Eli Stewart for his store at Stewart's Mill, in the year 1821.

There are some odd accounts in that book if they be judged by present-day standards. On the same day one man is charged with the following items:

Half pint whiskey, 10 cents.
One dozen buttons, 20 cents.
One comb, 25 cents.
One dozen rings, 20 cents.
Half pint whiskey, 10 cents.
One Bible, $1.00.

Whiskey seems to have been cheaper than Bibles in "them days."

Pretty nearly every account has the pint, half pint, or gill of whiskey on it. And some of the accounts had nothing at all but several entries of whiskey. One man was charged with a bed cord and a half pint of whiskey. One man is charged with postage on "one letter, 25c."

One account was for 25 pounds of coffee at forty cents a pound, sixty pounds of sugar at fifteen cents a pound, and a pint of whiskey for 15 cents.

William Blair was charged with three flints, 6 1-4 cents.

Ben. J. M. Wilson's black man was credited with seven and a half dozen eggs at 10 cents per dozen, and charged with four bowls at 15 cents each.

One man bought two half pints for 20 cents, one quart for 30 cents, and one half pint of ditto for 10 cents.

Julius, John Wilson's black man, bought one fine hat for $6.50 and a skein of silk for 6 1-4 cents. The half and quarter cents were always carried out.

One lady bought a straw bonnet for $4.00, and ten yards of calico for 4 1-2.

The Catawba Co-operative Creamery Co., at Hickory, is a paying proposition. It was organized three years ago by the farmers of Catawba county. The first year receipts were $13,000; for the year ending June 1st, 1913, the receipts were $51,935. Receipts from eggs reached $16,431; cream, $10,390; and the rest was butter, of which 99,917 pounds were made. Eggs to the number of 78,579 dozen were handled. The 204 stockholders got 30 cents for butter fat and 21 cents for eggs, on an average.

Aaron Burr's application for a pension has been unearthed by a government clerk recently, together with a letter written to Burr by George Washington. It is dated October 26, 1778. Afterward, Burr tried to create a new government in the West, and was declared a traitor.

Pressing down a knob mounted in the stem of a new alarm crock shuts off the alarm.

Mills in British Columbia are shipping considerable paper pulp to Japan.

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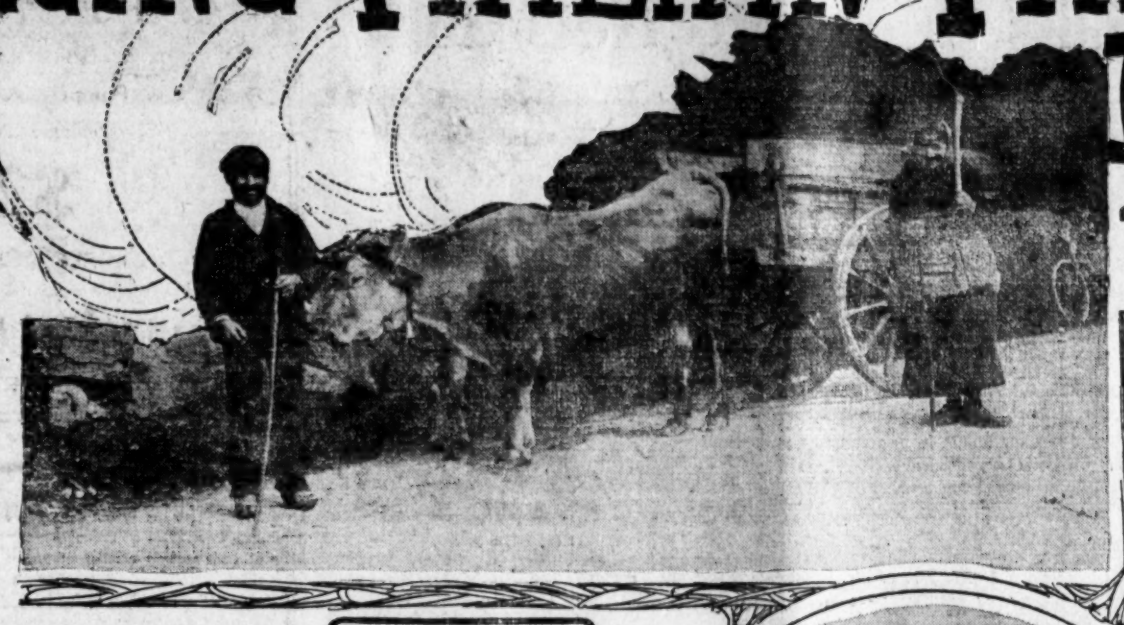
CHANGING ITALIAN FARMERS from BANKRUPTS to BANKERS



What the American Commission On Agricultural Co-operation Learned in Italy of the Benefits of a Farmer's Banking System.

Milan, Italy.

HOW co-operation has changed the Italian farmers from bankrupts to bankers has now been seen by the members of the American Commission on Agricultural Co-operation with their own eyes. The Commission has completed the first lap of its tour through fourteen European countries which it is taking under the auspices of the Southern Commercial Congress to investigate the co-operative systems which have welded the millions of European peasant farmers into organizations wielding incredible power.

Italy is the first country visited by the Commission. The landing was made at Naples, that mystifying city which hides so much poverty under the inspiring beauty of its white shore line streaked between the ultramarine of the Mediterranean and the blue of the south Italian skies. From Naples the Commission journeyed north to Rome and there was welcomed by the King and Queen of Italy and the International Institute of Agriculture. A number of the delegates left the ship at Genoa in order to hasten to Rome. Then going north from Rome, through the central Italian provinces and picturesque Tuscany, the Commission ended its Italian trip in the northern province of Lombardy.

Surely it was a test to have made the country about Naples the starting point for the study of this Commission; for it was not easy for the American delegates to realize that the ragged Italian peasants who stood by the road-side gazing at them, or as frequently begging from them, as they drove to Campagna and who made their homes in the one-storied thatched-roofed huts nearby could possess a "business system" worthy the study of American farmers.

* * *

But the worst jolt which these Yankee commissioners received was their first introduction to a co-operative bank. It was located in a little village near Rome. Several of the Commissioners journeyed there by street car, or tramway, as they are now saying, and by hack. They were escorted to a wine shop, the prototype of a score of such shops passed by the tourist in a day's tramp. The bill stickers art has not swamped Europe as it has the United States, and the impression of the average American tourist is that the shopkeepers are trying their "durndest" to keep the location of their shops an unfathomed secret. There was no outward indication of the building which the Commissioners entered being a bank. Inside were placed a half dozen deal tables worn black with age and polished with the rubbings of countless elbows. At several of the tables sat groups of peasants sipping wine and gossiping. At one a man scribbled figures into a well worn note book. That was the bank. Could such an institution be a power in the land—a force for progress and the uplift of thousands of farmers? But the first lesson that the delegates had to learn was that they must keep eternally on their guard against snap judgments.

Italy represents the supreme test of the soundness of principle of theco-operative banking societies which it is hoped to spread among American farmers as a means to better their credit facilities, increase their production and lower their expenses. The whole plan rests upon the theory that a society of farmers can be trusted with the savings of the community wherein they reside or with loans from outside sources, and can safely be depended upon to distribute those funds among themselves in such ways that they will be profitably invested in their farms and returned to the lenders with reasonable interest. Now if the farmers of Italy, who are poor for the most part according to American standards, who are little educated, and have few opportunities to gain business experience can conduct such little banking societies without loss, how can it be contended that American farmers could not be depended upon to succeed in similar undertakings? Therefore, though it may at first have seemed unwise to take the American Commission to Italy at the start, as a matter of fact, the Commissioners have seen with their own eyes the very severest test to which these societies could be put. And they have seen these farmers' banks conducted without loss; they have seen villages entrusting their savings to their custody because they knew them to be safe; they have seen farmers, without a twentieth part of the advantages that perhaps a majority of the American farmers have, improve their stock, increase the yield of their farms, decrease their expenses and bring a country not over blessed with fertility to a strong position among nations as a producer of agricultural products. The entire plan in Italy is on an humble scale but, even so, Italy is progressing more rapidly agriculturally than the United States. The accomplishments of the Italian rural banks when they are contrasted with their humble beginning is astounding.

* * *

About thirty years ago Dr. Leon Wollemborg, moved by the great burden placed upon the poor farmers of his home in the Venetian parish of Loreggia, decided to copy the German idea of co-operative banks. The farmers among whom he started his task were paupers even in a poor land. Securing some thirty members for his banking society, Dr. Wollemborg, who was a man of private means, contributed $400 himself and scraped together within the first half year of the existence of his society $1,400 more, the most of which he contributed himself. This money was loaned among the members of the society and later a further loan was secured from a savings bank. All of this was paid back. Today the savings banks are willing to lend at any time to the rural banking societies. They have never lost a cent from funds entrusted to them. Dr. Wollemborg's original bank is still in existence. It no longer has to depend upon his loans or charity from any source to secure funds. It has a reserve and has become a fixed institution in the community. And from this initial investment of $2,000 has sprung a system of banking societies that covers nearly all Italy.

The Commission has seen and is beginning to comprehend the principles and the methods by which these individually poor peasants are combined to create, through their own effort alone, a tremendous power. And it is beginning also to dawn upon them that if such power is given these farmers, a relatively greater power can be given the American farmers whom nature has so generously endowed. Agricultural co-operation is simply an application of unionism among farmers, but an unionism based upon business principles, employing business methods and seeking business results. The one argument raised against the adoption of co-operation in the United States is that the farmers are too intelligent — that they cannot be "handled" like the peasant farmers of Europe. Now the Commissioners are asking themselves whether lack of intelligence is a qualification for success in such business undertakings as they see these co-operative societies to be. Moreover, the very basis of agricultural co-operation in its best forms in Europe is that the farmers shall not be "handled" but be perfectly able to "handle" themselves. These points are being borne home upon the Commissioners even at the start of their trip. But to appreciate the impression made upon them by their studies in the first European country visited, a word is necessary regarding the peculiar conditions of agricultural Italy.

* * *

Italy is primarily an agricultural country and certainly not a wealthy one. The poverty of the peasant farmers and farm laborers of the South is extreme, but conditions improve steadily as the traveler goes north. The South of Italy has not yet shaken off the curse of big landed estates owned by lazy landlords who dissipate their lives in pleasure the year round at Naples, Rome, or some other distant city or watering place, while the tillers of the soil are forced to labor for a miserable daily wage. There can be no development worthy of the name, there can be no conservation of the resources of land where there is no owner to live upon it, to love it and give to it the labor of love. The problem of absentee ownership is not yet a serious one in the United States, but signs of its approach in certain districts are even now noticeable. The wealthy farmer retires and moves to town and rents his farm, or hires a tenant to work it. That tenant will never give to the land the care that it would receive from an owner. South Italy has at least this lesson for Americans, that a farmer's land is like a woman—he must wed it and love it if he would receive the utmost from it.

In the central provinces the peasant farmer—the Contadino, as he is called—does not, as a general rule, own his land, but there obtains a peculiar system of tenure that apparently serves as an almost perfect substitute. The owner of a large estate in Central Italy divides his lands into a number of small holdings of about from twenty-five to thirty-five acres. Each holding is called a podere. The Contadini work these small holdings on a share basis. A peasant farmer—the Mezzadro, as the head of the peasant family is called—occupies one of these holdings and gives a half of his products approximately to the landlord in lieu of rent. Nominally the agreement under which he occupies his land runs only from year to year, but it is customary for the Contadini to hold their land for life times and often to turn it over from generation to generation. The landlord generally lives upon his estate and consequently has the interest in his farm engendered by direct contact. But the position, or rather the attitude, of the Mezzadro is the most peculiar thing of all. He evidently considers his right over his small holdings as every whit as binding a tie as is its actual ownership to the landlord. They love their land and give the very best of their effort to it. It is not an uncommon sight to see them, men, women and children together, toiling in the fields long after the twilight has settled over the land. It is said that they will spend the whole night watching over their vines just before the vintage time, to protect them from thieves. If anyone doubts the whole-souled devotedness of the Mezzadro to his land he would need but to see the infinite pains which has been taken along the hill sides to terrace the land and elsewhere to irrigate it. The writer has seen a piece of land no more than a hundred feet square terraced up and cultivated apparently to the very highest point of productivity. The landlord also assumes his share of the burdens for the up-keep of the land. He pays the taxes and the cost of all permanent improvements. If a harvest is poor he tides the Mezzadro over and, though the debt is later repaid, there are no interest charges. The oxen which are used for plowing and other heavy work are owned jointly by the landlord and the Mezzadro. Take it all in all, this type of Italian peasant farmer is quite prosperous and certainly he is happy. He is an intelligent farmer and has a very adequate idea of his own importance and of his rights. The returns from his labor would probably not satisfy American farmers, but it must be remembered that all of his standards of life are different and, judged by comparisons with those about him, he thrives well.

* * *

In the provinces farther north still another system of tenure was found to prevail. The big estates are cut up into small farms which are rented to the peasant farmers and these tenants employ hired labor to assist them. By the way, in Tuscany there is not much use made of hired labor on the farms and that perhaps accounts for the devotedness with which the land is tilled. The American Commissioners were shown some excellent types of co-operative dairies which are peculiarly fitted to the type of farmer in that district who cannot profitably make his butter and market his produce alone as his farming is on too small a scale.

And now what has co-operation done for these people? What lesson have they learned that the American farmer can profitably copy? Their work to him would seem drudgery, their returns generally meager, but when one considers not where these farmers are, but whether they are going forward or backward, the comparison takes on a different aspect. The agricultural development of Italy is steadily progressing. Its exports of foodstuffs are increasing. This boast cannot be made by the United States of America. Indeed the food exports of the latter country are steadily decreasing and the agricultural production is increasing only about one-fifth as fast as the population, so that from certain standpoints agriculture in Italy is in a far better condition than in the United States. Then too, in considering the benefits of co-operation among Italian farmers, there must be taken into consideration the handicaps that had to be, and even still, have to be overcome. The educational system, though it is now becoming rapidly better, was long neglected. The rate of illiteracy in the south of Italy is very high. The people are naturally conservative and the farmers objected at every step to the introduction of improved machinery and chemical fertilizers. The superstition that exists throughout Italy is known to everybody. Think how hard a task it must have been to teach business methods to a people who placed implicit belief in the power of the evil eye and who considered an accumulation of filth on the head of a child a protection from disease. And yet the farmers of Italy have co-operative dairies, co-operative banks, buy their implements and fertilizer practically at cost, and have even developed their co-operative institutions in the educational field.

* * *

There are some eighteen hundred so-called rural banks in Italy. Though they enjoy certain rights from the Government as to exemption from taxation and are in part controlled by the Government, they are, strictly speaking, banks of the people or rather by the people. Their success, which has been remarkable, is based upon the thrift of the Italians. It is a curious thing that in a country where, at least on the surface, there seems to be so much ostentation and love of display, the people at heart should be so thrifty. Yet all students of Italian life vouch for this. Their rural banks have simply employed as a credit agent this national thrift. They have created capital from toil and honesty. Some of the banks were formed without share capital; others with a limited capital; but all of them depend chiefly upon the savings of the country folk for funds wherewith to advance the loans to the farmers. The strength of these institutions is shown by the fact that on December 31st, 1910, the aggregate amount of deposits held by rural banks was about $12,000,000. This might not seem a large amount for America but when reduced to the level of Italian standards it is quite remarkable. Besides these deposits, of course, the banks have a large surplus of their own derived from purchases of capital shares, payments on loans and in other ways. Loans are made to the farmers running generally for about two years, and the money is generally loaned at from between 5 1-2 to 7 per cent. These poor peasants can more easily secure banking accommodations than can the farmers of the United States, the wealthiest, most bountifully endowed farmers of the universe. All these savings are devoted to the development of agriculture. Through these institutions the farmers are assisted in the purchase of implements, fertilizers, manures, stock and even in the permanent improvement of the land. One very interesting institution in the Italian rural districts is the Comizio Agrario. This is a committee, composed of the leading farmers of each district, which studies farm problems and reports on them to the Ministry of Agriculture.

* * *

It is the co-operative credit institutions however which have done most for the Italian farmers. There are two forms of these co-operative banks, both modeled after the German. The type most generally found in the rural district is similar in form to the Raiffeisen banks of Germany. They are simply associations of farmers living within a restricted area who pledge their worldly goods in common as security for whatever liabilities the association assumes. This may seem a risky business and it probably would be at once contended that it would be ridiculous to suppose that the American farmers could be gotten to pledge their goods and lands for the debts of any other man. But in actual practice this is not unreasonable and very seldom disastrous. Certainly the benefits obtained are greater in proportion to the risks assumed than is the case in ninety-nine out of a hundred business ventures which many American farmers might easily be talked into. In the first place everything about the co-operative credit society except the liability of the members is limited and restricted by iron bound rules. The members of any one association must live within a district of small enough area so that every member knows every other member and can keep an eye on what he does and spends. Then the borrower from any one of these associations is restricted as to the purposes for which he can spend the money he borrows. He must put it into improvements or purchases of implements or stock that are intended to better his farm and increase his income. The farmer is obliged to tell the bank directors just what he intends to spend the money on before they will let him have it. Now think of these things. A farmer says that he wants to borrow $100 to buy fertilizer for a certain field. How long would it take his neighbors, each one of whom knows that he has borrowed his money and for exactly what purpose he has borrowed it, to find out that the farmer had not bought fertilizer, but had bought a graphophone instead or taken a trip to town. Not longer than it takes to say Jack Robinson. And then the community would be down on him like a ton of bricks. The idea of unlimited liability, of making yourself liable to have every stick you own sold to pay some one else's debt sounds like a terrific thing. But when you get down to the facts of the case the important point is not how far the members of the society are responsible but what risk there is of a borrower running off with money or not repaying his loan. The chance of this in the rural banks is far less than in many commercial banks. In the first place the men who lend the money know their man perfectly. Then just for extra safety they get two other men whom they know equally as well to stand sponsor for him. Then they make the borrower promise in black and white that he is going to do a sensible thing with his money. Then they go around to his farm and watch him until he does it. If he doesn't do it they will know it long before there is any chance of his making a getaway. And no one loan is ever so large as to threaten the safety of the bank.

* * *

Besides this form of strictly rural bank there is what is known as the popular bank which, however, is designed more particularly for artisans living in urban communities but which is also of great value to the farmers. These banks have a capital. Each member has to subscribe to stock and dividends are paid on this stock. Also the members are only liable to a certain fixed extent for the debts of such a bank. Theoretically this form of bank would seem the more tempting one with which to become associated. As a member you would not be liable to so great an extent and you would also draw a dividend from the profits of the bank. However, in actual practice the first type of bank has been found to work better in Italian rural communities.

The above is a brief outline of the associations which the Commission found in operation in Italy. There is a considerable amount of business method and judgment necessary to the conduct of such an institution and their successful operation in Italy speaks well for the native intelligence of the Italian peasant farmer. And through the adoption of the co-operative credit system the farmers have become used to co-operation in other ways. Now they have taken it up in education, in purchasing and selling their produce.

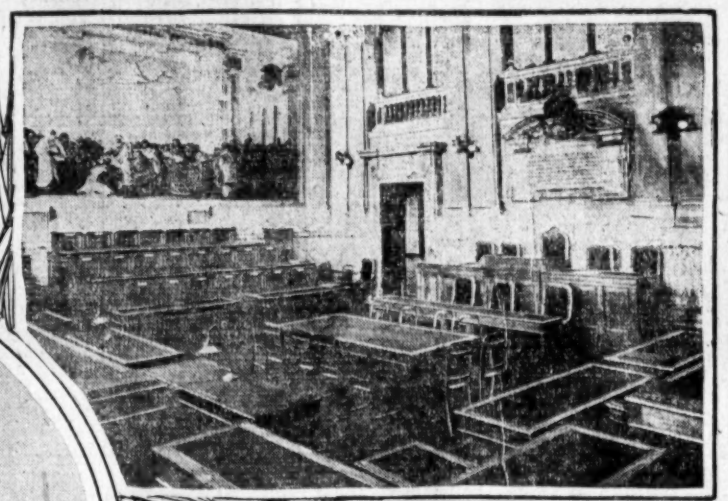
Slowly but surely the principle of co-operation is strengthening the position of the Italian farmer. The fact must not be lost sight of that they are progressing and that their progress is healthy and steady and based upon thrift. The lesson learned by the American Commissioners in Italy was a lesson in progress. It showed the power of co-operation to increase the ambition of the Italian farmers, to develop business judgment from their native intelligence, to capitalize and encourage their thrift. It demonstrated that co-operation, far from shrinking the individuality of the farmers, develops a keener competition and places a premium upon trustworthiness and progressiveness.

Their studies in Italy have also impressed the members of the American Commission on agricultural co-operation with the interest which farmers must have in a sound currency system. For instance, if a co-operative banking system is established in the United States, it will be necessary at certain seasons of the year for these banks, as a body, to borrow considerable sums of money from outside sources. It is probable that central co-operative banks would be organized, the capital for which would be subscribed by the local credit societies of the farming communities. Such central co-operative banks would, in so far as possible, equalize the supply and demand between various local organizations. However, there would be certain seasons of the year, particularly the fall, when even the total supply of funds at the command of all of the co-operative banks would not be sufficient to meet the demands of the farmers. In such cases it would be necessary to seek funds from outside sources. It is possible that a central agricultural bank could be organized by the co-operative system, or else that arrangements could be made with a private bank to carry on the work for the co-operative system in the great money centers—probably in New York or Chicago. Such a bank would have to bid for funds in the open market, and so long as present currency conditions obtain, it would be difficult for this bank to secure adequate funds, or at least an unreasonable rate of interest would have to be paid for them. As things are today, money rates go up in New York every fall with an absurd regularity. Of course, with the advantages of a central bank, contracting only for loans in large amounts, the farmers would be in a better position than they are today, even though the currency system is not reformed. But it will be much better for the farmers to have an elastic currency in addition to their banking system. This would permit them to secure ample funds without the feverish rise in interest rates which we witness each fall in New York.

Several members of the Commission are of the mind that consideration should be given the plan for a farmers' co-operative banking system at the same time that the question of general currency reform is taken up. In this way the farmers would be given a much more direct interest in the question of currency reform than they now have. This would be of great benefit to the banking and commercial interests of the country; for it would gain for them a powerful support. At the same time a proper consideration of the credit requirements of farmers would better banking conditions generally. Thus, the coupling of the two questions, that of currency reform and of an agricultural credit system, would benefit both interests.

HON. LEONE WOLLEMBORG FORMER MINISTER OF FINANCE OF ITALY AND FOUNDER OF THE RURAL CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT BANK SYSTEM OF ITALY

HIS MAJESTY VITTORIO EMANUELE III KING OF ITALY



ROOM IN THE INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF AGRICULTURE AT ROME, ITALY WHERE THE DELEGATES ATTENDED THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE INSTITUTE.

HER MAJESTY ELENA QUEEN OF ITALY

SONDAY OBSERVANCE LAWS

Rulings of the Courts on Subject, With Sketch of Such Legislation—This State is Liberal in Statutes.

There has been so much discussion about Sunday laws in the city of late that it may not be uninteresting to review a case that was heard in the Supreme Court of the State in 1904. It is entitled, Rodman vs. Robinson, and one of the points made in the case by the defense was that a contract between plaintiff and defendant was invalid because it was made on a Sunday.

The court held that a contract made on Sunday is not invalid at common law, and quotes the only law ever enacted in North Carolina relative to Sunday, enacted in 1741, to the effect that "on the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday, no tradesman, artificer, planter, laborer, or other person shall * * * do or exercise any labor, business or work of his ordinary calling * * * upon pain that every person so offending * * * shall forfeit and pay one dollar."

Under this statute, copied from the English law, it has been held that a horse sale was not invalidated because it was made on Sunday, when the sale was not a part of the vendor's ordinary calling. The old English statute is the foundation of nearly all Sunday legislation in this country.

The court in this case quoted the court in another case, where it was held: "The statute in its operation is confined to manual, visible or noisy labor, such as is calculated to disturb other people, for example, keeping open shop or working at a blacksmith's anvil. The Legislature has power to prohibit labor of this kind on Sunday on the ground of public decency * * * But when it goes further and * * * prohibits labor which is done in private, the power is exceeded and the statute is void." In this last case it was also held that selling a horse on Sunday was not forbidden, dealing in horses not being the defendant's ordinary calling.

Again, in another case, the court said that in this State any act that may lawfully be done on a week day can be done on Sunday, unless there is some statute forbidding it being done on Sunday. Numerous cases are cited to show where the courts have said it was not illegal to hold court on Sunday, though they also stated, out of considerations of propriety it ought not to be done unless necessary.

In a case cited it was held that it is not indictable to sell goods on Sunday, in open shop, or to work on Sunday, it not being indictable either at common law or by statute.

"Counsel for defendant," says the court in the Rodman vs. Robinson suit, "contend that Christianity is a part of the law of the land and hence, independent of any statute, the contract is invalid. If the observance of Sunday were commanded by statute as an act of religion or worship, such statute would be absolutely forbidden. The founder of the Christian religion said that his 'Kingdom was not for this world,' and under our Constitutions, both State and Federal, no act can be required or forbidden by statute because such act may be in accordance with or against the religious views of any one. * * * If therefore the cessation of labor or the prohibition or performance of any act were provided by statute for religious reasons the statute could not be maintained. The Seventh Day Baptists and others as well as Hebrews, keep Saturday and the Mohammedans observe Friday. To compel them or any one else to observe Sunday for religious reasons would be contrary to our fundamental law. The only ground upon which Sunday laws can be sustained is that in pursuance of the police power, the State can and ought to require a cessation of labor upon specified days to protect the masses from being worn out by incessant and unremitting toil. If such days happen to be those upon which the larger part of the people observe a cessation of toil for religious reasons, it is not an objection but a convenience. Yet such statute can not be construed beyond its terms as to make the signing of a contract on Sunday invalid when the words prohibit only labor or business or work of one's ordinary calling.

"It is incorrect to say that Christianity is a part of the common law of the land, however it may be in England, where there is union of church and State, which is forbidden here. The beautiful and divine precepts of the Nazerene do influence the conduct of our people and individuals and are felt in legislation and in every department of activity. They profoundly impress and shape our civilization. But it is by this influence that it acts, and not because it is a part of the organic law of the land which expressly denies religion any place in the supervision or control of secular affairs. * * * If it was presumptuous in Uzza to put forth his hand to stay the tottering Ark of God at the threshing floor of Chidon, it is equally forbidden under our severance of church and State for the civil power to enforce cessation of work on the Lord's Day in maintenance of any religious views in regard to its proper observance.

"Even if Christianity could be deemed the basis of our government, its own organic law must be found in the New Testament and there we shall look in vain for any requirement to observe Sunday or indeed any day. The Master's references to the Sabbath were not in support, but in derogation of the extreme observance of the Mosaic day of rest indulged in by the Pharisees. The Old Testament commanded the observance of the Sabbath, but that was an injunction laid upon the Hebrews, and it designated Saturday, not Sunday, prescribing a thoroughness of abstention from labor that few observe, even of the people to whom the command was given."

Sunday was first adopted by Christians in lieu of Saturday long years after Christ, in commemoration of the Resurrection. The court notes that the first Sunday law was enacted in the year 321, by Constantine, who called on city people to cease from labor but left country people to work, saying that no day was so well fitted for sowing grain or planting vines as "the venerable day of the Sun." It was not until the end of the ninth century that Sunday was substituted for Saturday by law.

The first Sunday law in this country was in Virginia in 1617, and made a man who failed to attend church pay a pound of tobacco fine. Later in New England it was punishable by imprisonment in the stocks to go to sleep in church. Whipping was practiced for working on Sunday. In New England there was a statute inflicting the death penalty for sin committeed "with a high hand" on Sunday. The laws on Sunday in the different States and in different countries vary widely, but all the Sunday laws in this country are based upon the police power to protect workingmen from being required to labor unceasingly and to protect the sensibilities of many who would be disturbed by the noise and tumult of traffic and of labor. So far as contracts made on Sunday, however, it has been settled that a contract so made is good as any.

There is no penalty attached to plying one's ordinary trade or calling on Sunday in this State except the payment of $1; and the sentiment revealed in the quotations from the court decisions is so strong with reference to keeping a broad line between church and State that the last Legislature by overwhelming vote, in the House, killed a stringent Sunday observance law.

It is questioned by some lawyers whether a city has any right to enact any law that goes beyond the State law on the subject, though prevailing legal opinion seems to be that it can, provided it does not discriminate.

NEW PARTNERSHIP LAW.

Passed by the Last Legislature and Effective July First.

The act ratified by the last Legislature, "An Act to Regulate the Use of Assumed Names in Partnerships," went into effect July 1. It is as follows:

"No person shall hereafter carry on, conduct or transact business in this State under assumed name, or under any designation, name or style other than the real name or names of the individual or individuals owning, conducting or transacting such business, unless such person or persons shall file in the office of the clerk of the Superior Court of the county or counties in which such person or persons own, conduct or transact, or intend to own, conduct or transact such business or maintain an office or place of business, a certificate setting forth the name under which such business is owned or is to be conducted or transacted, and the true or real full name or names of the person or persons owning or conducting or transacting the same, with the home and post office address or addresses of such persons. Said certificate shall be executed and duly acknowledged by the person or persons so owning, conducting or intending to conduct said business: Provided that the selling of goods by sample or through traveling agents or traveling salesmen, or by means of orders forwarded by the purchaser through the mails, shall not be construed for the purpose of this act as conducting or transacting business so as to require the filing of said certificates."

The several clerks of the Superior Courts of the State are required by the law to keep an alphabetical index of all persons filing certificates and for such service the clerk shall receive a fee of 25 cents. A copy of such list shall be on file in the office of the clerk of the court and the existence of such certificates duly certified and acknowledged by the clerk shall be construed as presumptive evidence in all courts of law in the State as to the truthfulness of the contents of the certificate.

The law does not apply to corporations chartered by this State or others but relates only to partnerships. Any person failing to comply with the provisions of the act shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be subject to a fine of not more than $50 or imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not exceeding 30 days.

REMEMBERED IN THIS CITY.

Clergyman Who Conquered Mt. McKinley Preached Here.

Several Star readers, seeing the dispatch some days ago telling of the ascent of Mt. McKinley by the expedition of Rev. Hudson Stuck, an Episcopal archdeacon, recalled that he once preached in St. James' Episcopal church, this city, and that he delivered a sermon remarkable for its forcefulness and picturesque oratory. This was about six years ago. He was a schoolmate of Rev. R. W. Hogue, formerly rector of St. James' church. A New York paper, containing a lengthy sketch of his life, has the following:

"While personally not widely known in New York, Rev. Hudson Stuck, the Episcopal archdeacon who successfully led an expedition to the top of Mt. McKinley, won his first set of spurs by a meeting with the late Rev. Dr. William R. Huntington, of this city, and added to his reputation by his cooperation with a protege of the late J. Pierpont Morgan. He is well known by reputation throughout the Episcopal church in this country, and even before reports of his montain climbing success reached here he was one of the most sought after speakers in New York churches this Fall in connection with the Episcopal General Convention, which he will attend. * * When Rev. Hudson Stuck went to Alaska he held up the hands of his bishop and demonstrated perfect loyalty to him. More than that, he made a National reputation by his writing about his bishop and about Alaska. Away off in the snows of the Yukon, an ideal missionary, he built up a fame that made him a leader in the Episcopal church, not in missions only, but in other ways.

"Nobody in the Episcopal church but has heard of him, although he comes from England by way of Texes, and has been eight or nine years in distant Alaska. Nobody wonders he got to the top of Mt. McKinley. As archdeacon of Alaska, it has been his work to travel thousands of miles, by dog and on foot, and he has helped Bishop Rowe to build up a missionary work in Alaska that is famous in all missionary annals."

HEALTHY HAIR, FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Try Parisian Sage—It Makes Dull, Harsh, Unattractive Hair Soft—Fluffy—abundant and radiant with Life.

Unsightly, matted, scraggy hair is a sign of neglect—of dandruff the hair destroyer.

Parisian Sage is a scientific preparation, absolutely harmless, based on a thorough knowledge of what is needed to cleanse the scalp and hair—keeping them perfectly healthy—stop scalp itch and falling hair, and make hair grow. It supplies hair needs.

Parisian Sage is a tea-colored liquid, delicately perfumed—not sticky or greasy—that comes in a fifty cent bottle at druggists and toilet counters. Always sold on money back if not satisfied plan. Look for the "Girl with the Auburn Hair" on the package.

Get a bottle today—pour a little on a sponge or cloth and rub lightly over the hair taking a small strand at a time—rub it into the scalp. Presto! the dandruff disappears; the hair is free from dust and excessive oil and is doubly beautiful. Try it today—it will not only save your hair and make it grow but give it that incomparable gloss and beauty you desire.

Be sure you get Parisian Sage.

Recommended and sold by Rob't R. Bellamy.

(advertisement.)

Hot Weather Cry is for Bath Suits, Mosquito Nets and Porch Screens

GAYLORD-PLATT CO.

Have them for sale and They Are Selling LOW. CASH PRICES Move Goods Fast.

Boys' One-Piece Elastic Cotton-Worsted Bath Suit, this week ..... .50c

Men's, same grade ..... .65c

If you want a Suit, you will buy these at these prices, soon as you see them.

Largest stock of Ladies' and Misses' "Swim Easy" Bath Suits, to be found in the State, and the prices are 25 % less than you can buy them anywhere else in the State.

All styles of Caps and Bathing Shoes and Sandals.

Porch Screens, cane strips, 6x8 feet $1.18
Porch Screens, 8x8 feet $1.38
Porch Screens, 10x8 feet $1.63
Mosquito Nets, ready for use $1.18, $1.48, $1.95

Small size and best quality Child's White Dress in sheer dainty Lawn, from 2 to 4 years, lace and embroidery trimmed, from ..... $1.25 to $2.98 and they are Beauties.
Underskirts and Princess Slips to match same.

GENUINE PANAMAS.

We have just received a big lot of high grade Panamas that we bought at a Bargain, and we are selling at a Bargain this week.

——$2.98 $4.98 $5.50——

NETS FOR THE BABY.

The steel frame collapsible "Baby Protector" is the most convenient and satisfactory device ever devised by human skill for the comfort and protection of babies from flies and mosquitoes. Sold in two sizes.

Large Size $1.95
Small Size $1.45

LADIES' AND MISSES' COATS FOR BEACH WEAR

Beautiful garments in Red and Shepherd Plaids. Finest quality of goods, perfectly made and the very latest styles ..... $4.50, $5.00 and $5.50

210, 212, 214 North Front Street

WHARF FOR RENT

West Side of River.

Just immediately South of the Ferry; 280 feeet front, extending back about 400 feet. Possession given by Oct. 1st.

Apply to

D. L. GORE

GO TO
THE FAMOUS
SEASHORE HOTEL
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C. OPEN JUNE 1st
Every room in the Hotel an outside one, either facing on the Ocean or Sound, 120 of them with private bath and toilet. Cuisine unsurpassed by any Resort Hotel on the Atlantic Coast. Vegetables, fruits and dairy products received daily from our own farm.
NO MOSQUITOES. NO FLIES.
Golf, Tennis, Fishing, Bathing, Sailing. Vocal and Instrumental Concerts Daily. Interesting illustrated Booklets Free.
E. L. HINTON, Manager
Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

WHEN the sun broils and you want to fool the temperature, step right into a Stein-Bloch Summertime zephyr-weight suit. Buy one of these wonderfully tailored, lightest weight, two-piece garments in either True Blue Serge, Zephyr Home Spun or other tropical fabrics. You will hardly know the suit's on your back and you will enjoy the coolness it imparts. You will enjoy the low price more.

Palm Beach Suits, $7.50.

Bathing Suits, Hats and Furnishing Goods.

FLEET-DAVIS CO.

NEXT TO THE BIJOU. PHONE 673.

Wilmington's Greatest Tailoring Event!

Mills' failure to deliver, throws thousands of pieces of finest all-wool imported worsteds on our hands. The Wilmington store has been favored with one hundred new styles selected by the president of the company, appreciating Wilmington's past appreciation for our merchandise, feeling confident that this sale will be the talk of this section of the State. Your choice of fabrics as heretofore will be to one to all

$15—No More, No Less

Values $25.00, $30.00, $35.00 and $40.00. Will be pleased to show you samples.

U. S. WOOLEN MILLS COMPANY

109 Princess Street.

The Murchison National Bank

Wilmington, N. C.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $1,350,000.00
ASSETS : : : : : 7,000,000.00

Every possible facility furnished at all times to customers and depositors.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier.
J. V. GRAINGER, V. President. M. F. ALLEN, Asst. Cashier.
J. W. YATES, V. President. W. S. JOHNSON, Asst. Cashier.

NOTICE OF DRAINAGE CONTRACTORS.

Sealed bids will be received for the construction of two miles of main canal and five miles of laterals (shovel work), in Rocky Point Drainage District, Pender County, N. C., said construction comprising approximately twenty-two thousand cubic yards of earth and seven hundred cubic yards of rock excavation and four small wooden bridges, at the office of the Secretary of the Board of Drainage Commissioners of Rocky Point Drainage District, at No. 505 Southern Building, Wilmington, N. C., until July 10th, 1913, at twelve o'clock M., then and there publicly to be opened and read.

Certified check for five per cent. of the price bid must accompany each proposal, check to be made payable and bids addressed to the Chairman of the Board of Drainage Commissioners of Rocky Point Drainage District. Maps, plans and profiles may be seen at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Pender Couny, Burgaw, N. C. Specifications and blank forms of proposals will be furnished upon application to J. L. Becton, Engineer, Wilmington, N. C., and complete sets of plans and profiles will be furnished for two dollars. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

This, the 24th day of June, 1913.

M. F. H. GOUVERNEUR,
Secretary.

je27;Jy10-13t

ASHEVILLE
And Western North Carolina Resorts

Easily reached through Convenient Schedules, as follows:

Lv. Wilmington	3:15pm	5:35am
Ar. Columbia	11:10pm	12:50pm
Lv. Columbia	11:50pm	1:00pm
Ar. Saluda	5:20am	6:00pm
Ar. Hendersonville	5:50am	6:30pm
Ar. Asheville	7:00am	7:30pm
Ar. Waynesville	10:00am	9:20pm

Summer Excursion Tickets on sale Daily. Reservations made for Pullman accommodations.

'Phone: 160.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE
(Standard Railroad of the South.)

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
E. C. COHEN, Traveling Pass Agt.
T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Jy 3-tf

ENTRY NO. 9132.

I hereby enter and lay claim to the following land in Cape Fear Township—640 acres. Located on the East side of the Wilmington and Weldon R. R., South side of Prince George Creek, each side of Pumpkin Kiln Branch, adjoining Richard Morsden's 1,000 acre tract, John Hugh's two patents for 320 acres each, one dated 22 day of Nov., 1771, No. 310, and other bearing date Nov. 22, 1771, No. 311.

Also adjoining the Charles Burton tract, for 253¼ acres, Allen B. Jones, John Hamilton (150-acre patent), and Isaac F. Hines, and others, containing 640 acres, more or less.

J. D. SIDBURY.

Dated July 2nd, 1913.
Entered and filed July 2nd, 1913.

JOHN HAAR,
Reg. of Deeds and Acting Entry Taker.
Jy3-30days

GREEN PARK HOTEL
Green Park, N. C.
(Blowing Rock.)

Literally, a Home among the clouds, 4,300 feet. Pure, cold spring water, delightful scenery, bracing air, fire at evening and blankets at night for comforts. Fine turnpikes for motoring and driving. Booklet. Until June 15th, address Raleigh, N. C., afterwards Green Park, N. C.

HOWELL COBB.

NOTICE OF SALE.

Pursuant to an order of the Superior Court for New Hanover County, entered at the May Term, 1913, in a case therein pending, wherein Theodore M. Byers, et al., are plaintiffs, and the Scott's Hill Land & Lumber Company is defendant, the undersigned commissioners will, on the 10th day of July, 1913, at 12 o'clock M., at the place of business of the Scott's Hill Land & Lumber Company, Scott's Hill, N. C., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the following real and personal property, belonging to the said Scott's Hill Land & Lumber Company, and situate in Pender and New Hanover Counties, to-wit:

REAL PROPERTY.

FIRST TRACT: Beginning at a cypress in Old House Branch, and running thence South 2 deg. East, 12 poles, to a stake; thence South 88¼ deg. West, 61 poles, to stake; thence South 237 poles to a lightwood stump; thence North 80 deg. West, 145 poles, to a pine; thence North 357 poles, to a spruce pine, at the run of Old House Branch; thence with the meanders of said branch, to the beginning; containing, by estimation, 300 acres, same being on the North side of the railroad, about two miles from the Scott's Hill Depot.

SECOND TRACT: Beginning at the Southeast corner of the church lot of the M. E. Church, South, at Scott's Hill, in the center of the side track of the Wilmington & Newbern Railroad, and running thence with the course of the side track in a Northeast direction, 172 feet to a stake, 7 feet at right angles from the center of said side track to the West side of the same, and running thence North 50 deg. West, 823 feet, to a stake in a fence line; thence South 33 deg. 15 min. West, 435 feet, to a sycamore tree in the edge of an old grave yard; thence South 68 deg. 45 min. East, 371 feet, to a stake in the Western corner of the Methodist Church lot; thence North 35 deg. 30 min. East, 242 feet, to a stake in the Northern corner of the Methodist Church lot; thence South 53 deg. 15 min. East, 447 feet, to the point of beginning; containing 4.9 acres; and being the tract of land upon which the mill and plant of the Scott's Hill Land & Lumber Company is located.

THIRD TRACT: All the standing timber measuring 12 inches in diameter, 18 inches from the ground, upon the following described tract of land, lying and being in Topsail Township, Pender County, and bounded as follows: On the North by lands of G. W. Huggins; on the East by lands of Jasper Sidbury; on the South and West by lands of W. H. Hill; containing 400 acres, more or less. It is the condition of this deed that the timber shall be removed from the aforementioned land within eight years from the 9th day of March, 1911. The party of the first part hereby conveys to the party of the second part all the rights and privileges of ingress, egress and regress named in the deed from J. T. Foy and wife.

FOURTH TRACT: 1st. Being a certain lot or parcel of land allotted to F. M. Foy in the division of the estate of J. M. Foy, deceased, and described as follows, to-wit: Situated on the East side of Island Creek and South side of Wanny's Branch, beginning at a sweet gum tree on the spot where formerly stood a stooping chinquepin; running thence North 85 East 77 poles, to a stake; thence South 36 poles, to a stake, Henry S. Foy's Northwest corner; thence East with said H. S. Foy's line, 250 poles, to a stake; thence North 58 East, 110 poles, to a gum tree on the run of Wanny's Branch; thence with the run of said branch, along the various courses thereof, about 286 poles, to a maple, the corner of the Sholar tract; thence with the Sholar line, South 44 West, 332 poles, to the beginning; containing by estimation, 337½ acres, more or less.

2nd. Situated on the East side of Island Creek, and on the North side of Wanny's Branch, beginning at a stake, Henry S. Foy's Northwest corner, referred to in the above tract; running thence South 304 poles to a maple on the North side of Mosquito Branch; thence North 14 deg. East, 84 poles, to a stake; thence East, 134 poles, to a pine; thence with the courses of the bay, first North 63 poles; thence North 83 deg. 50 poles; thence North 50 deg. East 120 poles, to a pine in the line of the Futch tract; thence with said Futch line, North 33 deg. West, 88 poles, to the corner of the Futch tract; and thence West 252 poles to the beginning; containing 322 acres, more or less.

3rd. Adjoining the above two tracts and lying on both sides of Wanny's Branch beginning at a stake at the edge of a bay, adjoining R. K. Bryan's land, being the beginning corner of the Futch tract, near Richard Earle's plantation; running thence North 33 deg. West, 204 poles to a pine stump in Jeremiah Casteen's field; thence South 58 deg. West, 180 poles, across Wanny's Branch to a stake, corner of the two above described tracts; thence South 33 deg. East, along a line of the second tract described above, 100 poles, to a stake in the edge of a bay; thence South 18 deg. West, 60 poles, to a pine; thence South 58 deg. East, 60 poles, to a stake; thence North 58 deg. East, 263 poles, to R. K. Bryan's line, to the beginning; containing 229¼ acres, more or less.

Excepting from the last mentioned tract, a certain parcel of land conveyed by J. W. Foy to Oscar P. Batton, by deed dated January ——, 1887, and recorded in New Hanover County, in Book Q, page 352, provided the said Batton has legal title thereto, but the said party of this deed conveys all interest he has in said exception, which purports to contain 22 acres.

4th. The following land in New Hanover County, North Carolina, adjoining the lands of the Nixon heirs and others, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: In Harnett Township, situated on Mosquito Island, beginning at a pine near the head of Island Creek, and running down said creek to a stone, N. M. Nixon's corner; thence with his line East 154 poles to a stake, his corner at Mosquito Branch; thence up said branch as it meanders to a pine at Briery Glade; thence the various courses of said glade to Cross Branch; thence down the run of said branch, its various courses, to the first station; containing 350 acres, more or less.

The last four tracts lying in New Hanover and Pender Counties, and conveyed by George M. Wiley to W. H. Hill, as Recorded in Book 53, page 430, Records of New Hanover County, and in Book 54, page 579, Records of Pender County, and sold by W. H. Hill to said Scott's Hill Land & Lumber Company.

FIFTH TRACT: 1st. Situated in Topsail Township, adjoining the lands of the Brown heirs, beginning at a spruce pine on the North side of Trumpeter Swamp, near the mouth of Maul's Branch, and running thence North 20 deg. West, 176 poles, to a stake; thence North 38 deg. East, 16 poles to a pine, near a bay; thence along the bay North 5 deg. East 40 poles, to a pine on the bay; thence with said bay North 65 deg. East, 32 poles, to a pine; thence South 57 deg. East, 20 poles to a stump; thence East 40 poles to a pine; thence North 21 deg. West, with the bay, 40 poles, to a pine on said bay; thence with said bay North 57 deg. West, 52 poles to a pine; thence North 32 deg. East, 32 poles to a pine; thence South 51 deg. East, 144 poles, to the run of Trumpeter Swamp; thence down Trumpeter Swamp to the beginning; containing 110 acres, more or less.

2nd. Beginning at a stake on the run of Trumpeter Swamp, near the mouth of Coe's Branch, and running thence South 23 deg. West, to a stake near Mush Pot Pond, Ezekiel Chadwick's corner; thence with his line South 23 deg. West, 68 poles to a stake in the first line of a 100-acre tract or survey granted to M. J. Hall; thence with said line South 51 deg. East, 14 poles to a stake at the run of Blossom Branch, the beginning corner of Hall patent; thence down Blossom Branch to a stake, J. Garrison's corner, at the South edge of Blossom Branch; thence with Garrison's line South 27 deg. East, 110 poles to a pine near the Wolf Pond, James W. Walton's corner, the beginning corner of Garrison's old survey; thence with the line of said survey South 78 deg. East, 71 poles to a pine near Blossom Branch; thence South 12 deg. East, 48 poles to a stake; thence South 80 deg. East 21 poles to a spruce pine head fork of the bay of Blossom's Branch; thence North 20 deg. East, 10 poles to a stake; thence with the edge of Blossom Bay North 51 deg. East, 71 poles to a stake at the edge of Blossom Bay, the fourth corner of patent granted to W. C. Murphey, for 240 acres; thence with the line of said grant as follows: South 54 deg. East, 100 poles to a pine; thence South 10 deg. West, 68 poles to a pine at the edge of Carney Bay, at Merrick's Avenue, leading from the Savannah to Rocky Point; thence up the edge of Carney Bay South 72 deg. East, 50 poles to a stake by said bay; thence North 80 deg. East, 128 poles to a pine at the bay of Coe's Branch; thence North 80 poles to the run of Coe's Branch; thence down the run of Coe's Branch, to the run of Trumpeter Swamp, to the beginning; containing, by estimation, 750 acres, more or less.

3rd. Beginning at an oak at John Avant's corner; thence North 55 deg. East, 180 poles to a pine; thence North 2 deg. East, 218 poles, to a pine on Nichols' line; thence North 55 deg. West, 80 poles, to a pine; thence South 246 poles to Walker's corner; thence South 89 deg. West, 216 poles to a pine on Wanny's Branch; thence with said branch to the beginning; saving and excepting, more of less, 25 acres around and containing the house in which Jeremiah Casteen formerly lived.

Also another tract or parcel of land adjoining the lands of Charles B. Futch and the lands belonging to the estate of Lewis Loftin, deceased, and the lands of the estate of Benjamin Best, the boundaries of which will more fully appear in a patent by Reuben Everett for said land, the whole tract containing 209 acres, more or less.

4th. The following land in Pender County, State of North Carolina, adjoining the lands of Watkins and others, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: In Topsail Township, beginning on the East end of Jordan's Ridge, running North 48 deg. West, 216 poles; thence North 43 deg. East, 15 poles; thence North 61 deg. East, 48 poles; North 17 deg. East, 50 poles; thence North 17 deg. East, 50 poles; thence North 7 deg. West, 108 poles; thence North 75 deg. West, 27 poles, to Betsey's Branch; thence up Betsey's Branch North 75 deg. East, 72 poles; thence North 2 deg. East, 100 poles to Catskin Branch; thence up Catskin Branch Eastwardly 248 poles to the bay; thence with the bay to the beginning; containing 534 acres of land.

SIXTH TRACT: All of the pine timber of every description of and above the size of 12 inches in diameter at the base, when cut, now standing or growing, or which may be during the term of ten years, beginning June 3, 1902, lying, standing or growing upon the tracts of land hereinafdescribed, situate in Pender County, North Carolina, in Topsail Township, to-wit:

Beginning at a stake on the line of the right of way of the Wilmington & Newbern Railroad, on the West side, by two cherry trees; thence North 49 deg. 40 min. West 102 poles to a stake; thence North 64 deg. 10 min. West, 302 poles to a stake at the West edge of the public road; thence a part of the way along and with said road; North 31 deg. 40 min. West, 184 poles to Willie's Branch, to a stake in Bryan and Casteen's line; thence with said line, South 58 deg. 20 min. West, 62 poles to a stake in Thompkin's field; thence crossing Willie's Branch, South 31 deg. 40 min. East, 140 poles to a stake about —— poles West from the old cart road; thence crossing said road, North 58 deg. 20 min. East, 62 poles, to a stake in a bay about 8 poles West of the new road; thence about parallel with said road, South 31 deg. 40 min. East, 236 poles to a stake about 8 poles from said road; thence crossing the cart road South 19 deg. 20 min. West, 107 poles to a small red bay; thence South 40 deg. 40 min. East, 88 poles to a stake on Foy's line; thence North 43 deg. 20 min. East, 130 poles to a stake at the new road, F. M. Foy's and Bryan's corner, near the corner of Foy's lot; thence with the Foy and Bryan links South 68 deg. 40 min. East, 75 poles and 8 links to a stake in the line of the right of way of the Wilmington & Newbern Railroad, 50 feet from the center of said road, near the Methodist Church; thence along the line of said right of way North 47½ deg. 20 min. East, 87 poles, to the first station; containing 292 acres, more or less, saving and excepting one acre, heretofore deeded to the Methodist Church.

SEVENTH TRACT: Beginning at a stake on the West side of the Wilmington & Newbern Railroad, 50 feet from the center line of said road, being also a corner of G. W. Huggins; thence along the line of the right of way of said road, North 47 deg. 20 min. East, 95½ poles to a stake, where Bryan and McClammy cross said road; thence with said line North 51 deg. 40 min. West, 10 poles to a stake in Black Swamp, a Bryan and McClammy corner; thence with their line North 38 deg. 20 min. East, 41 poles to a stake, an old Bryan and McClammy corner; thence with their old line South 50 deg. 40 min. East, 58 poles to a stake in the field back of McClammy's house; thence with another of their lines, North 38 deg. 45 min. East, 66 poles to a stake about 2 poles from the edge of a pond beyond the road; thence with another Bryan and McClammy line North 61 deg. 40 min. West, 151½ poles, crossing McClammy's field to a stake, a dividing corner between R. K. and N. N. Bryan; thence with their dividing line South 38 deg. 20 min. West, 79 poles to a stake in the Northwest edge of Black Swamp, a dividing line between R. K. and N. N. Bryan and Mrs. S. B. Foy; thence with R. K. Bryan and Mrs. S. B. Foy to dividing line South 51 deg. 40 min. East, 70 poles to a stake in Black Swamp; thence with their lines South 40 deg. 20 min. West, 64½ poles to a stake, the said Mrs. Foy's division corner; thence with their division line, between R. K. and Mrs. Sallie Bryan, the same course mentioned, 483¼ poles to a stake about 100 yards beyond the Loftin Canal, their division corner; thence with their division line North 51¼ deg. West, 348 poles to a stake, 21 poles beyond Bryan Avenue road, their division corner; thence with their division line North 31 deg. 40 min. West, 98 poles to a stake; thence with the old Bryan and McClammy line South 58 deg. 20 min. West, 95 poles to a stake in said line, a division corner of R. K. and Miss Mary Bryan; thence with their dividing line South 31 deg. 41 min. East, 184 poles to a stake just at the West edge of the new road; thence crossing said road South 64 deg. 10 min. East, 302 poles to a stake in a small field, another division corner between R. K. and Miss Mary Bryan; thence with their division line South 40 deg. 40 min. East, 102 poles to a stake by the right of way of the aforesaid railroad; thence with the said right of way of the said railroad to the beginning; containing 350 acres, more or less. Also all the timber rights purchased from Theodore Gillespie by W. H. Hill, now remaining uncut on the lands of said aforementioned Theodore Gillespie, in New Hanover County.

All the above land and timber and timber rights being the same purchased by the Scott's Hill Land & Lumber Company from W. H. Hill by deed bearing date January 27, 1912, and recorded in Book 80, page 522, Records of Pender County, and in Book 68, page 244, Records of New Hanover County.

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Seven head of mules; one yoke of oxen; four log carts; one ox cart; chain grabs and gear; one 65 H.-P. steam engine; two saw mills; one edger; one trimmer; one butt saw; one planer; one rip saw; one 80 H.-P. boiler; one 30 H.-P. boiler; one set dry-kiln trucks; one lumber truck; pulleys, cant hooks and chains. Mules as follows: One mule known as Millie, blind in both eyes; one mule known as Julia; one mule known as Lula; one mule known as Pete; two mules known as the Sidbury mules; and one mule known as Mike; same being the mules and other property used by W. H. Hill & Son in operating their mill at Scott's Hill, North Carolina, before they sold out to Marshall & Dawson, who, in turn, transferred their rights to the Scott's Hill Land & Lumber Company. And all other property, except money, belonging to the said Scott's Hill Land & Lumber Company.

The real and personal property will be put up and sold separately and then offered together in bulk as a whole.

The highest bidder will be required to deposit 15 per cent. of his bid on the day of sale, pending confirmation of the same by the court.

This the 7th day of June, 1913.

E. K. BRYAN and
W. P. STACY,
Commissioners.

je8-30t

"CHICAGO" Steel Tapes.

SOLD BY
Southern Map Company
DRAWING MATERIALS
Southern Bldg Wilmington, N. C

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27-28-29 Garrell Building.

THE WEEK'S NEWS REVIEWED IN BRIEF

Glimpses of the World at Large, Little News Stories of the Carolinas, and a Resume of Local Doings, Prepared for the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader.

Of General Interest

Tennessee adopted compulsory education at the last Legislature and the law went into effect July 1st. All children between 8 and 14 years must go to school.

The father of 11 children, Henry Dodd, shot and killed his wife at their home at Greenvale, Tenn., and then killed himself. He used a rifle. They had not been happy.

A slight bruise on the shin caused the death of Chas. B. Lipphart, at Orange, N. J., Wednesday. It is said that the bruise caused a blood clot to form which eventually worked its way to the heart.

Rushing into the yard of his home, following a row with his family, Floyd Tiffany, aged 23, of Burnt's Hill, N. Y., lay down on a stick of dynamite Tuesday, and touching a match to the fuse, blew himself to tiny little bits.

Infatuated with his adopted daughter, John Nicholson, of Vandalia, Mo., poured coal oil over his wife and child and set them on fire, killing them, so that he would be free to marry the girl. He has been sentenced to die.

The William McKinley Club, of Canton, Ohio, has protested to the postmaster general against his order that all one-cent stamps bear the picture of Thomas Jefferson. They claim that this honor belongs to the martyred President.

The use of saccharin in food products is now illegal and the government has notified all manufacturers that its use will lead to their prosecution. Saccharine is a coal-tar product, 400 times sweeter than sugar, has no food value and its use in foods is a fraud.

Commissioner Saltgaber, of the pension bureau at Washington, has put the ban on kissing in his department. One of the clerks bestowed a lip salute on a girl, and was given a 90-day leave of absence without pay, and the girl was allowed to discontinue her job for keeps.

Logan A. Vilas, an amateur aviator, aviated across Lake Michigan from St. Joseph, Mich, to Chicago, Wednesday, carrying a passenger, and making the 58 miles in one hour and 34 minutes. Although 50,000 people were near to witness a suffrage parade, few saw the aviator land.

In the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel at Philadelphia a New Yorker was astounded when he saw men sitting in the grill-room, coatless. He inquired and found that it was the custom for Philadelphians to dine without their coats when it was hot enough. In New York it was different.

Wondering at the speed of the train and the recklessness with which it took curves, the fireman on a Pennsylvania Railroad freight investigated the engineer's side and found him stricken with appendicitis, unable to move. The fireman took charge until the next station was reached.

In a divorce suit in New York recently, it developed that the reason why a couple separated was because the wife was very jealous of her man. Judge Goff promptly declared that it was a sure sign of her love for him and he ordered the husband to give his wife a decent home and pay her allmony.

Senator Overman has been claiming that the civil service has been so manipulated that 75 per cent of the men selected as the most eligible were Republicans. He was wrong. The Democratic director of the census, William J. Harriss, of Georgia, has found that 93 per cent are Republicans. There is likely to be something doing in the way of reducing that percentage.

The feather bed, long regarded as a place of refuge during an electric storm, won another feather for its tick when the lightning struck the house of Henry Johnson, near New Brunswick, N. J., during the week. The bolt tore a hole in the roof and the floor, and shattered to pieces the bed in which two little Johnsons were sleeping, but the youngsters escaped unhurt, though scared within an inch of their lives.

A fool negro nurse, thinking she was amusing the baby she had in charge, was juggling it back and forth at the cage of an infuriated lioness in the park zoo in Atlanta Wednesday, the animal clawing at the baby, and narrowly missing it time after time, when a keeper came along and snatched the baby away. When its mother heard of it, they had to hold her off the negress.

Tragedy seems to cling to the very name of the Titanic. Among the passengers of the ill-fated ship was a French woman, whose husband read her name among the list of drowned. After awhile he sought consolation by marrying again. The other day he heard his wife had escaped and was in France a-looking for him. He thereupon shot and killed his second wife and shot himself, but that not killing him, he hanged himself.

Twelve bishops appointed by Prime Minister Asquith, of England, have signed a protest against the dis-establishment bill for Wales, a measure drawn by Asquith and Lloyd-George. Their ingratitude is severely arraigned by some of the publications, for they get from $10,000 to $50,000 a year with palaces to boot. The Welsh have long been demanding that the established church be cut out in that country.

When King George, of England, went to Berlin to attend the wedding of the Kaiser's daughter recently, he rode through lanes of people, says the World, and was greeted much in the way an American crowd greets a public man, with loud hurrahs and "hochs." When the Czar of all the Russias arrived, the city of Berlin instantly became an armed camp. For 25 miles along the railroad tracks armed guards stood ready to shoot.

The wearing of the "X-Ray" dresses in Paris by demimondes, has wrought a sensation, even in Gay Paree. Dispatches say that this latest creation is eschewed by the real leaders of society. The gowns are as near to nothing as it is possible to make them, and catching them between one and the sun is said to cause the beholder to rub his eyes and wonder if the time has come when women have carried out their threat to discard skirts entirely.

Brief News Stories of The Carolinas

The Associated Charities in Columbia plan a tuberculosis hospital.

The dewberry crop in Lee and Moore counties will aggregate $100,000 in value this year.

The F. S. Royster Guano Co., of Norfolk, is reported as having decided to establish a branch at Charlotte.

For every 100 white children in Durham county there is one illiterate; and two for every 100 colored children.

Siler City, Chatham county, has shipped over 300 barrels of onions to market this season, and the end is not in sight.

The highway from Greenville, S. C., to Hendersonville, this State, is completed and was thrown open to the public July 4th.

Greenville, S. C., citizens by practically a unanimous vote have decided for a tax of two mills to raise $8,000 extra for their schools.

The Duplin Enterprise, noting that the huckleberry crop is short, says sadly that there will be no huckleberry pies at picnics this Summer.

Wiley Banks, an Asheville negro, will work 60 days for 50 cents. The low wages are the result of his having stolen a half dollar from a negress.

Electric trains from Charleston to the Isle of Palms are now using the new steel draw-bridge at Cove Inlet, which reduces the schedule quite a bit.

Capt. J. M. Graddy, who has been section master on the A. C. L. for 31 years, has been given an easier job as boss at the Fayetteville pumping station.

John A. Darwin, new owner of the celebrated Cleveland Springs in Cleveland county, near Shelby, is about to start very extensive improvements on the property.

Dr. W. H. Frazier, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Anderson, S. C., established a training school for boys last Fall and now plans to enlarge it.

The first of three big piers for the Clyde Line at Charleston is being finished. The huge undertaking began six months ago and is costing a half million dollars.

The Field, of Conway, S. C., says that tobacco prices bid fair to be fine this year and that the warehousemen are makinge laborate preparations for the coming crop.

Gen. Bennett H. Young, commander of the United Confederate Veterans, will speak at the Western North Carolina fair in Asheville on "Military Day," October 9th.

Charlotte in the two years past has spent $731,000 for paving streets and laying sewers, and has oustanding contracts for $150,000 worth of the same kind of work.

Capt. T. B. Parker, who has been holding farmers' institutes in the western part of the State, says that there is a dearth of fruit in the hill country, where ordinarily there is an abundance.

C. O. Watts, a Horry county, S. C., man who is a tobacco auctioneer at Danville, Va., has made a record of an average of six sales per minute for three hours and 45 minutes, or a total of 1,263 cales.

The new oil inspection act of South Carolina, modeled after the one in this State, is now effective. It provides for a tax of one-eighth of a cent a gallon and applies to light and power oils.

Instead of accepting his resignation the board of education in Anson county raised the salary of Prof. Paul J. Kiker, superintendent of schools, from $900 to $1,200, and he withdrew his resignation.

During the seven years he has been in charge, Collector George H. Brown, of the Western Internal Revenue district of the State, has collected $24,513,000. The June collections amounted to $510,191.

Mrs. Margaret McAlister Moore, who maried Jeremiah Moore in Chatham county in 1873, has been granted a divorce on grounds of desertion since 1908, in the court at Hartford, Conn.

Several days ago a storm played havoc with the cotton mill at Whitnel, Caldwell county. Work of repairing the damage is going on now, and in addition a 16-foot extension is being built. The mill will be in operation again in 30 days.

Thirty-five Austrians have reached Black Mountain, N. C., to work in the forests on Mount Mitchell and Clingman's Dome, where timber is so thick it will take ten years to cut out the merchantable trees.

Curing tobacco is in full blast in Florence county, S. C. The crop is large this year, but it varies on different farms, for while some farmers have already begun the curing, others have tobacco that is only turning.

Sumter county, S. C., will vote August 3rd, on whether the dispensary shall be re-established in that county. The petition asking for an election contains more than the necessary one-third of the voters of the county.

The Anderson Water, Light & Power Co., has passed into the control of the Southern Public Utilities Co., a subsidiary of the Southern Power Co., with headquarters at Charlotte. The company is a million dollar affair.

The Bible in the new church of the Lutherans at Greenville, S. C., will contain the autograph of President Woodrow Wilson. The Bible, costing $25, is to be paid for by the successful candidate for Mayor of Greenville.

Clinton has been shipping roasting ears by the thousands of crates. On three days the shipments totaled from 2,400 to 2,600 crate each day. Sampsoun county, it would appear, ships more green corn than any other section.

Representative Robert N. Page, of the Seventh North Carolina district, has been appointed chairman of the sub-committee of the House Appropriations committee, and as such will have hold of the purse strings on expenditures in the District of Columbia.

Frank McBrayer, nine-year-old son of W. G. McBrayer, of Shelby, was killed by being knocked from the back end of an ice wagon by a block of ice, the fall and blow causing the rupture of a blood vessel. The wagon struck a grade in the street, causing the ice to slide out.

The Southern Railway shops at Spencer, on short time for a month, began July 1st on full six days' time, eight hours a day, and the hundreds of workmen were rejoiced. Also, wages are increased two cents an hour, which makes $5,000 extra a month in Spencer alone.

Mullins, S. C., was put in darkness one night recently, all of a sudden, and the lights stayed out. Next morning a lineman found a 20-inch snake which had short circuited the wires and put out the lights, incidentally getting his own light put out.

The four-story extension of the Woodside Cotton Mills at Greenville, S. C., has been completed and machinery is being placed. When in operation, it will be the biggest cotton mill under one roof in the United States, having 27,000 spindles and 678 looms.

Roy Davis, 14 years old, shot and seriously wounded his foster mother, Mrs. W. D. McAbee, and her infant with a shotgun which he did not know was loaded, at Inman, S. C., Tuesday. Hhe playfully pointed it at the baby, which was on its mother's lap. The baby's foot was shot off and the woman may lose her arm.

W. M. Holmes, of Union county, has been puzzled to know how to go about straightening things up on his farm, following a storm which mixed the outbuildings on his place. The wind blew the corn crib down, and it fell on the chicken coop, knocking it down, and the coop fell on the bee gums and knocked them down.

Lewis Thomas, a young farmer of Davidson county, lost his arm in a corn shredder Tuesday. An ear of corn got caught in the machine and in trying to move it without stopping, the limb was ground off at the elbow. The corn shredder is as bad as the cotton gin used to be about chewing up arms.

The Field, of Conway, S. C., reports two tomatoes, one of which weighed two pounds and the other being but little smaller, raised by Ruby Moore, a charming little miss who, The Field says, is such an asset to the community that Horry county needs a whole lot more of her. "We predict she will make her mark in the world," says The Field.

The South Carolina Supreme Court has decided that T. U. Vaughan, of Greenville, former superintendent of the Odd Fellows' orphanage, must be electrocuted. Vaughan confessed to gross and revolting immorality in the orphanage, but appealed when the jury sentenced him to die. The date of his execution will be fixed at the October term.

James A. Pratt, who lived near Stoneville, Rockingham county, was shot and fatally wounded by his son-in-law, Tom Cardwell. The ball penetrated his abdomen and punctured the intestines a number of times, and he died in a hospital at Greensboro. The shooting is said to have been accidental. Cardwell, it is said, was shooting at a target.

Dr. A. C. Dixon, the famous North Carolina Baptist preacher, who was called to the pastorate of the Metropolitan Temple, London, is in this country and has preached at his old church in Brooklyn. There is a rumor that he may return to this country to stay, it being hinted that the Green Avenue Baptist church of New York has called him.

For the first time the law in South Carolina which adjudges as dead a person who absents himself seven years and none hears from him, is to be tested. The 18-year-old son of F. M. Samples, of Greenville, disappeared in 1904. He was insured and for seven years his premiums have been kept up. Now his parents are suing the Life Insurance Company of Virginia to recover the amount of the policy.

On her way to the hospital in Spartanburg, S. C., to visit her sick brother, Dell Smith, a 12-year-old girl, was run over by an automobile driven by Walter S. Montgomery, president of the Spartan Mills, just as she alighted from a street car; and she herself was taken as a patient to the hospital. The brother whom she was to visit was a victim of an automobile accident himself.

F. Pace, baggagemaster on a Southern train between Charlotte and Richmond, was fined $100 and costs in Salisbury police court last week for carrying a suit case containing 32 pints of whiskey from Richmond to Salisbury, and turning it over to a negro. He pleaded guilty but said he knew nothing of the contents of the grip. The negro was fined $50. The Southern Railway had attorneys to help the prosecution.

Major Thompson, a middle-aged darkey at Charlotte, took a drink of ice water and dropped dead. It is supposed he had a weak heart, and being very warm, the shock of the ice water simply stopped his clock. More than one case of the same kind is to be heard of every Summer. In fact, ice water is a good thing to let alone. Many a man, the ditty runs, has gone to his sarcophagus from pouring ice water down his esophagus.

CONSPIRE AGAINST DOMESTIC HARMONY

The ills of women seem to conspire against domestic harmony. No husband can understand why a woman should be continually ailing, fretful, nervous and despondent, and he gets out of all patience with her. In nine cases out of ten some organic derangement is the cause of this condition and is easily overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a woman's remedy for woman's ills which has cured more severe cases of this kind than any other remedy we know.

(advertisement.)

The Week Locally

The city clerk and treasurer's report for June shows receipts during the month amounting to $11,030.14.

The health department announced Tuesday that it would shortly standardize milk and all food products sold in the city.

Having used one car of road oil, the city has bought another car. The oil acts as a binder and preservative of the road surface.

Mr. Jos. T. King has been appointed general superintendent of transportation for the A. C. L. succeeding the late Mr. Edward Borden.

H. Gideon, a Syrian merchant on South Front street, filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy Tuesday, giving liabilities at $10,000 and assets at $2,500.

Mr. Bill Hansley, hostler at City Hall stables, developed a case of smallpox during the week, and the members of the police force had to undergo vaccination.

Council has ordered that the city property at Sixth and Castle streets be sold and the proceeds applied to building a new fire station at Fifth and Castle streets.

The city attorney has been instructed by Council to sue the Tidewater Power Co., for the difference between the cost of paving 12 inches and 18 inches on each side of the car tracks.

A number of automobilists charged with exceeding the speed limit through Winter Park, the limit being 12 miles an hour, were discharged in Justice George Harriss' court Thursday, for lack of evidence.

Upon completion of his sentence of six months on New Hanover roads for assault with a deadly weapon, Isad Anderson, colored, will be turned over to the Chadbourn authorities for shooting a negro there sometime ago.

Judge R. C. Allen, a native of Bladen county and well-known in this city, is a leading candidate for Governor of Oklahoma. He is only 30 years old, having been elected judge in Oklahoma when he was 26 years old.

Valla McLoughlin and T. C. Person, colored, the latter a preacher, have been placed in jail in default of bond in the sum of $500 for their appearance in Superior Court the 14th, on charge of abducting a negro girl.

The Clyde Steamship Company has renewed for a term of years its lease on the terminals at foot of Grace street, paying therefor about double the rental of the past, it is said. Improvements are reported in prospect.

A law school was organized during the week by H. E. Rodgers, Esq., formerly of the law department, University of Pennsylvania; W. C. Benson, and W. F. Jones, Esqs., members of the local bar. They will open the school September 10th.

The Chamber of Commerce, on request, has sent Thomas Dixon, Jr., the North Carolina novelist and playwright, many scenes around Wilmington, to be used in the dramatization of a novel, the scene of which the author says is laid here.

The weather during the week has been very hot here and elsewhere, the record for the Summer having been reached Thursday when the mercury climbed to 96 degrees. At other points in the State the temperature ranged from 88 to 104 degrees.

A report in Southport Wednesday to the Wilmington, Brunswick & Southern Railroad had been sold to the A. C. L. or the C. & O. Railroad, was emphatically denied by President M. J. Corbett, of the W. B. & S. The rumor breaks out every now and then.

Special assessors appointed by the County Commissioners to increase the assessed value of property abutting on streets that have been improved by paving, made a report Monday raising the value of property from 5 to 20 per cent, on the various improved streets.

George Rountree, Esq., of the law firm of Rountree & Carr, appointed by Governor Craig to be judge of the Superior Court, in this, the newly-created Eighth district, took the oath of office Tuesday before Major W. N. Harriss, clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover county.

The North Carolina Architects' Association held its sixth annual convention at Wrightsville Beach Thursday and Friday. The next meeting will be held in Durham. Officers elected were: W. H. Lord, Asheville, president; Franklin Gordon, vice president; W. C. Northrop, Winston-Salem, secretary.

When two negro women swore positively that they owned a chicken, "Judge" G. W. Bornemann ordered the fowl cut in two and each given a half. The Solomanic decision drew a wail from one of the women, who preferred to give up the live chicken to the other, whereupon the "judge" gave the fowl to her.

Work has begun on a mammoth warehouse on the Northeast branch of the Cape Fear river, opposite the Hilton waterworks sites, by W. B. Cooper, to provide increased facilities for handling port business. The building will be 125x250 feet. Capt. J. S. Williams has the contract for driving 1,000 piles.

The Fourth was celebrated in Wilmington by a very general suspension of business. Hundreds of visitors came in to spend the day at the beaches, and all told the Tidewater Power Company carried over 6,000 people to Wrightsville Beach. Great numbers went to Carolina Beach. Athletic events were features at Wrightsville Beach and the annual Fourth of July regatta was held.

Wilmington Presbytery held a called session here Tuesday for the purpose of receiving Rev. W. W. Morton from East Hanover Presbytery, and Rev. W. McL. Baker from Kings Mountain Presbytery, and transacting other business. Mr. Morton has been called to the Chadbourn and Whiteville churches and will be installed July 25th. The Fall meeting of Pres-

(Continued on Page 14.)

Heat Very Trying to Women's Nerves

They Neglect their Bowels and the Poisons Vitiate the Blood.

Hot weather has a very weakening effect on women. They are too languid to exercise, and as a result have appetite only for foods that seem light and tasty, such as salads and other cold concoctions. But these frequently produce indigestion, and with it comes constipation.

It is especially in hot weather that women should keep up the highest standard of health, for it is necessary to have strength to resist the heat. The first essentials are good digestion and regular bowel movement,, and then good red blood and steady nerves will follow. The best way to obtain these is not by an over-indulgence in fruits, which often are not ripe, or over-ripe, and hence are dangerous, but in the use of a gentle and pleasant-tasting bowel stimulant like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Use it tonight and your constipation, indigestion and sick headaches will vanish by morning.

Mrs. Menry Moeller, 2958 Lee Ave., Chicago, uses it herself and gives it to her children, and Mrs. A. C. Caldwell, Denver, Colo., was once pale and sallow-looking, but now has a pretty complexion, and naturally they are great believers in the value of Syrup Pepsin as a seasonable laxative-tonic. It can be obtained of druggists at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle, the latter size for family use. Its tonic properties make it an ideal laxative for women and children. You will never again use strong cathartics, purgatives and salts after trying Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin.

Families wishing to try a free sample bottle can obtain it, postpaid, by addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 418 Washington St., Monticello Ill.

Grandma's Telephone Visits

GRANDMA SMITH is a sprightly old lady who likes to keep in touch with things. In the next town lives another dear old lady who was Grandma's schoolmate, and of whom she is very fond. It is impossible for the two old ladies to do much visiting, but every day they call each other up on the telephone and have the most delightful chats.

No one gets more comfort and pleasure out of the family telephnoe than Grandma.

When you telephone—smile

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

WE ARE PROUD OF THE FACT THAT WE HAVE THE BEST HARD WARE AND THE BEST HARDWARE STORE IN TOWN

Peck & Holloway

The Firm that Put the "WARE" in HARDWARE.

'PHONE 612.

NEW NOVELS

The Lovers of Skye, by Frank Waller Allen
The Gay Rebellion, by Robert W. Chambers.
Guinevere's Lover, by Elinor Glyn.
The Valiants of Virginia, by Hallie E. River.
John O' Jamestown, by Vaughn Kester.
Andrew the Glad, by Marie Thompson Daviess.
Roast Beef Medium, by Edna Ferber.
Seven Keys to Baldpate, by Earl Derr Biggers.
Bobbie General Manager, by Oliver Higgins Prouty.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET

Bookseller and Stationer.

PEACE INSTITUTE — FOR YOUNG WOMEN

An ideal Christian Home School. Preparatory and Collegiate courses. Art, Expression, Physical Culture, Pedagogy, Business, etc. Conservatory of Music. High standard maintained by large staff of experienced, college-trained instructors. Takes only 100 boarders and teaches the individual. Unsurpassed health record. Brick buildings. Steam heat. Excellent table. Good gymnasium. Park-like campus. Concerts, lectures, tennis, basketball. Write for our catalog before selecting the college for your daughter.

GEORGE J. RAMSEY, M. A. L. L. D. President. Raleigh, N. C.

Epitaph of the Common House Fly and How to Get Rid of Them.

(By S. A. M.)

A swarm of flies came buzzing by,
And soon a garbage can did spy,
Oh! my, they cried in flyish glee,
That filthy can looks good to me.
No place we've seen in all our flight,
As nice as this for us to light.
So down they flew as all flies will,
To the filthy can of slops and swill.
The can was sitting in the sun,
And Mrs. Blow-fly had begun.
You know it's Mrs. Blow-fly's way
To turn all things into decay.
And she had done herself real proud,
For this old can was smelling loud.
Of course, this helped attract attention,
The flies were holding a great convention.
Flies had gathered from miles around,
Large, small, black, green, yellow and brown.
The object of the meeting there,
Was to map out plans for the coming year.
The chairman, he spoke up and said,
He wasn't pleased with last year's dead.
He said that we must come to terms,
And try our best to scatter germs.
He warned them to be very shy,
Of the boys and girls, that "swat the fly."
Also, he thought 'twas awful mean,
For any one their house to screen.
He told of a paper on which flies stick,
But they were on to that old trick.
Now, these he said, are not so bad,
I've something else to tell real sad.
Men these days are very wise,
They know that germs are carried by flies.
They know that on our feet and legs,
Are millions and millions of germs and eggs.
They also know that flies can cause,
As many deaths as all the wars.
So they have made a preparation
That'll soon be spread throughout the Nation.
If all reports I hear be true,
I see the finish of me and you.
The stuff's a wonder—that is, men say,
Guaranteed to drive all flies away.
And everywhere it has been tried,
Flies and insects by the thousands died.
They say it's of a liquid kind,
Made "Down South" from the long leaf pine.
It's used in such a simple way,
Blown through the tube which causes a spray.
It penetrates the air so fast,
A few minutes only our lives can last.
Spring is here, it's time to work,
We want no drones, no one must shirk.
Now what we wish to do is plain,
To kill all the babies that we can.
But now and ever understand,
That it shall always be our plan,
To make ourselves as busy as bees,
To scatter every known disease.
The place for us to do our worst,
Is the nipple of the bottle that the babies nurse
And then it should be awful handy,
To crawl all over children's candy.
To do this thing successfully,
We must do it systematically.
Let's fly from here to the manure pile,
And crawl over it awhile;
From there we'll fly to the horse's stall,
And there we'll have another crawl.
When we finish with the horse's stable,
Then it's to the dining table.
And if they open a sick room door.
Make a dive for the cuspidor.
If you'll try and do just what I say,
Everything will be our way.
But talk is cheap, we're losing time,
Let's make our hay while the sun doth shine.
We'll start right now, to the house we'll fly,
Our motto, ever "TO DO OR DIE."
And so right there from that filthy can,
The 1913 season began.
They all went swarming to the house,
When they got there, things were as still as a mouse.
It seemed to them that from afar,
Came the faintest odor, the smell of Tar.
But this they did not mind at all,
Till by the hundreds they began to fall.
In a very few minutes, our story goes,
Every one of them turned up their toes.
This jingle is not idle jest,
Everyone should give this drug a test.
If it doesn't do just what we say,
We won't receive one cent of pay.
And on my word you can rely,
When I say it's death to every fly.

Manufactured in Wilmington, North Carolina,
Where flies grow fewer, health conditions grow finer.
If you do not make your town the same,
You have no one but yourself to blame.
In this whole, wide world, there is nothing greater,
Than "Shepard's House Fly Driver And Insect Exterminator."

(Advertisement.)

NOTICE.

United States District Court, Eastern District of North Carolina. In Equity.

James N. Gillis, Mamie B. Gillis, Chas. Upham Gillis, Herbert D. Gillis, minor, and John Patrick Gillis, minor, by their next friend, Jas. N. Gillis, versus Duncan B. Gillis, Christiana B. Monroe, Wm. H. Monroe, Ida M. Shaw, Daniel A. Shaw, Jos. B. Gillis, Ada P. Gillis, Robt. H. Gillis, Katie M. Gillis, Ralph M. Gillis, Bessie Gillis, Hattie Gillis, Jasper Gillis, minor, Escout Gillis, minor, Effie Gillis, minor, Rena Gillis, minor, Bettie Gillis, minor.

The defendants, Jas. B. Gillis, Ada B. Gillis, Robt H. Gillis and Kate M. Gillis, will take notice that the equity subpoena of this court, in the above cause, has been issued against said defendants, commanding them to appear and answer or demur to the bill of complaint herein filed, on or before the rule day, on the first Monday in August, 1913, being the fourth day of that month, or the relief therein demanded will be granted; that the cause of action relates to a tract of land, situate in Cumberland County, North Carolina, conveyed by H. W. Lilly to James N. Gillis, on Dec. 26, 1895, the deed thereto being recorded in Book 2-4 page, Records of Cumberland County. The complainants seek to reform an alleged deed, conveying said property to Duncan B. Gillis and wife in fee, so as to make it read to Duncan B. Gillis for life, and after his death to the complainants.

This June 20, 1913.

H. L. GRANT,
Clerk U. S. District Court for the Eastern District of North Carolina, at Wilmington.
By S. P. Collier, Deputy Clerk.
(Seal.)
IREDELL MEARES,
Solicitor for Complainants.
je22-1aw6w

BIG G Cures in 1 to 5 days unnatural discharges. Contains no poison and may be used full strength absolutely without fear. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.

WHY NOT CURE YOURSELF?

At Druggists, or we ship express prepaid upon receipt of $1. Full particulars mailed on request.

THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO., Cincinnati, O.

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PLEASANT FIELDS OF HOLY WRIT

Save for my daily range
Among the pleasant fields of Holy Writ,
I might despair. —Tennyson.

The International Sunday-School Lesson

Third Quarter. Lesson I. Exodus 1:8-14, 22; 2:19.
July 6, 1913.

The Child Moses Saved from Death.

Some one has likened the 11th chapter of Hebrews to a tall obelisk graven with the names of the Heroes of Faith. That Egyptian column, brought at such expense from the banks of the Nile, and set up in Central Park—not one in a million can read its hieroglyphics, and it is fast crumbling away; but this obelisk is imperishable; it is intelligible to even a child.

In all this shining catalogue the most brilliant name is that of Moses. The faith of Moses was antedated by the faith of his pious parents. It is written: "By faith Moses, when he was born, was hid three months of his parents because they saw he was a proper child, and they were not afraid of the king's commandment." It was something more than mere natural affection which impelled them to this act. It was borne in upon their minds that this child of uncommon physical beauty and precocity was to break the galling yoke of bondage, and lead God's people from the brick kilns of Egypt to the highlands of Canaan. They believed this. They wished God's purpose fulfilled. Loving and fearing the King of heaven, they despised and feared not the king of Egypt. Though his cruel soldiers, with drawn and glittering swords, patrolled the streets, and though instant death was the penalty of disobeying the king's commandment, they were not afraid. * * * For three months they successfully hid the babe in the deepest and darkest recess of their lowly hut. But further secrecy was impossible. The child's cries were too lusty. Suspicion was already aroused. The envious gossips were at work. We may see those parents toiling at night—weaving a basket out of long ribbons of the papyrus, making a tiny mattress, and tucking the beautiful babe into his strange cradle, which was to be rocked by river's wave instead of mother's hand. The parents used their best judgment at the same time they exercised their faith. The papyrus is said to be offensive to the crocodile. Hence, the child was comparatively secure from that great danger. He was put afloat upon a river which the Egyptians worshiped, and, found there, would be esteemed sacred as the gift of the river-god. He was placed where Pharaoh's daughter was accustomed to bathe, with the hope that he might fall into her hands, and the little tactful sister stationed to watch, and use the strategy of calling a Hebrew nurse if opportunity afforded. Having done all they could, they waited in confident faith for God to bring it all to pass. And they were not disappointed. See the Divine providence—God in history! He just picked the babe out of the river and put him in Pharaoh's palace—to make spoil out of the wisdom and wealth of Egypt, that he might the more easily deliver Israel. But who does not see that one of the turning points in the history of God's ancient people was the faith of Moses' parents? The destiny of the child, the destiny of the nation, turned on the piety of the parents.

The Teacher's Lantern.

On that pivot, the pious faith of parents, nations are turning yet. Parenthood! who can exaggerate its responsibility? Incredible! that any parent can put a soul adrift upon the stream of time, headed toward eternity, and not appreciate the accountability! That is to push the tiny bark of the child-life into those dark and swift waters which, at the end, fall with Niagara roar into the abyss. * * Snapping crocodiles infest the stream of our American life—all are yawning for our youth. Every precaution must be taken before the child goes into the stream. He must be watched while there. Providence must be appealed to for his defense. But, after all, there is an ultimate element of selfhood in the child which finally decides whether, Ulysses-like or not, he will sail past the sirens. * * * Sweetest of charities is that which is so widely, persistently, and intelligently exercised today toward unfortunate children—fresh air funds, country home finding, newsboys' lodging houses, societies for the prevention of cruelty to children, children's homes, etc. All the splendid achievements of the Pharaohs pale before this princely act of a Pharaoh's daughter. Greater by far was the compassionate lifting of this dripping basket with its helpless human occupant, than the placing in position Cheops' snowy apex. Wheresoever this book of Exodus is read, there shall this beneficent deed, which this queenly woman did, be told for a memorial of her.

Young People's Devotional Service.
July 6, 1913.....Joshua 1:1-9

The Ideal Christian: (VII) His Courage.

The Bible is the Book of Courage. It is the record of the brave deeds of the part—the inspiration of the courageous deeds of the future. It is the hand-book of martyrs, reformers, deliverers, and patriots. It is the antidote to fear. As from an autophone come ringing the words, "Be strong"! "Be not afraid or dismayed"! "Be very courageous".

modest competency, spurning all but the most honorable means, all other desirable things will be added unto them.

The Week Locally

(Continued from Page 13.)

bytery will be at Wallace in October.

The North Carolina Gun Shoot Association will hold its annual shoot here in August.

Included in the list of appropriations carried by one of the executive and judicial bills during the closing days of the session of the last Congress was an item providing $25,000 for remodeling the United States mint building at Charlotte. Finding the item caused surprise. The building will be used for Federal Court purposes, the mint having been discontinued.

At a meeting of the stockholders in Wrightsville Beach hotels Wednesday, the managers told the stockholders they were losing money because of small patronage this season, due to the prohibition laws. The managers said they could not run at a profit under existing conditions, other resorts where beer is sold drawing the major portion of Wrightsville Beach patronage. The stockholders decided to run a while longer, and if business didn't get better, to close.

In June the County Board of Health paid salaries as follows: Dr. Nesbitt, superintendent, $250; Dr. Thames, assistant, $150; Sanitary Engineer Mathers, $83.34; Chemist Catlett, $75; Dr. Carroll, meat and milk inspector, $50; stenographer, $60; Chief Piner, sanitary police, $75; five sanitary policemen, $65; two collectors, $60. The salaries of the superintendent and assistant are at the rate of $3,000 and $1,800 respectively. Council, it will be recalled, fixed them at $2,400 and $1,500, respectively; but the Board of Health considers that the question of salaries lies entirely in its own hands.

The monthly meeting of the Board of Commissioners of Navigation and Pilotage was held Wednesday. Pilot J. L. Daniels was suspended for 30 days for boarding a vessel from other than a regularly licensed pilot boat, and offering his services. Capt. J. J. Adkins reported shoals encroaching on the channel at red buoy No. 2, at the bar. The board through the Congressmen is fighting the proposed removal of Frying Pan light vessel, 13 miles seaward.

The North Carolina Rural Letter Carriers' Association met here Thursday and adjourned Friday. Congressman Godwin delivered an address, and several other speeches were made. The next meeting will be held at Burlington. The convention was largely attended and was a live affair. Mr. E. D. Pearsall, of Rocky Point, a former carrier, was here, but had to come on a stretcher, for his health is very feeble. Formerly he was the life of these meetings, and the carriers all over the State greatly like him.

KICKED OFF HIS TOE NAIL.

Union County Confederate Almost Misses Gettysburg.

(Monroe Journal.)

Mr. R. V. Houston came near losing his trip to Gettysburg by reason of thinking about it too much. Like most of the veterans he had this trip on his mind many days. On going to sleep last Thursday night as usual after having been planning his trip, he fell to dreaming that he was already on the old battlefield and enjoying the situation. Suddenly a mad dog came charging furiously upon him and he gave it a kick of such tremendous force that he expected to kick its head off, and though an imaginary dog it was a real kick, and Mr. Houston's foot landed against the wall so hard that the big toe nail was knocked off and he had to have the doctor come and dress the wound. To be able to prove the assertion he wrapped up the disjointed nail and carried it with him to Gettysburg. It would not be a bad guess to say that Mr. Houston will relate that incident a good many times to the boys before the week is over.

YOU ARE THE JURY

Hear the Testimony of Wilmington People and Decide the Case.

Doan's Kidney Pills are on trial—are being tried every day for weak kidneys—for exhausting kidney backaches. What is the verdict? Read Wilmington testimony—personal experiences of Wilmington witnesses. There can be only one verdict—a chorus of approval.

Mrs. J. E. Marshburn, 516 Castle St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "My back and kidneys were in bad shape and I had dull pains through my loins, together with headaches and kidney weakness. In the morning when I got up, I was tired and languid and had but little strength to begin the day's work. After I had used part of a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Bellamy's Drug Store, I improved and it was not long before my kidneys were restored to their proper working order. I have no hesitation in re-endorsing Doan's Kidney Pills. They are certainly a good backache and kidney medicine."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

(advertisement.)

A doped bulldog is useless.

The burglar attends to that.

Arm yourself with an Ocean Residence Burglary Policy. Then if your home is robbed—

(a) You notify the Corporation

(b) Your loss is verified.

(c) You receive the Corporation's check, reimbursing you.

$12.50 a year will protect you against a $1,000 loss by burglary, theft or larceny.

J. IRVING BEAR,
General Insurance
'Phone 443. 101 1-2 Princess Street

B. & L. PROMOTER OF THRIFT

And Thrift Will Solve the Problems of the Day—Bankers's Address on Value of Saving Money

Mr. J. W. Norwood, a banker of Greenville, S. C., is the author of the following article on the subject of "The Relation of the Building & Loan Association to the Problems of Today," and the article is commended to the consideration of every citizen:

Two weeks ago a convention was held in Columbia, S. C., the object of which was the discussion of means of bettering conditions in our State. This object appeals to all thoughtful and patriotic citizens.

We doubtless agree in thinking there is vast room for improvement in point of character, intellect, and wealth, though we may differ as to the question of the means to be employed in bringing about the desired improvement.

The building and loan association is an important means toward the attainment of the desired end, and can be made more important. Any agency which tends to cultivate effort and self-control in the individual tends to promote character and intellect. Examine for a moment the importance of individual effort. If some wealthy philanthropist would erect and equip for us magnificent school and college buildings and pay liberal salaries to induce the services of the best teachers that can be secured in the world, our children would never acquire much knowledge unless they put forth active effort themselves.

The opportunity afforded by the school is greatly to be desired but the effort on the part of ourselves is infinitely more important—the things others do for us count for little in comparison to the things we do for ourselves. People can be injured by receiving too much help from others.

To illustrate: Suppose a dozen of the richest men in South Carolina would sell all that they have and distribute the value in money among people who live from hand to mouth, what would be the effect? In the first place, the wheels of industry would come near stopping. The blind tiger, gambling den, and other places of vice would flourish, numbers of people would be killed in brawls, and this condition would continue until the money was spent and people were forced back to work.

If, however, those who now through indolence and want of self-dental accumulate nothing, could be induced through greater industry and thrift to accumulate as much, or ten times as much, as the dozen wealthiest men in our State are worth, would this wealth promote vice? By no means, on the contrary, it would be a great blessing morally and intellectually, as well as materially. If you think that accumulation through industry, thrift, and integrity has nothing to do with promoting character, just examine for a moment criminal statistics, which are kept more or less accurately in many of our States. Not one criminal in one thousand has accumulated a modest competency through industry and thrift. These traits are inconsistent with crime or grossly dishonorable conduct of any kind. People who are industrious and thrifty invariably are repelled by the vicious, indolent and extravagant. If you question the statement that industry and thrift affect education just call up in your minds acquaintances who accumulated a modest competency. How many such men failed to give their children better educational advantages than they could have afforded if they had spent their entire income every year? I cannot know what your observation has been, but I'll tell you mine. I have known many men who accumulated more or less, who started life with little or nothing. Not one such failed to give his children educational advantages which would have been impossible had he accumulated nothing. Suppose only ninety-nine out of every hundred savers educate their children. What would be the effect on education in a generation, if you could get a hundred young men in Abbeville county, who now save nothing, to begin to save a liberal part of their incomes, and to continue in this course the balance of their lives, and an equal number in proportion to population to do the same thing in every other county in this State? Would not the example of the hundred savers in Abbeville and perhaps three thousand or four thousand in other parts of the State influence hundreds and thousands of recruits every year? Would we not have more schools and better schools, and would not our people be more thoroughly educated—would not the average of character be infinitely higher?

Speakers often deplore a tendency in our State toward materialism inconsistent with the highest and noblest traits. No such speaker asserts that the accumulation of wealth through industry, thrift and integrity has injured any individual or community, but there is a materialism which is degrading. Any man who gains the material things of life through wronging others should be condemned and punished as far as possible. There are many such ways but I shall only refer to a few.

A tradesman who gives short weights or measures in order to get a few cents, or many dollars, which he has not earned—employes who shirk or neglect their work when the employer's back is turned—clerks in stores who pocket the merchant's cigars or any other goods without paying—bankers who vote against the interest of their country in order to attract deposits—lawyers who excite the prejudice of more or less ignorant jurymen in order to get excessive damages from the railroad owned by non-residents of the State.

There is another class of materialists who are far-reaching in their influences against all that is high and noble. I refer to men who dress in purple and fine linen, so to speak, and fare sumptuously every day, yet fail to pay honest debts. Compare the influence of such a man to that of the burglar. The man who fails to pay for the clothes he wears affects the merchant just the same as the thief who breaks through and steals, but his influence is far more injurious to the youth of his community. Young people are in little danger of following the example of the burglar but they very frequently are influenced by the dishonest materialist who passes as a respectable gentleman.

We should have nothing but the tenderest sympathy for the man who through misfortune or poor judgment fails to meet his obligations, but if such a man continues to spend in self-indulgence and applies nothing to the payment of his debts, he need not be surprised if decent, thoughtful people question his honesty.

The more we oppose materialism of the kind described, the more we do for the moral, mental and material upbuilding of our State. Industry and thrift necessary to carry building and loan stock is directly opposed to materialism and commercialism of a degrading nature. Gen. Robt. E. Lee said, in substance, that if the Southern man would acquire that wholesome instinct of saving money, no race would equal us. A distinguished professor of history in Cornell University says, in a well-konwn text book, "With wealth always go civilization and education."

Carlyle says in substance, "no great empire was ever founded, indeed nothing great under the sun was ever accomplished, but it was founded on that humble virtue of thrift."

Numerous other high authorities could be named, but after all a man's own common sense on this, as well as on many other subjects, is more important and more helpful than all the authorities living and dead. In urging the importance of self-restricting thrift, other things are by no means disparaged. Great scientists, teachers, preachers, artists, literary men, are important in the development of any country, but if our people can be induced to seek first to accumulate a modest competency, all other desirable things will be added unto them.

Valeska Suratt's Beauty Secrets. Removing Superfluous Hair

Miss Valeska Suratt

By Miss Valeska Suratt

REMOVING superfluous hair is a problem to many women. On the stage the continued use of a hair remover is necessary. Therefore it should be quickly efficacious and absolutely harmless to the skin. The formula I have perfected I believe solves the problem as nothing else has ever done. That is why it has become so tremendously popular. This formula never irritates, reddens or spots the skin. It dissolves the hair as by magic. Try it and you will be convinced. Hundreds of women could beautify themselves to a remarkable degree if they would remove not only the heavy hairs that appear on the face, but the soft down that is so frequently seen on the arms and face. This down is seen more often on those whose complexion is very light or very dark.

Get one ounce of simple sulfo solution. This you can get at the drug store for one dollar. Apply it with the finger tips to the superfluous hair, keeping the hair moist with it for two or three minutes, until it has been dissolved. Then wipe it off with a damp cloth and wash the skin.

* * *

TAUNTED—You can stop your hair falling in a few days' time. My modesty will not prevent me from saying that I am known as the only woman on the American stage who wears no switches, puffs or other hair makeshifts. All the hair I have is my own. I grew it all through my own efforts. Here is the formula which is doing the same for hundreds of my readers and friends as for me:

Mix half a pint of alcohol with half a pint of water. To this add one ounce of beta quinol. Shake thoroughly and then it will be ready to use. If you prefer, you can use imported bay rum instead of the water and alcohol. The beta-quinol you can get at almost any drug store for not more than fifty cents. This formula should be applied very freely to the scalp after brushing it generously for a few minutes all over. Rub the tonic thoroughly into the scalp with the finger tips.

Secrets Few People Know. Valeska Suratt the Famous Self-Made Beauty Actress Reveals Some of Her Treasured Experiences.

Any head of hair needs a shampoo to keep the scalp free from scurf, and let the roots breathe. Do not use soap. Use eggol, which you can get at any good drug store for twenty-five cents. It has no equal as a shampoo.

* * *

STELLA S.—It is no uncommon thing for a woman to develop her bust several inches in a few weeks' time, naturally and safely, by using the following formula:

In a half pint of cold water, dissolve two ounces ructone, and a half a cup of sugar, all well mixed together. Of this, take two teaspoonfuls three or four times a day in a wine-glass of water, after your meals. The ructone will cost you one dollar at the drug store.

* * *

ERUPTIONS—I do not wonder that ordinary tonics have not driven away your pimples. Here is a very effective, safe blood cleanser:

Dissolve twelve ounces of granulated sugar in one-half pint of water, add one ounce of sarsene, and mix the whole together thoroughly; then add more water to make a pint. Sarsene is a liquid which you can get at the drug store by the ounce. Get it in the original package. Take one or two teaspoonfuls of this mixture three or four times a day, with a little water, if desired.

* * *

MISS S. R. B.—Blackheads should not be pinched out. It injures and spots the skin. To get rid of them permanently, first wash the face with hot water and soap. Then sprinkle some neroxin generously upon a sponge made wet with hot water. Then rub well for a few minutes on the parts of the skin which are affected with blackheads. You should be able to secure the neroxin at any druggist's for fifty cents.

* * *

UGLY—Every spot, every freckle, every blemish on the skin of the face, hands and arms will vanish by using this mixture:

Let half a pint of water come almost to a boil. Add two tablespoonfuls of glycerine. Keep stirring while adding one ounce of zintone, until it is all dissolved. Then let it cool. If the cream is too thick to pour easily from a bottle, thin it down a little with more hot water. The cream will be white and satiny. Hold a wet towel to the face several times for several minutes. Rub this cream on the entire face. Then apply again and let it dry on the face. Repeat this again at night. Any good druggist will let you have zintone for about fifty cents.

* * *

OLD LOOKING—I never have known anything to rejuvenate the skin as splendidly as this. I have seen deep wrinkles leave entirely in a very short time by its use, as well as crows' feet, and sagging of cheeks. It will make you look years younger. Pour half a pint of hot water in a bowl and place the bowl in a pan of water over a slow fire. To this add two ounces of eptol. Stir until it is dissolved and starts to cream. Then remove from the fire, slowly add two tablespoonfuls of glycerine, and continue to stir until it is cold. Eptol may be obtained for no more than fifty cents at any good drug store. This cream should be applied very liberally and thoroughly rubbed into the skin until it has disappeared. The cream will not grow hair on the face. Keep the cream in an air-tight jar or bottle.

BAREFOOT SANDALS

The Popular Footwear for the Summer
For MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

PETERSON & RULFS

"MURA-LIKE"

The only perfect Flat Oil Paint for Interior Use. Sanitary and Durable.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS:

Atlantic Paint and Varnish Works
11 MARKET STREET.

BRICK! BRICK! BRICK!

Capacity, 40,000 Per Day.

We are prepared to take care of any size orders, giving prompt service, best quality and lowest prices. Patronize "Home Industry," and keep your money in Wilmington.

Roger Moore's Sons & Company

CYPRESS SHINGLES

Large Stock. All Grades.
Rubber Roofing—One, Two and Three-Ply.
"If it's Building Material, we have it."

W. B. THORPE & CO.
—PHONE: 789—

Car Load

Old Homestead Pickles Just Received.

Conststing of:—

No. 10 Sweet Mixed
No. 10 Sour Mixed
N. 10 Sour Gherkins
No. 10 Sweet Gherkins
No. 32 Sweet Mixed
Sweet Splits in barrels
Sweet Pickles in barrels, 1400s.
Sour Pickles in barrels, 600s.

VINEGAR IN QUART BOTTLES.

Let us have your orders.

R. A. Wright Co.

To Automobile Contestants

You are running pretty even and there is a good chance for each of you if you will get busy.

Remember the Bunting Drug Co., people are issuing

TRADE BOOKS

Each Trade Book is good for 1,000 Votes.

The coupons in each book are also good for their face value, making 1,500 votes and will be good for a year.

Remember, EVERY CENT spent at Bunting's Drug Store brings votes to the person you favor in the contest, so get busy and save your coupons.

You are not paying one cent more for what you buy at our store than you would have to pay at the cheapest drug store in the country.

Remember, too, when you ask a friend or even an acquaintance to help you out in this contest, you are not asking them to spend one cent more than they would spend if they were not helping you.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.
Front and Grace Streets,
Wilmington, N. C.

FARM WAGONS
SPRING WAGONS
OPEN WAGONS
COVERED WAGONS
LUMBER WAGONS
ONE-HORSE WAGONS
TWO-HORSE WAGONS
FOUR-HORSE WAGONS

City Livery Company
Get Our Prices!
112 No. 2nd St.

"At Last"

Men and Women's rights are equal. Everybody's voting in the Dunlap Pony Contest at Elvington's.

A complete line of Candies, Toilet Articles, Rubber Goods and Sick Room Supplies.

Special attention given Prescriptions by a competent Registered Pharmacist. "One trial will convince you."

ELVINGTON'S PHARMACY
Second and Princess Streets
'Phone 248

ENTRY NO. 9131.

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover.

To the Entry Taker of New Hanover County:

I, T. F. Gray, do hereby lay claim to the following tract of vacant land situate in Masonboro Sound, New Hanover County, State of North Carolina, bounded and described as follows:

Bounded on the South by Martin's Creek and on the East by Dick's Creek, and on the West by Masonboro Bay, and on the North by Sea Beach, commonly known as Mink Island.

Containing two acres, more or less.
This 4th day of June, 1913.
T. F. GRAY.

Entered and filed this 4th day of June, 1913.
JOHN HAAR,
Register of Deeds and Acting Entry Taker for New Hanover County.
je5-31t*

For Sale

We have in stock at the machinery yard, Lingo City, for prompt delivery, 187 pulleys, 400 feet shafting, 21 saw mandrels, 68 collars, 270 boxes, 45 hangers, 10 saws, 1,000 mill files, one edger, two rip saw machines, one lathe machine, one fertilizer mixer, one drag saw, two shingle machines, one jointer, three knife grinders, nine log hauls, 96 gears, 82 sprockets, 200 feet of chain, 16 pumps, 12 engines, 14 boilers, and a complete line of general mill machinery and supplies. We invite you to inspect this before buying.

Machinery Yard,

Wilmington Iron Works

At The Head

OUR delicate toned Sepia Prints have a DISTINCTIVE quality that places our work "at the head." ¶ The mechanical side of photography is almost lost sight of within OUR studio.

FOLTZ & KENDRICK
Photographers
Southern Bldg. 'Phone 731

Pure Breed White Leghorns

To make room for my young birds I am offering my

Two-Yeard-Old Stock at a Big Reduction.

If you need Leghorns, 'phone or write me, I guarantee to please you.

PINE GROVE POULTRY FARM
ADOLPH G. AHRENS, Prop.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Week-End Rates

—TO—
SOUTHPORT and RETURN
—VIA—
W., B. & S. R. R.
$1.00 Round Trip

Tickets on sale Saturday and Sunday, good to return Monday following date of sale.

For further information telephone 23.

H. E. GOODWIN,
Traffic Manager.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY

Office of the Treasurer
Wilmington, N. C., June 28, 1913.

The board of directors of Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company has declared a dividend of three and one-half per cent on the Common Capital Stock of that company, payable at the office of the Treasurer, at Wilmington, North Carolina, on and after July 10th, 1913, to stockholders of record on June 19th, 1913. The transfer books are closed from the 19th day of June, 1913; to the 11th day of July, 1913, both inclusive.

JAMES F. POST,
Treasurer.
jy2 to jy10

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway

SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST.
Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.
Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:00pm	6:40pm	11:05pm
Ar. Louisville	11:00am		7:30pm
Ar. Cincinnati	8:15am	10:00pm	5:00pm
Ar. Chicago	5:00pm	6:45pm	7:10am
Ar. St. Louis	6:28pm	6:28pm	7:45am

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.
Quickest and Best Route.
The line to the Celebrated Mountain Resorts of Virginia.
For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address
W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A.,
C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL MIDY CAPSULES
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

SPECIAL TERM OF COURT.

Notice is hereby given that the Governor of North Carolina has ordered a Special Term of the Superior Court of New Hanover County for the trial of criminal causes, to be presided over by Hon. George Rountree, Judge, to be held at the Court House in Wilmington, on Monday, July 14th, 1913, and to continue two weeks, unless the business of said Court shall be earlier disposed of. All persons and witnesses summoned at the regular or special term and officers and others who may be bound to attend the next regular term of the Court, shall attend the special term.

This the 26th day of June, 1913.
M. S. WILLARD,
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
je27,29;jy6,13-4t